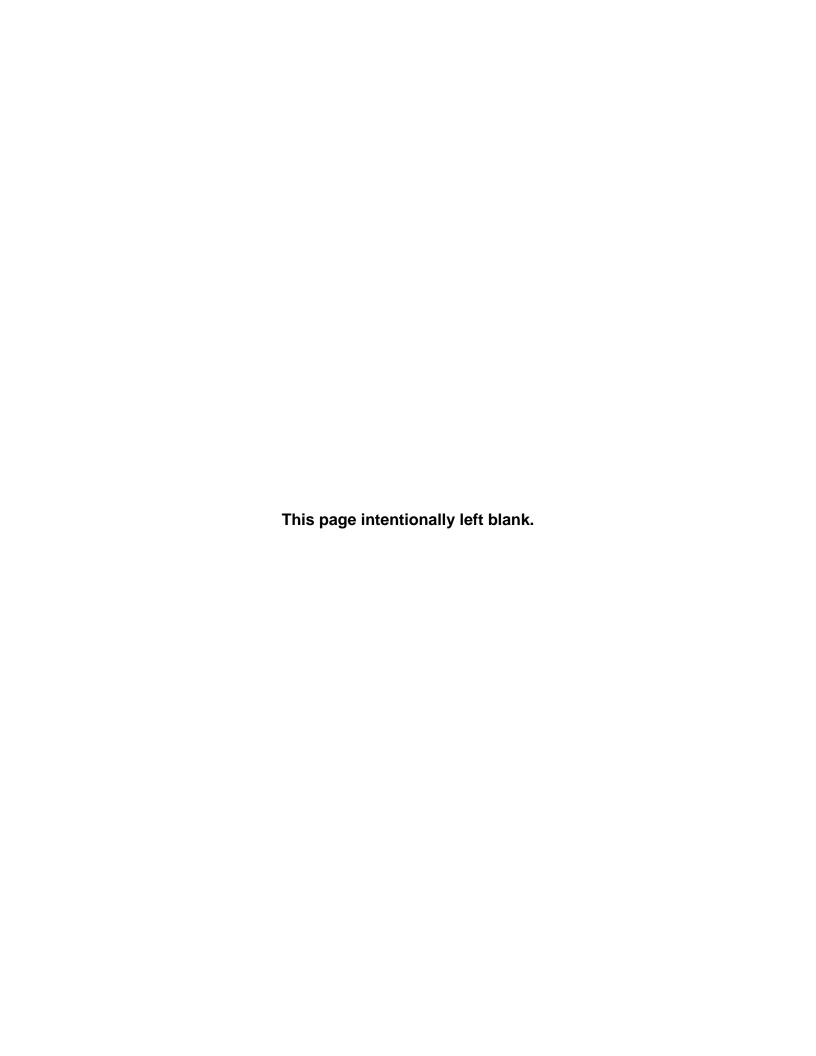




TABLE OF CONTENTS

IIILE	PAGE
Prepared by Management:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	1
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	3
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	5
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	7
Schedule of Findings	11
Prepared by Management:	
Corrective Action Plan	15

Attachment: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution): National School Lunch Program 10.555 1.290,519 School Breakfast Program 10.553 553,080 Non-Cash Assistance Subtotal 10.555 1.3417,855 1.3	FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Total Federal Expenditures
National School Lunch Program 10.555 1.290,519 School Breakfast Program 10.553 553,080 1.843,599 1	Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:		
School Breakfast Program			
Non-Cash Assistance 1,843,599	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· ·
Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program 10.555 13,417,855 5,775,684 10,553 5,775,684 19,193,539 Cash Assistance Subtotal 21,037,138 Total Child Nutrition Cluster 21,037,138 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 21,037,138 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE 21,037,138 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE 21,000 317,198 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 21,000 317,198 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 21,000 317,198 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION 21,000 21,000 21,000 Direct Program Innovative Approaches to Literacy, Full-service Community Schools; and Promise Neighborhoods: Carol M. White Physical Education Program - 2017 24,215F 162,760 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education 21,000 21,000 21,000 21,000 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84,010 7,846,178 26,867,12 21,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.553	
National School Lunch Program	Non-Cash Assistance Subtotal		1,043,399
School Breakfast Program	Cash Assistance:		
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	National School Lunch Program	10.555	13,417,855
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	School Breakfast Program	10.553	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE Direct Program Junior ROTC -2020 12.000 317,198	Cash Assistance Subtotal		19,193,539
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE Direct Program Junior ROTC -2020 12.000 317,198 Total U.S. Department of Defense 317,198 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct Program Innovative Approaches to Literacy, Full-service Community Schools; and Promise Neighborhoods:	Total Child Nutrition Cluster		21,037,138
Direct Program	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		21,037,138
Junior ROTC -2020 12.000 317,198			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Direct Program Innovative Approaches to Literacy, Full-service Community Schools; and Promise Neighborhoods: 84.215F 162,760 Carol M. White Physical Education Program - 2017 84.215F 162,760 Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84.010 7,846,178 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010 5,000 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010 5,000 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010A 33,138,445 Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 43,676,335 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Educatio	•	12.000	317,198
Innovative Approaches to Literacy, Full-service Community Schools; and Promise Neighborhoods: Carol M. White Physical Education Program - 2017	Total U.S. Department of Defense		317,198
Innovative Approaches to Literacy, Full-service Community Schools; and Promise Neighborhoods: Carol M. White Physical Education Program - 2017	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Innovative Approaches to Literacy, Full-service Community Schools; and Promise Neighborhoods: Carol M. White Physical Education Program - 2017			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84.010 7,846,178 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84.010A 2,686,712 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010 5,000 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010A 33,138,445 Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 43,676,335 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506	Innovative Approaches to Literacy, Full-service Community Schools;		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84.010 7,846,178 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84.010A 2,686,712 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010 5,000 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010A 33,138,445 Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 43,676,335 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	Carol M. White Physical Education Program - 2017	84.215F	162,760
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84.010 7,846,178 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84.010A 2,686,712 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010 5,000 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010A 33,138,445 Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 43,676,335 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123			162,760
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84.010 7,846,178 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84.010A 2,686,712 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010 5,000 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010A 33,138,445 Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 43,676,335 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123	Passad Through Ohio Donartment of Education		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2019 84.010A 2,686,712 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010 5,000 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010A 33,138,445 Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 43,676,335 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506		84 010	7 8/6 178
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010 5,000 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010A 33,138,445 Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 43,676,335 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2020 84.010A 33,138,445 Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 43,676,335 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123			
Special Education Cluster: 43,676,335 Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123		84.010A	
Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123			
Special Education Grants to States - 2017 84.027A 72,277 Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123	Special Education Cluster		
Special Education Grants to States - 2019 84.027A 1,636,189 Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123	·	94.0274	70 077
Special Education Grants to States - 2020 84.027A 15,799,285 Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123	0 1151 11 0 11 0 11	0.4.00=4	4 000 400
Total Special Education Grants to States 17,507,751 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 84.173A 87,604 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 84.173A 201,567 Total Special Education Preschool Grants 289,171 Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123			
Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 Total Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster Total Special Education Cluster Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	•	04.02770	
Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020 Total Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster Total Special Education Cluster Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States			
Total Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123	Special Education Preschool Grants - 2019	84.173A	87,604
Total Special Education Cluster 17,796,922 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 84.048A 54,617 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123	Special Education Preschool Grants - 2020	84.173A	201,567
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019 Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,216,506 1,271,123	Total Special Education Preschool Grants		289,171
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123	Total Special Education Cluster		17,796,922
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2020 84.048A 1,216,506 Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123	Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States - 2019	84 N48A	5 <i>1</i> 617
Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States 1,271,123			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		3 1.0-07	
			<u> </u>

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Total Federal Expenditures
II C DEDARTMENT OF EDUCATION (Conditions of)		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (Continued) Passed Through Ohio Department of Education (Continued)		
Education for Homeless Children and Youth - 2019	84.196A	18.601
Education for Homeless Children and Youth - 2020	84.196A	367,951
Total Education for Homeless Children and Youth	0 11 100/1	386,552
School Improvement Grants - 2019	84.377A	468,526
School Improvement Grants - 2020	84.377A	4,810,829
Total School Improvement Grants		5,279,355
Student Support and Academic Enrichment - 2019	84.424A	70,161
Student Support and Academic Enrichment - 2020	84.424A	1,765,246
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment		1,835,407
Special Education - State Personnel Development - 2020	84.323A	21,051
English Language Acquistion State Grants - 2017	84.365B	254
English Language Acquistion State Grants - 2019	84.365B	236,651
English Language Acquistion State Grants - 2020	84.365B	389,051
Total English Language Acquistion State Grants		625,956
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - 2019	84.367A	143,139
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - 2020	84.367A	1,211,324
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants		1,354,463
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy - 2019	84.371C	1,875
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy - 2020	84.371C	39,653
Total Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy		41,528
Temporary Emergency Impact Aid for Displaced Students	84.938C	73,208
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief		
(ESSER) - 2020	84.425D	1,237,824
Total U.S. Department of Education		73,762,484
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES		
Direct Program:		
Cooperative Agreements to Promote Adolescent Health through	00.070	444.700
School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based Surveillance - 2018 School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based Surveillance - 2019	93.079	114,786
Total School-Based HIV/STD Prevention and School-Based Surveillance	93.079	182,490 297,276
	•	291,210
Passed Through the Educational Service Center of Cuyahoga County, Northeast Ohio:		
Refugee and Entrant Assistance Discretionary Grants - 2019	93.566	5,731
Refugee and Entrant Assistance Discretionary Grants - 2020	93.566	62,895
Total Refugee and Entrant Assistance Discretionary Grants		68,626
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		365,902
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$95,482,722

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of The Cleveland Municipal School District (the District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program(s) that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE F - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

NOTE G - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2020 to 2021 programs:

Program Title	CFDA Number	<u>Am</u>	nt. Transferred
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$	8,712,845
Special Education Grants to States	84.027		1,817,981
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A		998,011
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367		806,879
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365		345,769
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173		130,917

CFDA# - Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance



Lausche Building, 12th Floor 615 Superior Avenue, NW Cleveland, Ohio 44113-1801 (216) 787-3665 or (800) 626-2297 NortheastRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Cleveland Municipal School District Cuyahoga County 1111 Superior Avenue E, Suite 1800 Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cleveland Municipal School District, Cuyahoga County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2021, wherein we noted the financial impact of Covid-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a material weakness. We consider finding 2020-001 to be a material weakness.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Cleveland Municipal School District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and / or corrective action plan. We did not subject the District's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 31, 2021



Lausche Building, 12th Floor 615 Superior Avenue, NW Cleveland, Ohio 44113-1801 (216) 787-3665 or (800) 626-2297 NortheastRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Cleveland Municipal School District Cuyahoga County 1111 Superior Avenue E, Suite 1800 Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Cleveland Municipal School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect each of the Cleveland Municipal School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on each of the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Cleveland Municipal School District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable
To Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Cleveland Municipal School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected or corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weakness may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our tests of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cleveland Municipal School District
Cuyahoga County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable
To Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cleveland Municipal School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated March 31, 2021, wherein we noted the financial impact of Covid-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We conducted our audit to opine on the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 31, 2021

This page intentionally left blank.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster: CFDA # 84.027 - Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) CFDA #84.173 - Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) CFDA #84.010 - Title I Grants To Local Educational Agencies CFDA #84.367A - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$2,864,481 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

1. Material Weakness- Financial Reporting

FINDING NUMBER 2020-001

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

In our engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Cod. 1100 paragraph .101 states a governmental accounting system must make it possible both: (a) to present fairly and with full disclosure the funds and activities of the governmental unit in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and (b) to determine and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions.

The following errors occurred within the Hinkle filed financial report and were subsequently corrected in the final revised report by management:

Governmental Activities

- Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the Net Pension Liability were understated by \$5,054,594; Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the Net Pension Liability were overstated by \$47,254,803; and Pension Expense related to the Net Pension Liability was overstated by \$52,309,397.
- Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the Net OPEB Liability/Asset were understated by \$5,256,381; Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the Net OPEB Liability/ Asset were understated by \$7,250,552; and OPEB Expense was understated by \$1,994,171.
- Due Within One Year was overstated by \$34,736,193 and Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year were understated by \$34,736,193.
- Net Investment in Capital Assets was understated by \$4,938,480; Restricted Net Position
 was overstated by \$3,258,154; and Unrestricted Net Position was understated by
 \$45,376,746.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

 Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents was overstated by \$3,222,855 for Classroom Facilities Fund and overstated \$35,298 for Permanent Improvement Fund.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2020 (CONTINUED)

These weaknesses resulted in the financial statements being materially misstated, and the potential for fraud and/or noncompliance with the Ohio Revised Code to go undetected.

We recommend the District establish controls over the review of financial statements and footnotes to ensure the amounts reported on the Hinkle System are accurate and complete.

Official's Response:

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

When preparing the financial statements for retainage, we inadvertently omitted two offsetting rows.
 This omission resulted in a material weakness due to the amount of the omission to the size of the fund. The finance department has noted this error in our internal review process to minimize the risk of omission in future audits.

Governmental Activities

- When preparing the financial statement for Compensation and Compensated Absences, we
 inadvertently flipped the amounts that were due in one year with the amounts due in more than one
 year. The Finance Department has noted this error in our internal review procedures to minimize
 the risk of errors in future audits.
- When preparing the entries for the Pension and OPEB Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources we
 inadvertently did not update the amortization properly. We used the identification of this error as
 an opportunity to build our capacity and deepen our knowledge of the pension liability calculations
 in partnership with the Auditor of State. We captured this additional knowledge and controls to our
 internal review procedures.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

This page intentionally left blank.





Chief Executive Officer

Eric S. Gordon

Board of Education

Anne E. Bingham Board Chair

Robert M. Heard, Sr. *Vice Chair*

Louise P. Dempsey, Esq.
Sara Elaqad, J.D.
Jasmine Fryer
Denise W. Link
Willetta A. Milam, J.D.
Lisa Thomas, Ph.D.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2020

Finding Number: 2020-001

Planned Corrective Action:

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

When preparing the financial statements for retainage, we inadvertently omitted two
offsetting rows. This omission resulted in a material weakness due to the amount of
the omission to the size of the fund. The finance department has noted this error in
our internal review process to minimize the risk of omission in future audits.

Governmental Activities

- When preparing the financial statement for Compensation and Compensated Absences, we inadvertently flipped the amounts that were due in one year with the amounts due in more than one year. The Finance Department has noted this error in our internal review procedures to minimize the risk of errors in future audits.
- When preparing the entries for the Pension and OPEB Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources we inadvertently did not update the amortization properly. We used the identification of this error as an opportunity to build our capacity and deepen our knowledge of the pension liability calculations in partnership with the Auditor of State. We captured this additional knowledge and controls to our internal review procedures.

Anticipated Completion Date: 10/31/2021

Responsible Contact Person: Michael Bowen

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the

Cleveland Municipal School District

For the

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Prepared by

Finance Department

Derek Richey
Chief Financial Officer
Michael Bowen
Executive Director of Accounting
Donte Hayes
Director of Accounting

Introductory Section



Cleveland Municipal School District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

. INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Table of Contents	T1
Letter of Transmittal	T3
Board Members	.T18
Senior Appointed Officials	.T19
Organizational Chart	.T20
I. FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Activities	19
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of	
Governmental Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental	
Funds to the Statement of Activities	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund	
Statement of Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	29
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – SERS –	
Last Seven Fiscal Years	74
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – STRS –	
Last Seven Fiscal Years	
Schedule of the School District's Contributions-Pension-SERS-Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Schedule of the School District's Contributions–Pension–STRS–Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability–SERS– Last Four	
Fiscal Years	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability–STRS–Last Four	
Fiscal Years OPER SERG LATE FINANCIAL	
Schedule of the School District's Contributions –OPEB – SERS – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Schedule of the School District's Contributions –OPEB–STRS – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.	88
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Fund Descriptions	01
Combining Statement of Povenues, Expanditures and Changes in Fund Polances	94
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	00
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	98
Fund Descriptions	102
Combining Statement of Fund Net Position – Internal Service Funds	
Combining Statement of Land 14ct Losition — Infernal Scivice Lands	. 103

	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
	Internal Service Funds	104
	Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	105
	Combining Statements – Fiduciary Funds:	
	Fund Descriptions	106
	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities –	
	All Agency Funds	
	Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance	/Fund
	Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual:	
	Debt Service Fund	
	Permanent Improvement Fund	110
	Classroom Facilities Fund	111
	Educational Special Trust Fund	
	Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund	113
	Partnering Community Schools Fund	114
	Other Local Funds	
	Auxiliary Services (NPSS) Fund	116
	Student Wellness Fund	
	Miscellaneous State Grants Fund	118
	Other State Funds	119
	Food Service Fund	
	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	121
	Title VI-B Special Education Fund	
	Vocational Education Fund	123
	Title I Fund	
	Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A Fund	
	Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund	
	Other Federal Funds	127
	Liability Self-Insurance Fund	
	Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund	129
III	. STATISTICAL SECTION	
	Statistical Section	
	Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Governmental Funds Revenues – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds –	
	Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Collection Years	S16
	Ad Valorem Property Tax Rates – All Direct and Overlapping Governments –	
	Last Ten Collection Years	
	Principal Property Tax Payers – 2019 and 2010	S20
	Property Tax Levies and Collections – Ad Valorem Real and Tangible Personal Property Taxes –	~~1
	Last Ten Fiscal Years	S21
	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Personal Income and Debt per Capita –	~~~
	Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Direct and Overlapping Debt Governmental Activities Debt as of June 30, 2019	
	Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	
	Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Operating Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	
	Teacher Base Salaries – Last Ten Fiscal Years	3 32





Chief Executive Officer
Eric S. Gordon

Board of Education

Anne E. Bingham *Board Chair*

Robert M. Heard, Sr. *Vice Chair*

Louise P. Dempsey, Esq.
Sara Elaqad, J.D.
Jasmine Fryer
Denise W. Link
Willetta A. Milam, J.D.
Lisa Thomas, Ph.D.
Kathleen C. Valdez, Esq.

Ex Officio Members

Alex Johnson, Ph.D. Harlan M. Sands, J.D., MBA

March 31, 2021

Members of the Board of Education and the Citizens of Cleveland, Ohio

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Cleveland Municipal School District (the "School District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This CAFR includes an opinion from the State Auditor and conforms to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental activities. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the School District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the School District. This report will provide the taxpayers of the School District with comprehensive financial data in a format which will enable them to gain an understanding of the School District's financial affairs. Copies will be made available to taxpayers, financial rating services and other interested parties.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

The School District

The Board of Education and Administration

The Board of Education of the School District (the "Board") is a political and corporate body charged with the responsibility of managing and controlling the affairs of the School District, and is governed by the general laws of the State of Ohio (the "Ohio Revised Code"). The Board is comprised of nine members who are appointed by the Mayor of the City of Cleveland.

The Chief Executive Officer leads the School District's academic work following the guidance of the Board and aligned with five State performance standards:

- 1. Vision, Continuous Improvement, and Focus of District Work: Superintendents establish a vision, expect continuous improvement and develop a focused plan for achieving district goals.
- 2. Communication and Collaboration: Superintendents establish processes to communicate and collaborate effectively.
- 3. Policies and Governance: Superintendents work with the Board of Education to identify, prioritize and set policies and governance procedures that maximize the success of all students.
- 4. Superintendents lead the creation of instructional systems designed for high student achievement.
- 5. Superintendents manage and organize the District's resources (human, fiscal, operational and material) to accomplish District goals.

The Chief Executive Officer of the School District has the responsibility for hiring, directing and assigning teachers and other employees, assigning the pupils to the proper schools, grades and performing such other duties as determined by the appointed Board. In May of 2011, the Board with the concurrence of the Mayor appointed Eric Gordon as the School District's Chief Executive Officer with a one-year contract effective July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012. Mr. Gordon's second contract was renewed and expired after three years on June 30, 2015. His third contract was renewed and expired after four years on June 30, 2019. He was unanimously appointed to a fourth contract running through June 30 2023. Prior to being named the Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Gordon served as the School District's Chief Academic Officer since 2007.

The Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer is the chief fiscal officer of the Board and the School District. Under the current administrative structure, the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer reports to the Chief Executive Officer. On August 1, 2017 the School District formally announced the appointment of Derek Richey as the Chief Financial and Administrative Officer effective August 1, 2017. Derek Richey was the former Executive Director of Budgets and Grants for the School District, and previously served as the Director of Strategic Resource Use for the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools.

The School District and its Facilities

Of the School District's area of approximately 82 square miles, 81.44 square miles (or 99.32 percent) are in the City of Cleveland. The balance of the School District's area is located in and serves the entire area of the Villages of Newburgh Heights, Linndale and Bratenahl and a small portion of the City of Garfield Heights. The School District is located entirely within Cuyahoga County, and, with the exception of a portion of the City of Cleveland located in the Shaker Heights City School District, its boundaries are generally coterminous with the corporate boundaries of the City of Cleveland.

The School District provides approximately 400,000 Cleveland residents an efficient educational system for the children enrolled in the public schools, whereby each child has access to programs and services that are appropriate to his or her needs. In addition to regular educational programs, the School District offers comprehensive vocational education, special education and bilingual education programs. The School District's specialty schools provide advanced educational programs in fine arts, computer science, healthcare professions, law and municipal professions, business, and technical trades.

In fiscal year 2020, the School District was funded for 34,224 K-12 students according to the state foundation payment system (compared to 37,701 the previous year) in 66 K-8 schools, and 38 senior high schools. In addition, classes were provided in four residential school programs. The School District also operated a variety of specialized educational facilities (consisting of gardens, athletic fields, a sheltered workshop and a greenhouse), eight administration facilities (including a central kitchen and two leased

sites) and two transportation depots. Recent trend data indicates that the District has slowed the loss of students and district planning projections flat enrollment for 2021.

The School District has completed its seventeenth year of a massive school facility construction/renovation project, which is described in more detail in the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* section. The project commenced in 2001 to address the condition and age of the existing classroom facilities (which ranged from 25 to 113 years old).

Charter/Community Schools

Beginning in fiscal year 1999, State of Ohio legislation allowed for the creation of charter/community schools. By law the School District receives State Foundation Aid for students attending charter/community schools that are residents of the School District on a per pupil basis. That aid, which includes an imputed local match, is paid out to the charter/community schools for their operations. The number of students attending charter/community schools was 15,306 for fiscal 2020 (compared to 15,222 the previous year), resulting in the payment, from the School District of state aid, of \$125.3 million.

Employee Relations

As of June 30, 2020, the School District had 5,187 full and part-time employees (compared to 5,954 the previous year). The School District paid \$403.5 million in salaries and wages and \$160.4 million for fringe benefits such as employer retirement contributions, health care, life insurance, and certain other benefits.

The School District's certificated administrators and supervisors (such as principals, assistant principals and many central office staff) are not members of any bargaining unit but are represented by the Cleveland Council Administrators and Supervisors; however, many of these individuals are employees on an at-will basis. Teachers and educational specialists, including aides, are represented by the Cleveland Teachers Union ("CTU").

In May 2019, the School District entered into a contract with CTU for a one-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2020. This contract provides for 1% wage increase effective January 1, 2020. Beginning in January 2018, CTU members, who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. CTU members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. The parties are currently in negotiations for a successor agreement. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive. The School District is currently in negotiations with the union for the current school year.

Classified employees (secretarial-clerical, custodial, maintenance, transportation and cafeteria staff) of the School District are represented for collective bargaining purposes by different unions, including:

• The International Brotherhood of Teamsters Local 407 (school bus drivers and bus attendants), have entered into a one-year contract with the District for the period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 with a wage increase of 1% effective January 1, 2020. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for

- family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive. The School District is currently in negotiations with the union for the current school year;
- The City, County, and State Truck Drivers Union Local 244 (truck drivers), now represented by Teamsters Local 436, have entered into a one-year contract with the District for the period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 with a wage increase of 1% effective January 1, 2020. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive. The School District is currently in negotiations with the union for the current school year;
- The National Conference of Fireman and Oilers Local 860 (assistant custodians, laborers, and mechanics), are still in contract negotiations with the District. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive. The School District is currently in negotiations with the union for the current school year;
- The International Brotherhood of Teamsters Local 436 no longer represents the District's security officers, who are now represented by the Ohio Patrolmen's Benevolent Association (OPBA) and are still in contract negotiations with the District. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive. The School District is currently in negotiations with the union for the current school year;
- The Service Employees International Union Local 1199 (clerical, food service and cleaning staff), have entered into a one-year contract with the District for the period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 with wage a increase of 1% effective January 1, 2020. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive. Beginning in January 2018, union members who earn \$27,040 or less, on an annualized basis, will pay 65% of the monthly contribution paid by District 1199 members, who earn more than \$27,040 on an annualized basis. For those employees whose annualized wage are \$27,040 or less, employee contribution shall be 6.5% of monthly healthcare premium costs capped at \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. If at any time the employee's annualized wages exceed \$23,000, the employees contribution shall be increased to 10% effective the first month after the annualized wages exceed. The School District is currently in negotiations with the union for the current school year:

- The Cleveland Building Trades Council (trades people) and the carpenters union, have entered in to an one-year contract with the District for the period July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020 with a wage increase of 1% effective January 1, 2020. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive. The School District is currently in negotiations with the union for the current school year; and
- The National Conference of Fireman and Oilers Local 777 (custodians), are still in contract negotiations with the District. Beginning in January 2018, union members who participate in the wellness incentive will also pay monthly healthcare premium costs of \$75 for individual and \$170 for family coverage. Members who do not participate in the wellness incentive will pay 10% of the COBRA cost of the health insurance plan capped at \$100 for single coverage and \$220 for family coverage. Members will also have the option to participate in the UH Choice option with monthly contributions of \$35 for single coverage and \$100 for family coverage for those participating in the wellness incentive and \$50 for single coverage and \$120 for family coverage for those who do not participate in the wellness incentive. The School District is currently in negotiations with the union for the current school year.

The Reporting Entity

The School District has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to ensure conformance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus; an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units." The basic financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the School District is financially accountable.

Excluded from the reporting entity because they are fiscally independent of the School District are the City of Cleveland and the Cleveland Public Library. The City of Cleveland and the Cleveland Public Library are related organizations whose relationships to the School District are described in Note 20 to the basic financial statements. The School District also participates in the Ohio Schools Council, which is a jointly governed organization. In 2001, the School District created the Bond Accountability Commission ("BAC"), which is also a jointly governed organization. These relationships are described in Note 21 to the basic financial statements.

The School District is an independent municipal school district and is not a component unit of another government. A complete discussion of the School District's reporting entity is provided in Note 1 to the basic financial statements.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The School District's primary sources of revenues are from the State of Ohio through the State Foundation program and through the levying of property taxes on real property located within the School District. These two sources combined represent approximately 97 percent of the School District's fiscal year 2020 budget basis General Fund operating revenues. The following discussion provides additional information pertaining to these revenue sources.

Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions generally occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility located in the

School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year were levied April 1 and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years.

A table showing the assessed valuation of property in the School District, subject to ad valorem taxes by the Board for the most recent ten years, is presented in the statistical section.

Fiscal year 2020 property taxes are currently estimated by the Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer based on a current collection rate of 88.3%, which was the same with for the previous year. The forecast through 2025 assumes a current collection rate of 88.3%. The Ohio Revised Code and Ohio Administrative Code mandate Cuyahoga County to conduct a re-appraisal every six years, an update every three years and annual valuation of improvements based upon building permits received from each city annually. In fiscal year 2019, the most recent re-appraisal valuations, the District saw an 11% increase for both residential and commercial properties. The next re-appraisal is scheduled for the year 2021.

State law grants tax relief to property owners (property tax rollbacks) in the form of a 10% reduction in real property tax bills. In addition, a 2.5% rollback is granted for owner occupied homesteads (total of 12.5%). The State reimburses the School District for the loss of real property taxes as a result of the rollback provisions. HB 66 eliminated the 10% rollback on commercial property; hence the School District will no longer receive a State reimbursement for those dollars, as it will receive those payments directly from commercial property owners. The new law states that the ten percent and two and one-half percent rollbacks will no longer apply to new levies that are enacted after August 31, 2013.

House Bill 66 phases out the tax on the tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property was eliminated in 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property was eliminated in 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. HB 66 makes provision to replace revenue lost due to the phase out of the tangible personal property tax. Businesses are now subject to a commercial activity tax (CAT) that will provide some replacement income to school districts for the lost tangible property revenues.

Ohio law grants tax credits to offset increases in taxes resulting from increases in the true value of real property. Legislation implementing a 1980 constitutional amendment classifies real property between (1) residential and agricultural and (2) all other real property, and provides for tax reduction factors to be separately computed for and applied to each class. These credits apply to certain voted levies on real property, and do not apply to unvoted tax levies or voted tax levies to pay debt service on general obligation debt.

Additionally, in 1976 the General Assembly passed House Bill 920. This law provides that real property owners receive tax credits equal to any tax increase caused by an increase in value of all real property in taxing districts as a result of reappraisal, update or readjustment. This does not apply to inside non-voted millage, tangible property or new construction. In effect, H.B. 920 removes inflationary revenue growth from the applicable real property by requiring an adjustment to the voted millage rate, thereby resulting in a lower effective millage rate.

Property tax levies and collections for the last ten years are shown in comparative format in the statistical section.

School Foundation

The State's School Foundation Program is another major source of revenue for the School District's General Fund. The State assists public school districts under a statutory program, which includes direct payments

to districts based upon a statutory formula. Such payments are made through the School Foundation Program established by the Ohio Revised Code. School Foundation Program funds distributed to a School District are required to be used for current operating expenses, unless specifically allocated by the State for some other purpose.

As before, foundation payments are calculated twice a month and for each payment a foundation letter is generated, that specifically references that payment and provides detailed information on the formula funding calculation, as well as the distribution of various other funds and transfers by which the foundation calculation is adjusted. In addition to the School Finance Payment Report (SFPR), which contains the foundation calculation details, a Statement of Settlement report is also provided, as before, that summarizes the payment information to school districts based on the SFPR calculation and adjustments as well as additional adjustments and transfers from outside of the foundation formula that are relevant to each payment.

The SFPR is a comprehensive document designed to walk the user through every step of the funding calculation with relative ease by referencing the data and the funding formula provided.

Foundation Funding Components that make up the foundation formula are:

- A. Opportunity Grant
- B. Targeted Assistance
- C. K-3 Literacy Funding
- D. Economic Disadvantaged Funding
- E. Limited English Proficiency Funding
- F. Gifted Education Funding
- G. Transportation Funding
- H. Special Education Additional Funding
- I. Career Tech Educational Funding
- J. Capacity Aid
- K. Graduation Bonus
- L. Third Grade Reading Bonus

For FY 2020 and 2021, the State froze all districts funding at their FY 2019 level. Additionally the State did add two additional funding components for FY 2020 and 2021 around Student Wellness and Success Funding and Enrollment Growth Supplement Funding.

There can be no assurance concerning future funding levels for or the details of State funding for school districts. As has been the case in the past, funding can also been subject to adjustment during a biennium. As indicated above, the General Assembly has the power to amend the system of State school funding. The School District cannot predict whether, when or in what form any future system of State school funding will be enacted into law.

Local Economy

The City of Cleveland is located on the southern shores of Lake Erie, and is the county seat of Cuyahoga County. The City is included in the Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), comprised of Cuyahoga, Lake, Lorain, Geauga, and Medina counties. This MSA is the 28th largest of 366 Metropolitan Area in the United States, and the largest Metropolitan Area in the State of Ohio. Founded in 1796, Cleveland quickly established economic strengths in heavy industry, including oil, iron and steel, and combined with its favorable location on major shipping channels soon emerged as the dominant manufacturing and business center of Northeast Ohio. While the City's economy has shifted more toward health care and financial services, its manufacturing base has assumed a smaller, yet still vital role. Competitive pressures in manufacturing have limited job creation, but the competitive position of Cleveland-based industrial companies has improved.

Cleveland's economic condition draws strength and stability from its evolving role as a focal point of a growing, changing and substantial regional economy. The City is located at the center of one of the nation's heaviest population concentrations. The Cleveland Metropolitan Area is a significant local market, housing 2.1 million people. Cleveland also provides superior links to the global markets. The Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Authority handles the largest amount of overseas cargo on Lake Erie and includes a Foreign Trade Zone. The City is also well-served with extensive highways, and the Cleveland Hopkins International Airport which is serviced by all major airlines. The re-emergence of downtown Cleveland as a vibrant center for national and regional entertainment and major cultural activities signals a turning point in the City's overall fortunes and is paving the way for further economic expansion that will be significantly more entrepreneurial in scope.

Downtown and Other Economic Development

- In the fall of 2014, ODOT commenced construction on its Opportunity Corridor Project, a three-mile, approximately \$331 million road project that is designed to improve the transportation system and support planned economic development within the City in the areas between I-490/I-77 and University Circle. The Opportunity Corridor encompasses nearly 1,000 acres on the City's southeast side and is anchored by University Circle and the Cleveland Clinic. In addition to transportation benefits, it is "the community". The Opportunity Corridor Project supports an economic development plan of the City and Greater Cleveland Partnership for the area through enhanced mobility, direct access to freeways and the University Circle area, new frontage for potential development, improved visibility and improved multi-modal access. The Opportunity Corridor Project is being funded in part by bonds issued by the Ohio Turnpike and Infrastructure Commission. The Opportunity Corridor Project is divided into three stages: the first stage was completed in 2017; the second stage opened in November 2018; and the third stage commenced major construction in May 2019 with the closure of I-490 for two years. The targeted completion is in 2021. The City is in the early planning stages of the construction of a new police headquarters in this Opportunity Corridor.
- One of the central focus areas is the Health Tech Corridor, a three-block transit-oriented development running from Cleveland State University to University Circle, encompassing 1,600 acres. The Health Tech Corridor includes three colleges and universities and three major hospitals. In 2014, RTA completed a new transit station in University Circle on Cedar Avenue and completed construction of a new transit station on Mayfield Road in August 2015. These stations complement RTA's Health Line transportation system by connecting it to the City's second "downtown." The Health Line was key in the retention of Dealer Tire in the City's Midtown area. Dealer Tire recently opened their new Headquarters at the Victory Center, keeping their 450 employees in the City. They intend to add over 100 jobs in the next three years. The area also continues to provide a location for incubated health technology companies like Abeona, which has announced its intention to build a private gene manufacturing facility (one of 10 in the United States) in the Health Tech Corridor in 2018 with a second 20,000 square foot facility under construction at the same site. IBM Watson Health opened a new headquarters in the City at the intersection of the East 105th street and Cedar Avenue, along the Opportunity Corridor.
- Investment in the City's educational institutions continues. Cleveland State University opened Washkewicz Hall, its new \$60 million engineering building in December 2017. Cuyahoga Community College has undertaken a major construction and renovation project across all four of its campuses. This includes a \$10 million addition and renovation of its Advanced Technology and Training Center at the Metropolitan Campus downtown. This downtown project broke ground in June 2018 and opened in October of 2019.
- Hemingway Development and University Hospitals purchased a ten-acre brownfield site that the City assembled and cleaned up. University Hospitals is developing another Health Technology Campus to be anchored by University Hospital's 40,000 square foot Rainbow Center for Women and Children, which opened in June 2018. Hemingway is no leasing Link 59, its 60,000 square

foot speculative tech center. Dave's Supermarkets opened a new flagship 60,000 square foot grocery store on an adjacent site in February 2019. This provides major retail amenity to the Corridor, as well as the surrounding neighborhoods. A new Hilton Tru hotel opened in the area in 2019.

- In 2013, the Cleveland Clinic demolished a block of buildings across from its campus to make way for a new medical school in partnership with Case Western Reserve University. Originally planned as a 165,000 square foot medical education building, the project has now been expanded to become a Health Education Campus of in excess of 485,000 square feet and a cost over \$515 million. The project broke ground on October 1, 2015. The Cleveland Clinic opened its \$276 million 377,000 square foot Taussig Cancer Center in March of 2017. The Clinic is converting the former Cancer Center building into the 120,000-square-foot new home of the Cleveland Clinic Children's outpatient facility. The \$28 million renovated facility opened in September 2018.
- In 2014, MetroHealth Medical Center announced its campus transformation project. As part of the multi-year project, MetroHealth opened its \$86 million Critical Care Pavilion in 2016. A 1,500-space parking garage opened in November 2018, with demolition of the old garage completed over the winter. Construction of a new 11-story 270-room hospital began in April 2019 and is scheduled to be completed in 2022. The total cost for all phases of the campus transformation is anticipated to be approximately \$1 billion.
- The County's \$465 million Convention Center and Global Center for Health Innovation project in the City's downtown was completed in 2013. The project included an integrated facility for (i) exhibition space and showrooms for medical devices and equipment and related functions (the Global Center for Health Innovation) and (ii) exhibition, tradeshow and conference facilities, meeting rooms and related functions. Plug and Play, a Silicon Valley-based startup accelerator, has partnered with the Cleveland Clinic and Jumpstart to launch healthcare startups. The companies are housed in 10,000 square feet of the Global Center for Health Innovation, where Plug and Play has made a three-year commitment to provide mentorship to high-tech startups.
- In 2019, Sherwin Williams Company announced plans to build a new 1 million square foot headquarters downtown and a second research and development facility in the suburbs, replacing its dated existing facility. The headquarters will keep over 3,100 employees in downtown and employment is expected to grow by 400 in the next decade. The projects are both in the early planning stages, with the official groundbreaking tentatively scheduled for the Spring of 2021. Construction is expected to be completed by 2023.
- The \$275 million Cleveland Flats East Development Project Phase I was completed in 2013. This project consisted of an approximately 476,000 square foot, 18-story office tower, an approximate 550-space parking garage, a 150-room Aloft hotel, and approximately 31,000 square feet of restaurant and retail space. The \$146 million Phase II included 243 apartments and 80,000 square feet of ground floor restaurant and retail space, as well as 48,000 square feet of entertainment space. A 1,200 linear foot river walk has been completed and provides access to the riverfront. The Phase II grand opening was held in October 2015. The Metroparks has opened a seasonal water taxi service that connects both sides of the river with future plans to connect in the future to a lakefront beach Wendy Park, furthering the tourist draws to this area.
- The Ohio City neighborhood continues to grow and be a destination for residents and tourists. The neighborhood includes the City-owned West Side Market, the oldest continually operating market in the country, which recently celebrated its 100th anniversary. The West 25th Street Lofts Project created 83 loft style apartments and some rooftop penthouse units, as well as 9,100 square feet of commercial space. The last of the apartments were completed in December 2016. Total project cost was over \$60 million. The area has seen more than \$15 million in new investment to redevelop over 198,000 square feet of vacant or underutilized mixed use space, including historic renovations

and some new construction. The Snavely Group's \$60 million mixed use, mixed income development opened in 2018 and is currently leasing apartments. The success of the Ohio City investments has led to development moving along the retail corridor on Lorain Avenue, with investors buying buildings from West 25th Street to West 50th street with a variety of retail and commercial projects that include microbreweries, a home brewing supplier, an organic grocery store, restaurants and a shuffle board club. Harbor Bay Investments, a Chicago-based developer, has demolished the outdated shopping center across from the West Side Market. The new building will be home to nearly 300 apartments, 40,000 square feet of retail space and also offer underground parking and a green space, with an expected completion by the winter of 2021 or 2022. Many of the buildings are renovating long vacant apartments over the first floor retail space as the Ohio City housing market continues to draw new residents from all income levels looking to be in this walkable, transit-oriented community. MetroHealth recently opened a \$10 million 32,000-square foot facility providing outpatient and express care services to the area. MetroHealth also recently announced plans to construct a dental clinic on another site located in Ohio City. INTRO, a \$125+ million mixed-use project in Cleveland's Ohio City neighborhood, across from the historic West Side Market, broke ground earlier this year. The project will provide almost 300 apartments as well as retail space to major intersection in the City. The project will be constructed using an innovative mass timber design and will be one of the tallest buildings of that type in the United States.

• The City's Division of Animal Care and Control opened its new \$7.3 million kennel in March 2019. The new 20,000 square foot has three wings – animal care and control, clinic and classroom, and adoption – and was designed to incorporate current best practices for kennels. There is an on-site veterinarian clinic, play and visitation areas, and two new animal transport vehicles plus an additional veterinarian, an animal control supervisor, a full-time animal control officer, and five full-time animal care workers.

Major Initiatives

The Cleveland Plan (H.B. 525)

Eight years ago, in July 2012, Governor John Kasich signed House Bill 525, also known as "The Cleveland Plan," into law. Cleveland Mayor Frank Jackson, Governor Kasich, the General Assembly, the Cleveland Teacher's Union and the Cleveland business community collaborated to create a plan for the School District to improve standards, reward, retain, and recruit high-quality educators, and increase school autonomy and accountability.

The goal of this plan is to ensure that every child in Cleveland attends a high-quality school and that every neighborhood has a multitude of great schools from which families can choose. To reach this goal, Cleveland must transition from a traditional, single-course school district to a new system of district and charter schools that are held to the highest standards and work in partnership to create dramatic student achievement gains for every child. The plan is built upon growing the number of excellent schools in Cleveland, regardless of provider, and giving these schools autonomy over staff and budgets in exchange for high accountability for performance. It aims to create an environment that empowers and values principals and teachers as professionals and makes certain that our students are held to the highest expectations.

This plan is driven by a fierce sense of urgency. The intensity of global competition demands that students in Cleveland build the knowledge, skills and attributes that position them to be successful and competitive in the 21st Century global economy. The future must include many different kinds of schools that give children and their parents choices from an array of innovative options. Fundamentally, schools in Cleveland must break the one-size-fits-all premise of today's education system.

This plan recognizes that public education in Cleveland is at a crossroads. Recent reform efforts undertaken by the District and its partners have generated positive results for some students. The number of high-performing district and charter schools in Cleveland has grown from 14 in 2006 to 37 in 2011, enrolling more than 11,400 students. And the District now offers a more diverse set of options for students and families than ever before, including 13 new schools opened since 2006. However, the pace of change is not fast enough, nor deep enough to overcome the challenges facing the District. We have no other option but to reinvent our school system, as unacceptable academic performance, declining enrollment and an untenable financial situation threaten the very existence of public education in the city.

Cleveland's Plan for Transforming Schools is grounded in an emerging national approach known as the "Portfolio Strategy," which is showing promising results in cities such as Baltimore, Denver and New York. It has four major components:

Grow the number of High-Performing District and Charter Schools in Cleveland: The principal focus of this work is to significantly increase the number of high-performing schools while reducing and eventually eliminating low-performing schools. To do this, the District will employ four distinct strategies. (1) Promote, expand and replicate existing high-performing District and charter schools. Great schools, measured by a consistent standard of quality, will have full autonomy over school budgets, staff selection and assignment, academic and student support programs, school calendar and school schedules in exchange for high accountability standards and access to financial and other resources. (2) Start new schools. Cleveland will attract the best national education models to our city, invent our own schools that are unique to Cleveland and encourage local community partners and Cleveland teachers to co-create new and innovative school models. (3) Refocus and strengthen mid-performing schools. For those schools that meet minimum state standards and have some critical academic and social conditions in place, the District will employ precise, customized and differentiated interventions and investments and grant some levels of autonomy. (4) Repurpose and address low-performing schools. The lowest performing schools will be targeted for immediate and dramatic action, including closure and reassignment of students to better schools, closure and start-up of a new school, phase in of a new program and phase out of the old, or turning the school over to a capable charter operator.

Focus District's Central Office on key roles and Transfer Authority and Resources to Schools: Organizational roles and relationships will change in three fundamental ways. The primary focus of central office will be to oversee the portfolio of schools to ensure continuous improvement, provide system coordination for essential functions (enrollment, data systems, etc.) and provide some targeted services directly to schools. Secondly, schools will be given varying levels of autonomy based on their level of performance and will be accountable for delivering an excellent education. All schools will have to abide by certain state and federal requirements, such as state testing and serving students with disabilities and English language learners, among others. Finally, the District will shift to weighted per-pupil funding system for all schools and transfer a majority of spending control to schools based on the number and needs of the students they enroll. This will include the transfer of some locally generated tax revenues to high-performing charter schools, that are sponsored by or have agreements with the District.

Invest and Phase in High-Levering System reforms across all schools: Beyond investments in this new, performance-based system of schools, Cleveland will invest in several fundamental building blocks upon which this plan must be built: high-quality preschool education, college and workforce readiness, year-round calendar, talent recruitment and capacity building, academic technology enhancement and support for high-quality charter schools.

Create the Cleveland Transformation Alliance to ensure accountability for all public schools: The Cleveland Transformation Alliance, a public-private partnership with representatives from the District, the charter sector and the community, will be charged with ensuring the growth of the portfolio of high-performing District and charter schools in Cleveland. It will assume the following unique roles: ensure fidelity to the citywide education plan, assess the quality of all Cleveland schools, communicate to parents about quality school choices and serve as a watchdog for charter sector growth in Cleveland.

Cleveland's plan requires the right policy conditions including necessary changes in state policy, a fresh start in labor-management agreements and relationships and a financial sustainability plan. The long-term survival of the District is dependent upon the interwoven elements outlined in this plan.

The Seven Components of the Portfolio Strategy as Envisioned in *The Cleveland Plan:*

The Portfolio strategy is a performance management model for districts that aim to create dramatic student achievement gains at scale. It centers on creating more high-quality schools regardless of provider, giving schools autonomy over staff and funding, and holding all schools accountable for performance. The Portfolio Strategy is built on 7 key components:

- Good options and choices for all families
- School Autonomy
- Pupil-Based Funding for all schools
- Talent seeking strategy
- Sources of support for schools
- Performance-based accountability for schools
- Extensive public engagement

Say Yes to Education

In January 2019, Cleveland officially became the fourth Say Yes to Education community-wide chapter in the nation. The goals of the Say Yes Cleveland program is to increase education levels of Cleveland residents; boost and retain population in the city of Cleveland; improve college access for middle- and low-income families in Cleveland; and spur economic growth and expansion in the region. A key differentiator of the Say Yes communitywide strategy— and a reason Cleveland pursued the opportunity— is that it's not just a scholarship program. Its framework calls for all entities serving the community's children to share their data to better address students' individual needs and connect them to additional support services, academic and non-academic, from pre-K through postsecondary graduation. Some of the highlights of the program are:

- Over the next 25 years, eligible students living in Cleveland and attending District schools or
 partnering charter high school will have the opportunity to receive last dollar scholarships toward
 tuition for postsecondary education. The Say Yes scholarships will cover all remaining cost of
 tuition costs once federal and state aid is used. The scholarship program began with high school
 graduating class of 2019.
- Students can attend all state colleges and 116 private schools that have joined the Say Yes Compact. These include Ivy League universities and several Ohio schools, including Ashland, Baldwin-Wallace, Case-Western, Denison, Dayton, John Carroll, Kenyon, Notre Dame College, Oberlin, Ohio Northern, Ohio Wesleyan and Wooster.
- Aided by \$15 million in seed money from Say Yes to Education, the District will accelerate the rollout of critical core services to all district schools over the next four years, beginning with the 2019-2020 school year.
- Six local entities have agreed to work collaboratively with each other and with Say Yes to Education to provide support services to students: City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, The District, Cleveland Council of Administrators and Supervisors, Cleveland Teachers Union, and Cleveland Public Library.

COVID-19 Pandemic

In the Spring of 2020, all Ohio schools were closed for in person learning for the remainder of the school year. While the virus was not eradicated, the School District began it 2020-2021 school year in a remote learning environment. The Coronavirus also put on full display of the glaring inequities that scholars, families and our educators have faced for decades around inadequate access to food, affordable childcare, access to technology and reliable high-speed Internet. To combat these inequities, the District was required to purchase several personal devices and hot-spots to loan out to our scholars to use in a remote learning environment. Additionally the District food Service department has been running meal sites at each of the schools where families can pick up meals on daily or weekly basis.

While the exact impact on the School Districts resources in currently unquantifiable, the Pandemic could impact the School Districts collection of property taxes and state revenue. During the 2019-2020, the School District's state funding was reduced by \$5.3M. The School District has been actively monitoring its revenue collections and some of the steps the District has taken is suspension of hiring, expect for specific critical positions and limited non-payroll spend to only emergency and critical items.

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act), approved by the United States Congress and signed by the President on March 27, 2020, was supplemented to provide financial relief for municipal governments. The School District has been allocated about \$32.4 million to offset the costs associated with the pandemic.

Cleveland Plan Progress

Following implementation of *The Cleveland Plan*, the School District in the 2019-2020 school year, achieved the following benchmarks:

- Expanded Quality Preschool: adding 2,046 seats over four years to a grand total of 4,903 seats.
- *K-3 Literacy Improvement:* up 4.4% since measure was created in 2014.
- *Third Grade Reading Guarantee:* 85.3% of students were promoted to 4th grade this year, an increase of 1.4% from the previous year
- *Increased Graduation Rate:* Graduation Rates have increased 28.9% since the 2010-2011 school year. In 2019-2020 the graduation rate was 80.1.%. This represents the fourth fastest growing rate in Ohio since 2011 and the fastest growing rate among state's large urban districts.
- *CMSD Postsecondary Enrollment Rates:* After the launch of Say Yes scholarships, CMSD graduates' postsecondary enrollment increased for the first time in five years.
- Active Parent Engagement: 90.8% of the District's parents met with their children's teachers last year. This has grown 4% from 2018.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The Board of Education has assigned responsibility for annual and long-term financial planning to the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer. The policies require that the first objective of financial management planning is to provide for the education of the School District's children. We are expected to use the best available techniques for budget development and management, as well as to engage in strategic, long-term financial planning which attempts to forecast the need for future educational and capital expenditures.

The School District prepares a Five Year Forecast along with assumptions prior to November 30th of each fiscal year and updates this forecast between April 1 and May 31st of each fiscal year.

Relevant Financial Policies

At the beginning of each fiscal year, the School District adopts either a temporary or permanent appropriation measure for that fiscal year. If a temporary appropriation measure is first adopted, the permanent

appropriation measure must be adopted upon receipt from the County Fiscal Officer of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates, which is usually within the first three months of the fiscal year.

Annual appropriations may not exceed the County Budget Commission's official estimate of resources. The County Fiscal Officer must certify that the School District's appropriation measures, including any supplements or amendments, do not exceed the amount set forth in the latest of those official estimates.

All disbursements and transfers of cash between funds require appropriation authority. Budgets are controlled at the fund level. All purchase order requests must be approved by the appropriate levels of authority and certified by the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer; necessary funds are then encumbered and purchase orders are released to vendors.

The accounting system used by the School District provides interim financial reports which detail year-to-date expenditures and encumbrances versus the original appropriation plus any additional appropriations made to date.

Each administrator and school principal is furnished monthly reports showing the status of the budget accounts for which they are responsible. In addition, an on-line inquiry system is available for each cost center site.

The School District pursues an aggressive cash management program by expediting the receipt of revenues and prudently investing and depositing available cash in obligations collateralized by instruments issued by the United States Government, governmental agencies, corporations or the State of Ohio or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and/or the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the federal deposit insurance corporation and/or by qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial intuitions may establish a collateral pool to cover all public deposits. The market value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and other designated third-party trustees of the financial institutions. Also, the District participates in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

Internal Controls

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the School District are protected from loss, theft or misuse. The internal control structure ensures that accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal, state, and county financial assistance, the School District is also responsible for maintaining a rigorous internal control structure that ensures full compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management, external auditors and the internal audit staff of the School District. The School District is required to undergo an annual audit in conformity with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance Title II Subtitle A Chapter 2 Part 200, Section 501. The information related to the Single Audit, including the schedule of federal awards expenditures, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in a separate report.

Acknowledgments

The publication of this report signifies a professionalizing of the School District's financial reporting. It enhances the School District's accountability to the residents of the School District.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the assistance and support of the staff of the Financial Reporting's Division of the Finance Department.

Finally, we would like to acknowledge members of the Board who have expressed their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the School District.

Respectfully submitted,

Derek Richey

Chief Financial Officer

Board Members Appointed by Mayor of City of Cleveland

Name	Began Service as a Board Member	Present Term Expires June 30
Anne E. Bingham, Board Chair	2014	2021
Robert M. Heard, Vice Chair	2004	2021
Louise P. Dempsey, Esq.	1998	2023
Sara Elaqad, J.D.	2019	2023
Jasmine Fryer	2017	2023
Denise Link	2007	2023
Willetta A. Milam	2003	2021
Lisa Thomas, Ph.D.	2011	2021
Kathleen C. Valdez, Esq.	2019	2023

Harlan Sands, JD, MBA. ex-officio

Alex Johnson, Ph.D. ex-officio

Senior Appointed Officials

Eric Gordon Chief Executive Officer Trent Mosley Chief Engagement Officer Derek Richey Chief Financial Officer Curtis Timmons Chief Information Officer Patrick Zohn Chief Operating Officer Christine Fowler-Mack Chief Portfolio Officer Chief of Staff Karen Thompson Chief Talent Officer Lori Ward

Diana Ehlert Deputy Chief, Academic Resources Deputy Chief, Capitol Programs Gary Sautter Dr. Roseanne Canfora Deputy Chief, Communications

Interim Deputy Chief, Organizational Accountability Chris Broughton

Lester Fultz Deputy Chief, Safety and Security Lisa Farmer-Cole Deputy Chief, School Autonomy Valentina Moxen Deputy Chief, School Supports

Executive Director, Academics Maria Carlson

Executive Director, Accounting & Treasury Michael Bowen

Executive Director, Assessments Testing and Logistics LaTisha Grimes

Angele Latham Executive Director, Budgets Matthew Rado Executive Director, Charter Schools Liz Nelson Executive Director, Curriculum

Nicole Vitale Executive Director, Early Childhood Education Executive Director, Enterprise Applications Blessing Nwaozuzu Robert Kasler Interim Executive Director, Facilities Development Tracy Hill Executive Director, Family and Community Engagement

William Stencil Executive Director, Humanware

Shawn Braxton Executive Director, Instructional Technology Larry Johnston Executive Director, Internal Auditor Executive Director, Intervention Services Jessica Baldwin Carol Lockhart Executive Director, Legal Services

Jose Gonzalez Executive Director, Multilingual/Multicultural Services Executive Director, New School Development Joe Micheller Gerard Leslie Executive Director, Non-Traditional Education Options Executive Director, Office of Institutional Advancement Executive Director, Payroll Executive Director, Policy and Planning Leo Serrano

Mychael Henderson

Melissa Skelly Executive Director, Portfolio Office Executive Director, Procurement Nicolas D'Amico Angela Foraker

Rick McIntosh Executive Director, School Choice and Enrollment

Laura Mulvaney Executive Director, Strategic Staffing Stephen Christian Executive Director, Talent Systems Eric Taylor Executive Director, Transportation Chris Burkhardt Executive Director, Food Services

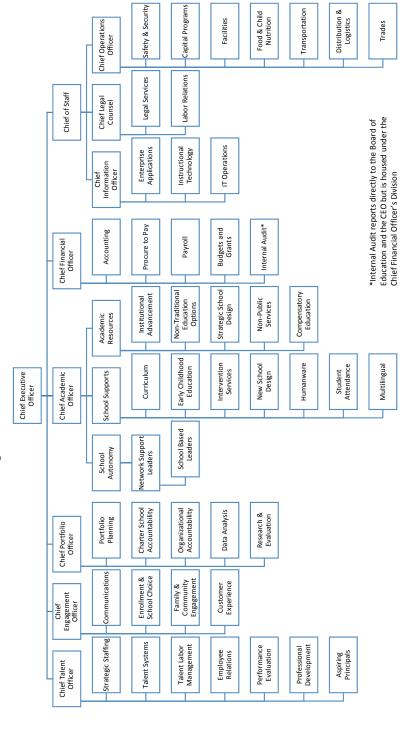
Academic Superintendent, High School Network 1 Erin Frew Academic Superintendent, K-8 Network 1 Andrew Koonce Network Support Leader, High School Network 2 Lorenzo Russell Carina Freeman Network Support Leader, K-8 Network 2 Network Support Leader, K-8 Network 3 Allavna Ratliff Paul Hoover Network Support Leader, Redesign Network

Board Attorney and Liasion Kevin Burtzlaff Director, Aspiring Principals Program Heather Grant Director, CMSD News Bureau Tom Ott Director, Compensatory Education Director, Customer Experience Marcia Zashin Shirrell Greene-Joe Rick Novack Director, Distribution & Logistics Director, ESEA Intervention Services Juanita Holt

Robert Zellers Director, I.T. Security

Director, Marketing and Advertising Bernadette Repko Director, Non-Public Services Curtis Hutchinson Jacquinette Brown Director, Professional Development Shirley Watts Director, Project Management Office Megan Traum Director, Strategic School Design Lorri Hobson Director, Student Attendance

Cleveland Municipal School District Organizational Chart



Financial Section





Lausche Building, 12th Floor 615 Superior Avenue, NW Cleveland, Ohio 44113-1801 (216) 787-3665 or (800) 626-2297 NortheastRegion@ohioauditor.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Cleveland Municipal School District Cuyahoga County 1111 Superior Avenue E, Suite 1800 Cleveland, Ohio 44114

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cleveland Municipal School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Cleveland Municipal School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cleveland Municipal School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 24 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Cleveland Municipal School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated March 31, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 31, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2020 are as follows:

- □ Total current and other assets decreased by \$11.0 million, net OPEB assets increased \$1.6 million and capital assets increased by \$38.2 million, resulting in a net increase in total assets of \$28.8 million in Governmental Activities.
- □ Total short-term liabilities decreased by \$11.7 million and total long-term liabilities increased \$38.8 million, resulting in a net increase in total liabilities of \$27.1 million in Governmental Activities.
- □ Total net position decreased \$83.0 million in Governmental Activities. General revenues accounted for \$680.7 million in revenue or 79% of all revenues for Governmental Activities. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, sales, grants or contributions accounted for \$179.5 million or 21% of total revenues of \$860.2 million.
- □ Total program expenses were \$948.0 million in Governmental Activities.
- □ Among major funds, the General Fund had \$727.3 million in revenues and other financing sources and \$743.1 million in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$15.8 million.

Using this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand The School District as an entire operating entity. The statements begin at a summary level and expand to detailed financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the entire School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's current finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements present how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Permanent Improvement Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund, are the most significant governmental funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Reporting the School District on a Government-Wide Basis

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds utilized by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as an entity looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2020?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in those net positions. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the School District, as a whole, has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, general inflation and other factors.

All of the School District's programs and services are reported as Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Governmental Activities consists of functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Such activities include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of non-instructional services and extracurricular activities among others for the School District.

Currently, the School District has no Business-Type Activities, which include functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 12. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for its financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements concentrate on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Permanent Improvement Fund and the Classroom Facilities Fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine the amount of financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary funds have historically operated as enterprise and internal service funds using the same basis of accounting as business-type activities. The School District has no enterprise funds. The internal service fund is used to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss and associated expenses attributable to deductibles and self-insured retention limits for general liability and property damage claim settlements and judgments. Also, it is used to account for and finance the School Districts self-insurance programs for employee medical benefits.

The School District on a Government-Wide Basis

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for FY 2020 compared to the FY 2019:

Table 1 Net Position Governmental Activities (\$ In Millions)

	Governmen		
	2020	2019	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 620.1	\$ 631.1	\$ (11.0)
Net OPEB Asset	42.2	40.6	1.6
Capital Assets	1,002.4	964.2	38.2
Total Assets	1,664.7	1,635.9	28.8
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension & OPEB	184.1	214.9	(30.8)
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	100.1	111.8	(11.7)
Long-Term Liabilities	311.8	316.2	(4.4)
Net Pension & OPEB Liability	867.8	824.6	43.2
Total Liabilities	1,279.7	1,252.6	27.1
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	279.4	206.3	73.1
Pension & OPEB	118.4	137.5	(19.1)
Total Deferred Inflow & Resources	397.8	343.8	54.0
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	740.4	836.7	(96.3)
Restricted for Debt Service	60.3	59.7	0.6
Restricted for Capital Projects	92.7	134.7	(42.0)
Restricted for Educational Special Trust	7.3	6.2	1.1
Restricted for Food Services	5.3	6.1	(0.8)
Restricted for Miscellaneous State Grants	1.5	1.0	0.5
Restricted for Other Purposes	2.1	15.2	(13.1)
Unrestricted	(738.2)	(805.2)	67.0
Total Net Position	\$ 171.4	\$ 254.4	\$ (83.0)

The net pension liability (NPL) is one of the largest liabilities reported by the School District at June 30, 2020, and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*—

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

an Amendment of GASB Statement 27. In a prior period, the School District also adopted GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension/OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these assets/liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

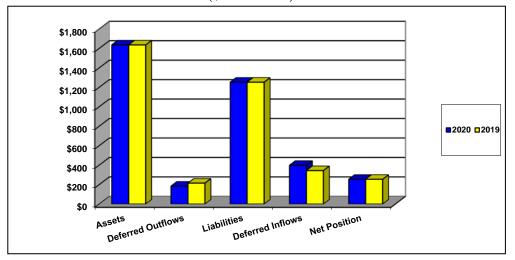
The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. For STRS, the plan's fiduciary net OPEB position was sufficient to cover the plan's total OPEB liability resulting in a net OPEB asset for fiscal year 2020 that is allocated to each school based on its proportionate share. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability reported by the retirement boards. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Graph 1
Net Position
Governmental Activities
(\$ In Millions)



Current and other assets decreased by \$11.0 million and net OPEB asset and capital assets increased by \$1.6 million and \$38.2 million, respectively, resulting in an overall increase in total assets of \$28.8 million. The decrease in current and other assets is mostly attributable to a combination of a decrease in cash and investments of \$16.1 million due to the spending down of reserves.

Current liabilities decreased by \$11.7 million and long-term liabilities (including Pension and OPEB) increased by \$38.8 million, resulting in an overall increase in liabilities of \$27.1 million. The decrease in current liabilities is due primarily to the reduction of intergovernmental payable by \$8.9 million. The net increase in long-term liabilities is due to the Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities increasing by \$43.2 million along with debt retirement payments during the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

There was a significant change in net pension/OPEB liability/asset for the School District. These fluctuations are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities/assets and related accruals that are passed through to the School District's financial statements All components of pension and OPEB accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows/inflows and NPL/NOL/NOA and are described in more detail in their respective notes.

Table 2 shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

Governmental Activities (\$ In Millions)

	Governi Activ					
	2020 2019			Change		
Revenues						
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	\$ 239.0	\$	285.5	\$	(46.5)	
Investment Income	3.8		6.1		(2.3)	
Miscellaneous	8.1		15.2		(7.1)	
Grants and Entitlements	429.8		446.8		(17.0)	
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	10.8		9.8		1.0	
Operating Grants	166.9		168.6		(1.7)	
Capital Grants	 1.8		0.8		1.0	
Total Revenues	 860.2		932.8		(72.6)	
Program Expenses						
Instruction	611.5		556.2		55.3	
Support Services:						
Pupil and Instructional Staff	68.8		65.5		3.3	
Board of Education, Administration, Fiscal						
and Business	76.4		78.2		(1.8)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	73.0		66.9		6.1	
Pupil Transportation	36.8		40.0		(3.2)	
Central	24.6		29.0		(4.4)	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	36.2		39.7		(3.5)	
Capital Outlay	3.3		0.0		3.3	
Extracurricular Activities	4.4		5.7		(1.3)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 13.0		13.2		(0.2)	
Total Expenses	 948.0		894.4		53.6	
Transfers	4.9		(2.9)		7.8	
Change in Net Position	 (82.9)	_	35.5	_	(118.4)	

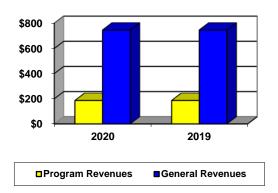
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Graph 2
Revenue for Governmental Activities
(\$ In Millions)

General Revenues
Program Revenues
Total Revenues

	 2020	2019
	\$ 680.7	\$ 753.5
	179.5	179.3
_	\$ 860.2	\$ 932.8

Governmental Activities - Revenue



General Revenues

General revenues for the School District are comprised almost entirely of property tax collections and grants from various sources. Property taxes made up 35.1% and 38.2% and grants made up 63.1% and 59.3% of general revenues for governmental activities for the School District in fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The unusual nature of property tax legislation in the State of Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for increases in operating funds to maintain a constant level of service. As a result of legislation enacted in 1976, the overall revenue generated by a voted millage does not increase as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 (assessed value of \$35,000) and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home was reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (assessed value of \$70,000) the effective tax rate would become .5 mill and the owner would still pay \$35.00. Because of this taxation methodology, real property tax assessments due to the School District have held steady for the past several years. Collection rates have held steady over the last four years with the School District collecting on average 88.3% on current collections.

The voters of the City of Cleveland approved a new property tax levy in May 2001 (Issue 14). This levy was approved to support the payment of the debt service for bonds issued for the school facility construction/renovation program and to support the ongoing maintenance of those facilities. Collections cannot be used to support the general operations of the School District. The collection on that levy began in January 2002.

The voters of the City of Cleveland approved a new property tax levy in November 2012 (Issue 106), the first operating levy since 1996. This four year levy was approved to support The Cleveland Plan (H.B. 525)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

that was signed into law in July 2012. Fourteen mills will be allocated to the current expenses of the School District and one mill will be allocated to the current expenses of partnering community schools. The collection on that levy began in January 2013. This tax levy was renewed by the voters in November 2016.

The voters of the City of Cleveland approved a new property tax levy in November 2014 (Issue 4). This levy allowed for an additional property tax to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, enlargement, renovation, and financing of general permanent improvements at a rate not exceeding 0.5 mil for each one dollar of tax valuation. Collections cannot be used to support the general operations of the School District.

The primary source of grant revenue is State general operating aid known as the "Foundation Program Aid". Established by Ohio law and funded by biennial appropriations, the Foundation Program is a statutory program through which the State currently makes direct payments to school districts based upon a statutory formula. Monies distributed to a school district under the existing Foundation Program are required to be used for current operating expenses, unless specifically allocated by the State for some other purpose.

Program Revenues

Operating and capital grants comprise 94.0% of total program revenues of the School District. These grants, obtained mainly from the Federal Government, State of Ohio and the Ohio School Facilities Commission, support specific educational programs and objectives as defined by these agencies as well as the capital programs. The amount available to the School District may vary from year to year depending on amounts made available by these agencies and the needs of the School District.

Table 3
Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities
(\$ In Millions)

	Total Cost of Services 2020	Services Services		Net Cost of Services 2019	
Instruction	611.5	\$ 515.7	556.2	\$ 470.5	
Support Services:					
Pupil and Instructional Staff	68.8	42.8	65.5	42.7	
Board of Education, Administration,					
Fiscal and Business	76.4	65.9	78.2	66.9	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	73.0	65.7	66.9	59.0	
Pupil Transportation	36.8	34.1	40.0	35.5	
Central	24.6	22.7	29.0	26.2	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	36.2	1.7	39.7	(3.3)	
Extracurricular Activities	4.4	3.6	5.7	4.5	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	13.0	13.0	13.2	13.2	
Capital Outlay	3.3	3.3	0.0	0.0	
Total Expenses	\$ 948.0	\$ 768.5	\$ 894.4	\$ 715.2	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 above shows, for governmental activities, (services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements), the total cost of services and the net cost of services.

The largest Governmental Activities program expense remains instruction, comprising 64.5% of the total cost of services. When combined with pupil and instructional support these categories make up 72.6% of the total cost of services. This make-up is consistent with the general educational objectives of the School District.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 20. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$901.6 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$937.5 million, resulting in a net decrease in fund balances of \$35.9 million.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the School District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund had a deficit of \$4.6 million, while total fund balance decreased to a \$3.6 million deficit. The decrease was caused by the delay in the collection of taxes as a result of the COVID-19 Pandemic.

The fund balance in the Debt Service Fund decreased \$1.1 million, the fund balance in the Permanent Improvement Fund decreased \$10.3 million and the fund balance in the Classroom Facilities Fund decreased \$5.6 million. The decrease in the Debt Service fund was due to the delay in tax collections due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The decreases in the Permanent Improvement Fund and Classroom Facilities Fund were the result of the District finishing the construction of two high schools. Funding of this program is described in more detail in the *Capital Assets and Debt Administration* section. The fund balance for Other Governmental Funds decreased by \$3.2 million.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for transactions on a cash basis for receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The General Fund is the most significant fund to be budgeted and is the main operating fund of the School District.

For the General Fund total actual revenues and other financing sources were \$750.7 million, which was \$2.5 million more than the final budget estimate. The School District received slightly more than what was expected in property tax and intergovernmental revenue during the fiscal year.

The final expenditure and other financing uses budget was \$778.2 million. Total actual expenditures and other financing uses was \$766.8 million, or \$11.4 million below the final budget estimates. The school district limited spending during the COVID-19 Pandemic to only emergency purchases.

The General Fund's ending unencumbered cash balance totaled \$15.1 million, which was \$13.9 million more than the final budgeted amount.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2020 the School District had \$1,002.4 million invested in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2020 balances compared to 2019:

Table 4
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)
(\$ In Millions)

		Governmen	vities			
	2020			2019		hange
Land	\$	31.8	\$	31.8	\$	(0.0)
Land Improvements		0.1		0.1		0.0
Buildings and Improvements		863.0		859.8		3.2
Vehicles and Equipment		12.9		12.5		0.4
Intangible Assets		0.3		0.0		0.3
Construction in Progress		94.3		60.0		34.3
Totals	\$	1,002.4	\$	964.2	\$	38.2

All capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are reported net of depreciation.

In 2000, a Facilities Assessment Commission was established to review the condition of the School District's facilities. The Commission recommended that a complete renovation program of all School District facilities be undertaken and that a substantial contribution from the State of Ohio (through the Ohio School Facilities Commission) could be included in the proposed construction and renovation plan by participation in the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program (CFAP). Since then, the School District and the Ohio School Facilities Commission have created a Master Facilities Plan, which was revised in 2008 and then again in 2014, that addresses the needs of all buildings in the School District and the unique needs of the School District and its students. The Revised Master Facilities Plan has been approved by the School District's Board, the Ohio School Facilities Commission and the State Controlling Board. The Revised Master Facilities Plan calls for building an additional 22 schools and refurbishing 20 to 23 others. Projects were contingent on voters approving a November 2014 ballot issue that authorized \$200 million in bonds for the construction and a half-mill property tax for maintenance, which was passed. The State will add more than \$2 for every \$1 that the District contributes to construction. Since 2000, the School District has built 45 schools and fully renovated seven others.

Construction began in 2002 utilizing funding from several sources as described below under *Debt Administration*. Initial work focused mainly on making every facility warm, safe and dry. Concurrently, new facilities have been constructed and others significantly renovated and others inactivated for student use. See Note 12 to the basic financial statements for additional information on capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Debt Administration

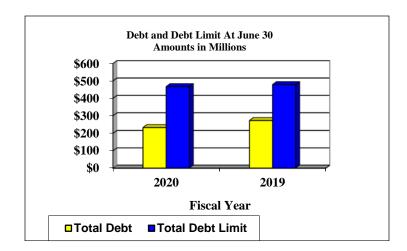
At June 30, 2020 the School District had \$265.7 million in bonds, notes and lease-purchase obligations outstanding, \$7.7 million due within one year. Table 5 summarizes bonds and notes outstanding.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt, at Year End
(\$ In Millions)

	Governmental Activities
	2019
2020	2019
55.0	55.0
8.6	10.5
25.4	26.4
126.1	129.3
49.2	49.2
1.4	4.0
\$ 265.7	\$ 274.4
	8.6 25.4 126.1 49.2

Graph 3
Debt and Debt Limit
(\$ In Millions)

	 2020	2019		
Total Debt	\$ 265.7	\$ 274.4		
Total Debt Limit	\$ 467.4	\$ 479.1		



In order to undertake the initial stages of planning and to perform some required work on its facilities to make them "warm, safe and dry," the School District utilized several borrowing/funding sources. One

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

source totaling \$21.3 million, the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB), was put in place just before the beginning of the 2002 fiscal year. These bonds were used to support facility renovations at seven specific school sites. Another source, the \$11.5 million H.B. 264 Energy Conservation Notes was used to renovate the environmental controls at school facilities across the School District. In November 2001, the School District issued \$35 million School Facility Bond Anticipation Notes. These Notes represented the first installment of the \$335 million of facility construction/renovation borrowing approved by voters in May 2001.

In October 2002, the School District replaced the short-term School Facility Bond Anticipation Notes with long-term School Facility Bonds. An additional \$40 million of new proceeds was borrowed at that time, representing the second installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In July 2004, the School District issued \$125 million of School Improvement Bonds, the third installment. In December 2005, the School District issued \$30 million of School Facility Bond Anticipation Notes, representing the fourth installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In March 2007, the School District issued \$30 million of School Facility Bond Anticipation Notes, representing the fifth installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In December 2007, the School District issued an additional \$5 million of new proceeds representing the sixth installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In December 2008, the School District issued \$15 million of School Improvement Bond Anticipation Notes representing the seventh installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity. In September 2010, the School District issued \$55 million of School Improvement Bond Anticipation notes representing the eighth and final installment of the \$335 million approved borrowing capacity.

In June 2015 the School District issued bonds for the purpose of constructing, renovating, remodeling, enlarging, furnishing, equipping and otherwise improving school district buildings and facilities and acquiring, clearing, equipping and otherwise improving school district building and facility sites in the principal amount of \$200 million to be repaid annually over 35 years, and levy a property tax outside the ten-mill limitation, estimated by the county fiscal officer to average over the bond repayment period 2 mills for each one dollar of tax valuation, which amounts to 20 cents for each one hundred dollars of tax valuation, to pay the annual debt charges on the bonds, and to pay debt charges on any notes issued in anticipation of those bonds.

Due to the School District's participation in the Credit Enhancement Program, Fitch, Moody's and S&P have assigned programmatic ratings of "AA", "Aa2", and "AA", respectively, to the School District's bonds.

The School District applied for underlying ratings from Fitch, S&P and Moody's. As a result of the application process, Fitch assigned an underlying rating of "BBB+" to the bonds, Moody's assigned an underlying rating of "A2" to the bonds, and S&P assigned an underlying rating of "BBB+" to the bonds. The School District's underlying ratings and the ratings with regard to the School District's participation in the Credit Enhancement Program have been published by the respective rating services.

At June 30, 2020, the School District's overall legal debt margin was \$233.9 million, with an unvoted debt margin of \$5.2 million. See Note 18 to the basic financial statements for additional information on all long-term obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 Unaudited

Current Issues

In November 2020, the voters of the city of Cleveland approved a ten year 20 mill operating levy. With the passing of the ten-year levy, the School District is projecting a positive unencumbered cash balance through fiscal year 2024. In addition, there are other ongoing issues to be addressed over the next five years as described below.

State Foundation Payments – The 2019-2020 biennium budget was passed in June 2019. During the budget process, there was a concerted effort to restructure the current school funding model under the Cupp-Patterson bill, but it failed to be included in the final budget. The School District will receive the same level of funding for the next two fiscal years as it received in fiscal year 2019 under the guarantee. Given the legislature's desire to reduce the guarantee base and its desire to provide more equity in school funding, the state funding formula guarantee beyond fiscal year 2021 is uncertain.

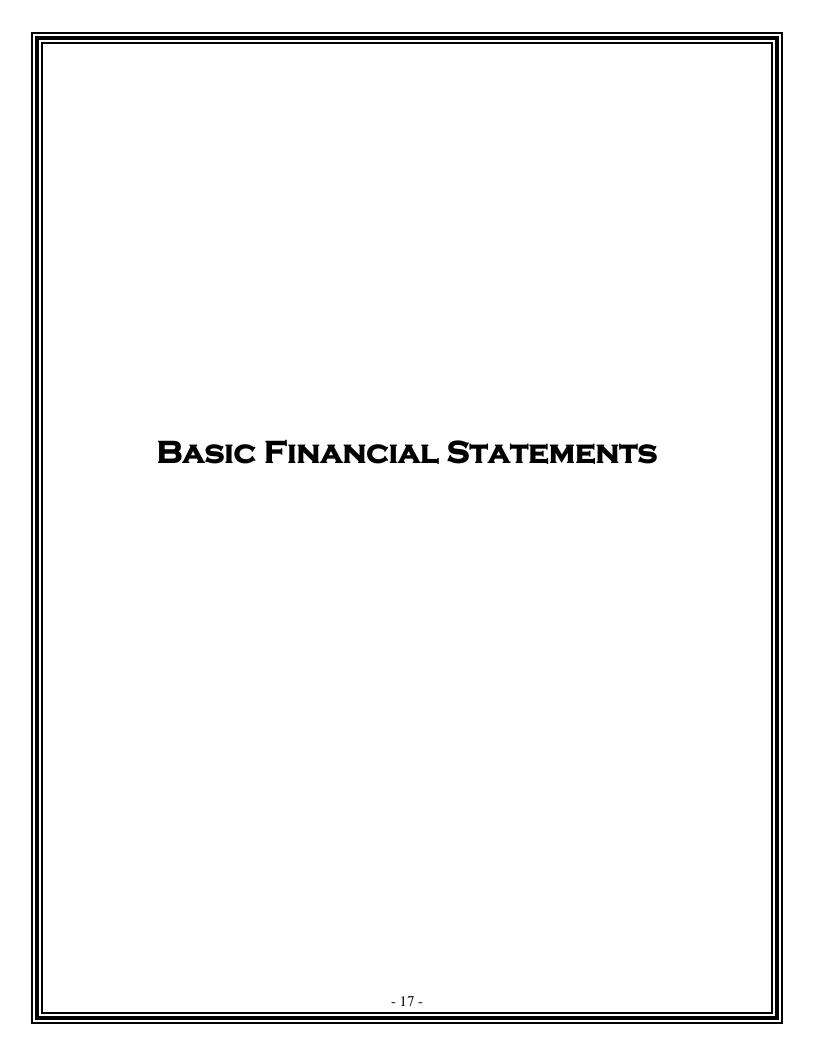
Commercial Activity Tax – HB 66 makes provisions to replace some revenue lost due to the phase out of the Tangible Personal Property Tax. Businesses are now subject to a Commercial Activity Tax (CAT) that will provide some replacement income to school districts for lost tangible property revenues.

Homestead Exemption – The recent budget bill (HB 119) included significant property tax reductions for senior citizens. The Homestead Exemption will allow senior citizen homeowners and permanently/totally disabled homeowners, regardless of income, to withhold \$25,000 of market value of their owner occupied home from property taxes. In 2015, individuals who turned 65 in 2014 or who become disabled after January 1, 2013, were be required to have Ohio Qualifying income (\$31,000 or less) in order to receive Homestead Exemption based upon age or disability.

Financial Forecast – The School District is required to adopt a five-year financial forecast of revenues and expenditures each year. A surplus was projected in fiscal years 2021 and beyond. The forecast includes several revenue and expense assumptions based upon recent legislation, historical trends, and future assumptions.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Michael Bowen, Executive Director of Accounting at Cleveland Municipal School District, 1111 Superior Avenue East, Cleveland, Ohio 44114 or by email Michael-bowen@clevelandmetroschools.org



Statement of Net Position-Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

	 Total
Assets	_
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 200,383,179
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	3,258,153
Receivables:	
Taxes	383,724,354
Accounts	3,706,932
Intergovernmental	26,309,229
Accrued Interest	74,646
Materials and Supplies Inventory	2,615,084
Nondepreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	126,091,540
Net OPEB Asset	876,346,775 42,205,883
Na OFED Assa	 42,200,000
Total Assets	 1,664,715,775
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1E0 E00 700
Pension OPEB	159,588,782
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 24,555,768
Total Deferred Outriows of Resources	 184,144,550
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	20,644,304
Accrued Wages and Benefits	40,253,326
Retainage Payable	3,258,153
Intergovernmental Payable	16,838,583
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	204,121
Accrued Interest Payable	1,049,563
Claims Payable	17,852,101
Long-Term Obligations:	
Due Within One Year	15,720,476
Due in More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability	781,584,016
Net OPEB Liability	86,211,771
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	 296,045,594
Total Liabilities	 1,279,662,008
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	279,403,501
Pension	39,584,670
OPEB	78,797,310
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 397,785,481
N. D. W.	
Net Position	740 005 047
Net Investment in Capital Assets	740,395,317
Restricted Restricted for Debt Services	60 260 720
Restricted for Debt Service	60,260,720
Restricted for Capital Programs Restricted for Educational Special Trust	92,674,288 7,355,097
Restricted for Food Services	5,331,634
Restricted for Miscellaneous State Grants	1,519,012
Restricted for Other Purposes	2,103,418
Unrestricted	 (738,226,650)
Total Net Position	\$ 171,412,836

Cleveland Municipal School District Statement of Activities-Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

									Total
					Pro	gram Revenues			Net (Expense)
			_		_		_		Revenue and
F :: 15		_		Charges for		erating Grants		pital Grants	Changes in
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales	and	l Contributions	and	Contributions	Net Position
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	387,038,590	\$	4,931,484	\$	24,571,513	\$	0	\$ (357,535,593)
Special		207,870,189		2,194,943		53,534,696		0	(152,140,550)
Vocational		6,136,836		70,157		1,367,611		0	(4,699,068)
Other		10,482,791		228		9,300,545		0	(1,182,018)
Support Services:									
Pupils		44,642,558		464,370		13,245,969		0	(30,932,219)
Instructional Staff		24,178,327		148,038		12,160,218		0	(11,870,071)
Board of Education		219,695		2,768		16,239		0	(200,688)
Administration		57,260,727		697,724		6,939,516		0	(49,623,487)
Fiscal		17,783,050		138,896		2,578,337		0	(15,065,817)
Business		1,126,721		14,117		65,930		0	(1,046,674)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		73,080,026		876,759		4,585,630		1,860,393	(65,757,244)
Pupil Transportation		36,810,361		450,514		2,165,738		0	(34,194,109)
Central		24,571,642		304,978		1,547,509		0	(22,719,155)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		36,242,280		166,688		34,346,894		0	(1,728,698)
Extracurricular Activities		4,446,110		378,287		512,384		0	(3,555,439)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		13,012,599		0		0		0	(13,012,599)
Capital Outlay		3,258,153		0		0		0	(3,258,153)
Totals	\$	948,160,655	\$	10,839,951	\$	166,938,729	\$	1,860,393	\$ (768,521,582)
			Gen	eral Revenues					
				erty Taxes Levi	ed Fo	r:			
			-	neral Purposes					220,405,211
				ot Service					16,158,257
			Car	oital Outlay					1,170,697
				oital Projects					1,218,523
			-	stment Income					3,778,012
			Miso	ellaneous					8,144,361
			Gran	its and Entitlem	ents n	ot Restricted to S	Specifio	c Programs	429,786,589
			Tota	l General Reve	nues				680,661,650
			Transfers					4,856,076	
			Change in Net Position				(83,003,856)		
			Net i	Position Beginn	ing of	^r Year			254,416,692
				Position End of	•				\$ 171,412,836
See accompanying notes to the basic finance	cial st	atements							

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	General	Debt Service	Permanent Improvement	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets	A 00 0 17 700	A 50 100 070	A 75 005 000	Φ 0000 400	Φ 00 000 040	A 400 400 040	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 26,947,798	\$ 50,409,278	\$ 75,895,896	\$ 3,333,426	\$ 26,603,612	\$ 183,190,010	
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	0	0	35,298	3,222,855	0	3,258,153	
Investments	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Investments with Fiscal Agents	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Receivables:	044 050 045	00.000.440	0.005.070	0	0.000.000	000 704 054	
Taxes	341,650,815	30,869,446	2,905,070	0	8,299,023	383,724,354	
Accounts	2,088,459	0	0	0	1,618,473	3,706,932	
Intergovernmental	5,572,504	0	0	13,171,293	7,565,432	26,309,229	
Accrued Interest	74,646	0	0	0	0	74,646	
Interfund	8,916,607	0	0	0	0	8,916,607	
Materials and Supplies Inventory	997,198	0	0	0	1,617,886	2,615,084	
Total Assets	386,248,027	81,278,724	78,836,264	19,727,574	45,704,426	611,795,015	
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	11,455,275	0	1,212,409	2,934,040	5,042,580	20,644,304	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	35,892,262	0	17,809	0	4,343,255	40,253,326	
Retainage Payable	0	0	35,298	3,222,855	0	3,258,153	
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	0	8,916,607	8,916,607	
Intergovernmental Payable	14,910,762	0	7,556	0	1,920,265	16,838,583	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	204,121	0	0	0	0	204,121	
Total Liabilities	62,462,420	0	1,273,072	6,156,895	20,222,707	90,115,094	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property Taxes	252,964,213	19,968,441	1,717,735	0	4,753,112	279,403,501	
Unavailable Revenue	74,392,887	9,065,440	839,439	13,171,293	6,481,817	103,950,876	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	327,357,100	29,033,881	2,557,174	13,171,293	11,234,929	383,354,377	
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable	997,198	0	0	0	1,617,886	2,615,084	
Restricted	0	52,244,843	75,006,018	399,386	20,656,200	148,306,447	
Assigned	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Unassigned	(4,568,691)	0	0	0	(8,027,296)	(12,595,987)	
Total Fund Balances	(3,571,493)	52,244,843	75,006,018	399,386	14,246,790	138,325,544	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

Total Governmental Funds Balances		\$ 138,325,544
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		1,002,438,315
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds: Other Unavailable Revenue Grants Total	84,297,703 19,653,110	103,950,813
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		(658,930)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(1,049,563)
The net pension and OPEB assets/liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the asset/liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds Net OPEB Asset Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Total	42,205,883 159,588,782 24,555,768 (39,584,670) (78,797,310) (781,584,016) (86,211,711)	(759,827,274)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: General Obligation Bonds Compensated Absences Worker's Compensation Claims Capital Lease Obligations Total	(264,275,000) (42,857,903) (3,282,420) (1,350,746)	(311,766,069) \$ 171,412,836
Net Position of Governmental Activities See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	=	\$ 1/1,412,836 0
225 3253pa ijing notoe to the season lateral data na to		3

Cleveland Municipal School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	Debt Service		Permanent mprovement		Classroom Facilities	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			_			_	_		_	
Taxes	\$ 225,600,163	\$ 15,629,220	\$	1,204,888	\$	0	\$	3,131,636	\$	245,565,907
Investment Income	1,863,098	623,979		1,153,830		110,344		451		3,751,702
Tuition and Fees	6,492,653	0		0		0		0		6,492,653
Extracurricular Activities	0	0		0		0		348,566		348,566
Contributions and Donations	0	0		0		0		5,714,215		5,714,215
Food Services	0	0		0		0		150,736		150,736
Miscellaneous	13,245,693	0		0		0		304,080		13,549,773
Intergovernmental	475,213,109	2,253,534		63,709		29,402,189		114,249,652		621,182,193
Total Revenues	722,414,716	18,506,733		2,422,427		29,512,533		123,899,336		896,755,745
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular	323,853,379	0		0		0		1,322,448		325,175,827
Special	170,058,466	0		0		0		41,822,674		211,881,140
Vocational	5,362,370	0		0		0		979,915		6,342,285
Other	18,742	0		0		0		10,459,529		10,478,271
Support Services:	·							, ,		, ,
Pupils	32,983,928	0		0		0		11,051,342		44,035,270
Instructional Staff	10,934,698	0		0		0		12,669,297		23,603,995
Board of Education	230,003	0		0		0		3,177		233,180
Administration	54,074,722	0		0		0		3,708,857		57,783,579
Fiscal	10,634,841	459,809		183,017		0		5,879,750		17,157,417
Business	1,173,518	0		0		0		0		1,173,518
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	68,076,918	0		374,770		0		4,768,316		73,220,004
Pupil Transportation	35,574,985	0		0		0		54,359		35,629,344
Central	23,750,306	0		0		0		110,635		23,860,941
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,316,799	0		0		0		33,756,810		35,073,609
Extracurricular Activities	4,013,943	0		0		0		482,978		4,496,921
Capital Outlay	0	0		12,180,866		35,074,949		0		47,255,815
Debt Service:	· ·	· ·		12,100,000		00,07 1,0 10		Ü		17,200,010
Principal Retirement	0	6,105,000		0		0		0		6,105,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	13,012,599		0		0		0		13,012,599
Total Expenditures	742,057,618	 19,577,408		12,738,653		35,074,949		127,070,087		936,518,715
	2,001,010	 10,011,100		12,7 00,000		00,01 1,010		121,010,001		000,010,110
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	(19,642,902)	(1,070,675)		(10,316,226)		(5,562,416)		(3,170,751)		(39,762,970)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
TransfersIn	4,856,076	0		0		0		0		4,856,076
Transfers Out	(1,000,000)	0		0		0		0		(1,000,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,856,076	0		0		0		0		3,856,076
Net Change in Fund Balances	(15,786,826)	(1,070,675)		(10,316,226)		(5,562,416)		(3,170,751)		(35,906,894)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	12,215,333	53,315,518		85,322,244		5,961,802		17,417,541		174,232,438
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ (3,571,493)	\$ 52,244,843	\$	75,006,018	\$	399,386	\$	14,246,790	\$	138,325,544
			_		_		_			

Reconciliation of the Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	(35,906,894)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Assets Additions Current Year Depreciation Total	44,068,118 (30,725,681)		13,342,437
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the funds. These revenues were attributed to property taxes and intergovernmental receivables Property Taxes Ohio School Facilities Grant Other Unavaiable Revenue Total	35,106,288 (29,402,189) (3,028,518)		2,675,581
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			6,105,000
Repayment of capital lease is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			2,668,096
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and bond premiums are amortized over the terms of the bonds, whereas in the governmental funds the expenditure is reported when the bonds are issued: Accrued Interest on Bonds			26,310
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Compensated Absences Worker's Compensation Claims Total	(3,974,118) (339,709)		(4,313,827)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows: Pension OPEB	54,691,533 523,658		55,215,191
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension and OPEB assets/liabilities are reported as pension and OPEB expense in the statement of activities: Pension OPEB	(117,075,529) (8,633,976)		
The internal service funds used by management to charge the the costs of insurance to individual funds are not reported in the District-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		(*	2,893,755
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	(83,003,856)
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	=		

Cleveland Municipal School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Origina	Title	710100	(110gail110)
Taxes	250,031,498	\$ 247,814,008	\$ 249,649,727	\$ 1,835,719
Investment Income	2,090,348	2,071,809	2,087,157	15,348
Tuition and Fees	10,356,463	10,264,613	10,340,649	76,036
Miscellaneous	8,760,792	8,683,094	8,747,415	64,321
Intergovernmental	473,008,697	475,373,991	475,873,172	499,181
Total Revenues	744,247,798	744,207,515	746,698,120	2,490,605
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	339,682,798	328,834,793	324,883,767	3,951,026
Special	180,964,893	178,900,454	173,294,107	5,606,347
Vocational	5,712,912	5,647,739	5,483,727	164,012
Other Support Services:	23,015	22,752	21,956	796
Pupils	35,157,492	34,756,418	33,758,184	998,234
Instructional Staff	11,826,622	11,691,704	11,521,700	170,004
Board of Education	261,994	259,005	255,168	3,837
Administration	59,285,056	58,808,735	58,767,020	41,715
Fiscal	11,227,136	11,099,058	10,922,231	176,827
Business	1,274,153	1,542,618	1,542,260	358
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	66,955,236	67,657,414	67,656,532	882
Pupil Transportation	38,029,010	37,595,177	37,296,722	298,455
Central	24,820,197	29,343,049	29,342,891	158
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,411,423	1,395,322	1,360,252	35,070
Extracurricular Activities	4,265,521	4,434,860	4,434,188	672
Total Expenditures	780,897,458	771,989,098	760,540,705	11,448,393
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(36,649,660)	(27,781,583)	(13,842,585)	13,938,998
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Advances In	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	0
Advances Out	(5,224,518)	(5,224,518)	(5,224,518)	0
Transfers Out	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,224,518)	(2,224,518)	(2,224,518)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(38,874,178)	(30,006,101)	(16,067,103)	13,938,998
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	13,612,497	13,612,497	13,612,497	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	17,550,240	17,550,240	17,550,240	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ (7,711,441)	\$ 1,156,636	\$ 15,095,634	\$ 13,938,998

Cleveland Municipal School District Statement of Fund Net Position

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets:	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,193,171
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Claims Payable	17,852,101
Net Position: Unrestricted	\$ (658,930)

Cleveland Municipal School District
Statement of Revenues,
Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$	100,459,947
Total Operating Revenues		100,459,947
Operating Expenses: Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses		100,022,896
Total Operating Expenses		100,022,896
Operating Income (Loss)		437,051
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Transfers In		1,000,000
Change in Net Position		1,437,051
Net Position Beginning of Year		(2,095,981)
Net Position End of Year	\$	(658,930)

Cleveland Municipal School District Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Increase In Cash and Cash Equivalents:	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided Cash Payments for Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses	\$ 100,459,947 (96,952,241)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	 3,507,706
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Cash Received through Transfers from Other Funds	 1,000,000
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,507,706
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	 12,685,465
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 17,193,171
Reconciliation of Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 437,051
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Increase in Claims Payable	3,070,655
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 3,507,706

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2020

Δ	9	to

Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 504,498

Liabilities

Due to Students \$ 504,498

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

A. School District and Board of Education

The Board of Education of the School District (the "Board") is a political and corporate body charged with the responsibility of managing and controlling the affairs of the School District, and is governed by the general laws of the State of Ohio (the "Ohio Revised Code"). The Board is comprised of nine members who were appointed by the Mayor of the City of Cleveland. On November 5, 2002, the voters of Cleveland elected to maintain the current government structure, which gives the Mayor the authority to continue appointing board members.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, capital projects and student related activities of the School District.

Within the School District boundaries, there are also various non-public schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these non-public schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the non-public school by the Chief Financial Officer of the School District, as directed by the non-public school. The activity of these State monies by the School District is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The Cleveland Public Library and the City of Cleveland have been defined as related organizations and the Ohio Schools Council and the Bond Accountability Commission as jointly governed organizations. These organizations are discussed further in Note 20 and Note 21 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Cleveland Municipal School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental activity program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Debt Service Fund The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Permanent Improvement Fund The permanent improvement fund is used to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements.

Classroom Facilities Fund The classroom facilities fund is used to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the School District for the construction or renovation to classroom facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type Proprietary funds focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The School District only has internal service funds.

Internal Service Funds The internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund is used to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss and associated expenses attributable to deductibles and self-insured retention limits for general liability and property damage claim settlements and judgments and self-insurance programs for employee medical benefits.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District has one agency fund, which accounts for student activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 8). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: advance on property taxes, investment income, the State's share of the classroom facility project, tuition, grants and student fees.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB related liabilities. The deferred outflows or resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Note 14 and 15.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources included property taxes, pension, OPEB Plans and unavailable revenue. Property Taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2020, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and miscellaneous revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net pension. (See Note 14 and 15).

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported on the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are also reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board at the fund level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including the proprietary fund, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" or "Investments" on the financial statements.

The School District utilizes a fiscal agent to hold monies set-aside for debt service payments. Monies are placed with a fiscal agent to ensure adequate payment of debt when it comes due. The balances in these accounts are presented on the financial statements as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents" and "Investments with Fiscal Agents".

During fiscal year 2020, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, Star Plus and federal agency securities.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as repurchase agreements, are reported at cost.

The School District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2020. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2020.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allocated to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2020 amounted to \$1,863,098 which includes \$1,375,643 assigned from other School District funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

G. Fund Balance

Fund Balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: The nonspendable fund balance category included amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted: Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed: The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board of Education, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these restraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amount represents intended uses established by the Board of Education or the Chief Financial Officer which has been delegated that authority by the CEO.

Unassigned: Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for a specific purpose for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2020 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

I. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consisted of donated and purchased food and materials and supplies held for consumption.

J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquiction values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of fifty thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Intangible assets identified pursuant to GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*, have been classified separately from other assets capitalized by the School District. Depreciation is computed using the straightline method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	25 years
Buildings and Improvements	25 - 50 years
Vehicles and Equipment	7 - 15 years
Internal Generated Software	5-10 years

Estimated lives for buildings and improvements of schools that will be demolished or inactivated for educational purposes under the current capital facility plan have been adjusted so they are fully depreciated by the anticipated year of demolition or inactivation.

K. Inter-fund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term inter-fund loans are classified as "inter-fund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

L. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense; information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

M. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on a five year history of the School District's actual payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued wages and benefits" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate the compensated absences.

N. Bond Premium

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the bonds payable. On governmental fund statements, bond premiums are reported as another financing source when received.

O. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources and are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences, contractually required pension obligations, and capital lease obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

P. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position for other purposes included resources restricted for non-public schools and community involvement.

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$169,244,169 of restricted net position, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Q. Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal events that are allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Inter-fund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

R. Operating Revenue and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as non-operating.

S. Contribution of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. The proprietary fund received no contributions of capital during the current fiscal year.

T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the current fiscal year.

U. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 3 – Accountability and Compliance

Accountability

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2020:

General Fund	\$ 3,571,493
Special Revenue Funds	
Other Local	312,579
Other State	125,079
ESSER	329,958
Title VI-B Special Education	1,075,573
Vocational Education	93,699
Title I	998,844
Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A	189,217
Other Federal	4,902,347
Total Special Revenue Funds	8,027,296
Grand Total	\$11,598,789

The deficits in the special revenue funds resulted from the recognition of accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

Compliance

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 provides that total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total of the estimated revenue available for expenditure there-from, as certified by the county budget commission.

As of June 30,2020, the following District fund had appropriations that exceeded the amount certified as available by the budget commission

	Final Amended	Final	
Fund	Certificate	_Appropriation_	Variance
Classroom Facilities	\$ 52,585,196	\$ 96,128,667	\$ (43,543,471)

Note 4 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified in five categories (1) Nonspendable, (2) Restricted, (3) Committed, (4) Assigned and (5) Unassigned. Nonspendable fund balances include amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally required to remain intact. Restricted fund balances include amounts that have external restrictions by either grantors, debt covenants, laws or other governments. Committed fund balances include amounts that are committed to a specific purpose by board ordinance. Assigned fund balances include amounts to be used for a specific purpose. Unassigned fund balances include amounts that have not been assigned to any purpose.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	 General	D	ebt Service	ermanent provement	lassroom Facilites	Other	Governmental Funds	Tota	l Governmental Funds
Nonspendable									
Inventory	\$ 997,198	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	1,617,886	\$	2,615,084
Restricted for									
Debt Service Payments	0		52,244,843	0	0		0		52,244,843
Capital Improvements	0		0	75,006,018	399,386		0		75,405,404
Education Special Trust	0		0	0	0		7,355,097		7,355,097
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0		0	0	0		3,784,318		3,784,318
Partnering Community Schools	0		0	0	0		754,198		754,198
Food Service Operations	0		0	0	0		3,944,369		3,944,369
Other Purposes	0		0	 0	0		4,818,218		4,818,218
Total Restricted	0		52,244,843	 75,006,018	 399,386		20,656,200		148,306,447
Assigned to:									
Encumbrances	 0		0	0	 0		0		0
Total Assigned	0		0	0	0		0		0
Unassigned (Deficit)	(4,568,691)		0	0	 0		(8,027,296)		(12,595,987)
Total Fund Balances	\$ (3,571,493)	\$	52,244,843	\$ 75,006,018	\$ 399,386	\$	14,246,790	\$	138,325,544

For the purposes in the above chart, the Restricted Fund Balance for Other Purposes consists of Public School Support, Other Grants, District Managed Activity, Auxiliary Services, Miscellaneous State Grants, Management Information Systems, Public School Preschool, Data Communications for School Buildings, Interactive Distance Learning, Vocational Education Enhancement, Alternative Schools, Miscellaneous Federal Grants and School Maintenance and Operational Assistance.

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- 3. In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- 4. Investments are reported at cost (budget basis) rather than fair value (GAAP basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$ (15,779,804)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	19,427,328
Advances In	4,000,000
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(2,919,063)
Advances Out	(5,224,518)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(15,571,046)
Budget Basis	\$ (16,067,103)

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

The School District has chosen to follow State statutes in order to classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Under Ohio statutes and School District investment policy, interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred and eighty days in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Chief Financial Officer/Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation or transfer from the custodian.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures," the School District's bank balance was \$51,147,727 at fiscal year-end. Of the bank balance, \$1,260,347 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$49,887,380 was uninsured but collateralized with securities held by a pledging financial institution or by its trust department or agent although not in the School District's name.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio Law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2020, the District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although the statutory requirements for deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. The District's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in federal agency securities (FHLB, FHLMC, and FNMA), commercial paper, U.S. Treasury bills, U.S. Treasury notes, and negotiable CD's are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs). As of June 30, 2020, the School District had the following investments:

U.S. Agency Obligations
STAR Ohio-Net Asset Value
Total Portfolio

 Mat	urity		
	ne Year		
Less Than	But I	Less Than	
One Year	Fiv	e Years	Total
\$ 10,994,340	\$	-	\$ 10,994,340
149,489,765			149,489,765
\$ 160,484,105	\$		\$ 160,484,105

Interest Rate Risk Ohio Revised Code and School District investment policy limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. School District investment policy also limits commercial paper purchases to issues from companies incorporated in the United States which have assets in excess of \$500 million and whose issues are rated in the highest classification by at least two standard rating services. The commercial paper must mature within 180 days of settlement date and the total holding of commercial paper may not exceed 40 percent of the portfolio, under Ohio Revised Code and School

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

District investment policy. Money market mutual funds must be rated in the highest classification by at least one standard rating service and invest exclusively in eligible securities listed above, under School District investment policy.

Credit Risk The School District's investments at June 30, 2020 in FHLMC, FFCB, and agency securities were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. The School District has an investment policy to minimize credit risk by diversifying assets by issuer, ensuring that required minimum credit quality ratings exist and maintaining adequate collateralization of certificates of deposits.

Concentration of Credit Risk The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following is the School District's allocation as of June 30, 2020:

Investments	Percentage of Investments
FHLMC	3.74%
FARM	1.24%
FFCB	1.87%
STAR Ohio	93.15%

Note 8 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2019, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2020 represents collections of calendar year 2019 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 became a lien December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020 and are collected in 2020 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Cuyahoga County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2020, are available to finance fiscal year 2020 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020 was \$18,477,031, which is comprised of \$15,249,883 in the general fund, \$1,835,565 in the debt service fund, \$347,896 in the permanent improvement fund, \$695,791 in the partnering community school fund, and \$347,896 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020 was \$48,926,638, which is comprised of \$40,214,026 in the general fund, \$5,043,431 in the debt service fund, \$917,295 in the permanent improvement fund, and \$1,834,591 in the partnering community school fund and \$917,295 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2020 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations and are reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

On an full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2020 taxes were collected are:

	2019 Second Half		2020 First Half	Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential					
and Other Real Estate	\$ 4,883,583	91.74%	\$ 4,722,560	90.94%	
Public Utility Property	439,426	8.26	470,690	9.06	
Total	\$ 5,323,009	100.00%	\$ 5,193,250	100.00%	
Full voted tax rate per \$1,000					
of assessed valuation	\$	79.30	\$	79.30	

Note 9 – Tax Abatements

School District property taxes were reduced under Enterprise Zone agreements entered into by an overlapping government – the City of Cleveland. As a result of the agreements, the School District had \$23,467,408 in taxes abated for the tax year 2019/collection year 2020.

Note 10 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2020 consist of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year except delinquent property taxes.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities	Amount
Ohio Department of Education	\$ 1,303,839
Cuyahoga County	4,243,000
The Centers for Families and Children	0
Ohio Medicaid	17,679
Cuyahoga Community College	7,986
Ohio School Facilities Grant	13,171,293
Cleveland Metroparks	0
Other School Districts	0
Council for Economic Opportunities	0
Educational Special Trust	100,852
Miscellaneous State Grants and Subsidies	151,065
Race to the Top	0
Other State Grants and Subsidies	20,525
US Department of Agriculture	279,494
ESSER	1,237,824
Title VI-B Special Education Grant and Subsidies	1,372,655
Vocational Education Grant and Subsidies	158,550
Title I Grant and Subsidies	3,032,613
Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A Grant and Subsidies	416,162
Miscellaneous Federal Grants and Subsidies	144,775
Other Federal Grants and Subsidies	650,917
	\$26,309,229

Note 11 – Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements which are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2020.

B. School Foundation

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. ODE has finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2020 foundation funding for the School District. These adjustments were insignificant for the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

C. Litigation

The School District is party to various legal proceedings. The School District is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of all such claims will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

Note 12 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/19	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/20
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 31,814,081	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 31,814,081
Construction in Progress	60,006,978	43,928,373	(9,657,892)	94,277,459
Total Capital Assets, not being Depreciated	91,821,059	43,928,373	(9,657,892)	126,091,540
Capital Assets, being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	1,523,444	0	0	1,523,444
Buildings and Improvemets	1,299,639,145	9,657,892	0	1,309,297,037
Vehicles and Equipment	32,037,366	139,745	0	32,177,111
Internal Generated Software	5,878,735	0	0	5,878,735
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	1,339,078,690	9,797,637	0	1,348,876,327
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,472,960)	(11,549)	74,225	(1,410,284)
Buildings and Improvements	(439,794,127)	(29,939,812)	23,475,311	(446,258,628)
Vehicles and Equipment	(19,521,357)	(764,225)	1,009,742	(19,275,840)
Internal Generated Software	(5,868,643)	(10,095)	293,937	(5,584,801)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(466,657,087)	(30,725,681) *	24,853,215	(472,529,553)
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, Net	872,421,603	(20,928,044)	24,853,215	876,346,774
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 964,242,662	\$ 23,000,329	\$ 15,195,323	\$ 1,002,438,314

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 29,744,913
Special	62,511
Support Services:	
Administration	128,577
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	39,625
Pupil Transportation	750,055
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 30,725,681

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Construction in progress is composed of the following at June 30, 2020:

	Project	F	Expended to			
	 Authorization		June 30, 2020		Committed	
Regular Instruction	\$ 133,516,708	\$	94,277,459	\$	39,239,249	

Note 13 - Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various loss potentials including but not limited to: torts, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The School District insures through commercial insurance companies for the following:

Aggregate Liability

Self-Insured

Coverage During Fiscal Year		Limits	Retention	
Coverage A - School Liability	\$	12,000,000	\$ 500,000	
General Liability				
Automobile Liability				
Law Enforcement Liability				
Nurse' Professional Liability				
Ohio Stop Gap Liability				
Coverage B - Educators Liabilty	\$	12,000,000	\$ 500,000	
School Leaders Errors & Omissions				
(includes lawyer professional liability)				
Employment Practices Liability				
Sexual Harassment				
Sexual Misconduct/Abuse				
Employee Benefits Liability				
	Agg	gregate Liability		
Coverage During Fiscal Year		Limits	<u>eductible</u>	
Property (Physical Damage) Insurance	\$	300,000,000	\$ 500,000	
Boiler and Machinery		150,000,000	250,000	
Commerical Crime Insurance		2,000,000	100,000	
Public Officials Bond (Treasurer Bond)		1,000,000	N/A	
Builders's Risk		30,000,000	50,000	
Student Athletic		2,000,000	N/A	
Terrorism		10,000,000	25,000	
Cyber Risk		5,000,000	100,000	

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Because of the prohibitive cost of commercial insurance, the School District in 1987, established a self-insurance fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss (insurance deductibles and/or self-insured retentions) and associated expenses attributing to liability and property damage claim settlements and judgments. Estimates of claims liabilities, based on historical cost information, for incurred claims (including incurred but not reported claims) as calculated by the School District's Risk Management Division for all outstanding unsettled claims total \$1,822,175 as of June 30, 2020, and are recorded in the Liability Self-Insurance internal service fund.

B. Employee Health Benefits

The School District has elected to provide medical and prescription drug benefits through a self insured program utilizing providers Medical Mutual of Ohio, Aetna Insurance, and University Hospitals (UH Choice) companies. The maintenance of these benefits is accounted for in the Employee Benefits Self-Insurance internal service fund. Specific stop loss threshold covered per person is \$350,000 a claim and there is an unlimited maximum, which is in compliance with the Federal Healthcare Reform.

C. Workers' Compensation

The School District participates in the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) Retrospective Rating Plan. Under the retrospective rating plan, the School District assumes a portion of the risk in return for a reduction in current premiums. Estimates of claims liabilities based on actuarial methods, for incurred claims as calculated by the BWC for the cumulative retrospective rating period January 1, 2010, through June 30, 2020, including the estimate for incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims totals \$3,282,420.

The self insurance fund is funded from the General Fund, while the workers' compensation claims are charged to the same fund as the respective employee's salaries are charged, utilizing a historical percentage allocation method.

The claims liability reported at June 30, 2020 for liability and property damage claim settlements and judgments, medical and prescription drug benefits and workers' compensation is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in claims activity for fiscal years 2019 and 2020 are as follows:

	Begi	Beginning of Year		Claims		Claims		Payments	E	and of Year
2019	\$	14,534,630	\$	102,729,923	\$	102,483,107	\$	14,781,446		
2020		14,781,446		103,530,602		100,459,947		17,852,101		

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

B. Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1,	
	2017*	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit: or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the based benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.05 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2020, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$16,799,671 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$1,424,104 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

C. Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 year of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2020 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$37,891,862 for fiscal year 2020. Of this amount, \$4,638,800 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's employer allocation percentage of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	3.64428330%	2.54829514%	
Prior Measurement Date	3.20954640%	2.52819162%	
Change in Proportionare Share	0.43473690%	0.02010352%	
Preportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$218,043,860	\$ 563,540,156	\$781,584,016
Pension Expense	\$ 41,180,322	\$ 75,895,207	\$117,075,529

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources represent the effect of changes in the net pension liability due to the difference between projected and actual investment earnings, differences between expected and actual actuarial experience, changes in assumptions and changes in the School District's proportion of the collective net pension liability. The deferred outflows and deferred inflows are to be included in pension expense over current and future periods. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings is recognized in pension expense using a straight line method over a five year period beginning in the current year. Deferred outflows and deferred inflows resulting from changes in sources other than differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all members (both active and inactive) using the straight line method. Employer contributions to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date are also required to be reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

At June 30, 2020 the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 5,529,113	\$ 4,588,155	\$ 10,117,268
Changes of Assumptions	0	66,198,672	66,198,672
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	15,440,346	13,140,963	28,581,309
School District Contributions Subsequent to the			
Measurement Date	 16,799,671	 37,891,862	 54,691,533
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 37,769,130	\$ 121,819,652	\$ 159,588,782
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 0	\$ 2,439,455	\$ 2,439,455
Net Difference between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	2,798,859	27,542,789	30,341,648
Changes in Proportion and Differences between			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	2,170,670	4,632,897	6,803,567
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 4,969,529	\$ 34,615,141	\$ 39,584,670

\$54,691,533 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2021	\$14,852,405	\$34,571,023	\$49,423,428
2022	(253,519)	11,103,779	10,850,260
2023	(186,250)	(20,316)	(206,566)
2024	1,587,294	3,658,163	5,245,457
	\$15,999,930	\$49,312,649	\$65,312,579

E. Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2019, are presented below:

Wage Inflation

Future Salary Increases, Including inflation

Investment Rate of Return

Actuarial Cost Method

3.00 percent
3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.50 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The asset allocation, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, is summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00_ %	

Discount Rate Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	1	1% Decrease (6.50%)	 errent Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's Proportionate Share				
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	305,557,400	\$ 218,043,860	\$ 144,652,805

F. Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Projected Payroll Growth	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent, effective July 1, 2017

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 Percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation, were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return**
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

**Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)	
School District's Proportionate Share				
of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 823,551,156	\$ 563,540,156	\$ 343,427,524	

Note 15 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

A. Net OPEB Asset/Liability

The net OPEB asset/liability reported on the statement of net position represents an asset or liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB asset/liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB asset/liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the asset/liability is solely that of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees, which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB asset/liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB asset/liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB asset/liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

B. Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2020, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2020, this amount was \$19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2020, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$523,658.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$523,658 for fiscal year 2020, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

C. Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2021. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

D. OPEB Assets/Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

SERS	STRS	Total
3.42819010%	2.54829514%	
3.05970770%	2.52819162%	
0.36848240%	0.02010352%	
86,211,771	0	86,211,771
0	(42,205,883)	(42,205,883)
3,660,122	(12,294,098)	(8,633,976)
	3.42819010% 3.05970770% 0.36848240% 86,211,771	3.42819010% 2.54829514% 3.05970770% 2.52819162% 0.36848240% 0.02010352% 86,211,771 0 0 (42,205,883)

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	1,265,518	3,826,286	5,091,804
Net Difference between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	206,941	0	206,941
Changes of Assumptions	6,296,787	887,157	7,183,944
Changes in Proportion and Differences between \square			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	8,231,966	3,317,455	11,549,421
School District Contributions Subsequest to the			
Measurement Date	523,658	0	523,658
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$16,524,870	\$8,030,898	\$24,555,768

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	18,940,140	2,147,285	21,087,425
Net Difference between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	0	2,650,807	2,650,807
Changes of Assumptions	4,831,052	46,273,850	51,104,902
Changes in Proportion and Differences between \square			
School District Contributions and Proportionate			
Share of Contributions	3,954,176	0	3,954,176
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$27,725,368	\$51,071,942	\$78,797,310

\$523,658 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2021	(4,147,778)	(9,447,217)	(13,594,995)
2022	(1,985,244)	(9,447,216)	(11,432,460)
2023	(1,924,505)	(8,384,803)	(10,309,308)
2024	(1,934,389)	(8,012,110)	(9,946,499)
2025	(1,324,679)	(7,890,343)	(9,215,022)
2026	(407,561)	140,645	(266,916)
Total	(11,724,156)	(43,041,044)	(54,765,200)

E. Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, are presented as follows:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Wage Increases 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Measurement Date 3.13 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.62 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation:

Measurement Date 3.22 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.70 percent

Medical Trend Assumption:

Pre-Medicare 7.00 to 4.75 percent Medicare 5.25 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan (See Note 14).

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.22 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019, was 3.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025; therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.13 percent, as of June 30, 2019 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.22 percent) and higher (4.22 percent) than the current discount rate (3.22 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percent lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 3.75 percent) and one percent higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 5.75 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease (2.22%)	Discount Rate (3.22%)	1% Increase (4.22%)
School District's Proportionare Share			
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$104,644,740	\$ 86,211,771	\$ 71,555,403
	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to	Current Trend Rate (7.00% decreasing to	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to
	3.75%)	4.75%)	5.75%)
Share District's Proportionare Share			
of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 69,073,092	\$ 86,211,711	\$108,950,647

F. Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented as follows:

Projected salary increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65

Investment Rate of Return 7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Payroll Increases 3 percent
Discount Rate of Return 7.45 percent

Health Care Cost Trends:

Medical:

Pre-Medicare 5.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate Medicare 4.93 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

Prescription Drug:

Pre-Medicare 7.73 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

Medicare 9.62 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan (see Note 14).

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2019; therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset/Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset/liability as of June 30, 2019, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2019, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)
School District's Proportionare Share			
of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ (36,014,316)	\$ (42,205,883)	\$ (47,411,541)
		Current Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
Share District's Proportionare Share			
of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ (47,859,531)	\$ (42,205,883)	\$ (35,281,528)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 16 – Other Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to thirty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. School District employees earn sick leave, which, if not taken, accumulates until retirement. Employees may receive payment for up to 30 percent (varying by bargaining group) of accumulated sick leave of varying maximums up to \$30,000.

B. Insurance

The School District provides life insurance to most employees through Consumer Life Insurance in the amount of \$10,000 for each employee (\$50,000 for certain classes of employees). The School District also provides medical and prescription drug benefits through Medical Mutual of Ohio, Aetna and UH Choice, dental benefits through MetLife and vision through Spectera and Union Eye Care to all eligible employees.

Note 17 - Set-Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the general fund, an amount based upon statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The School District may still establish a budget reserve, if it so chooses; however, the requirement is no longer mandatory. The School District is also required to set aside money for any unspent portions of a bus purchase subsidy received annually from the State.

The following cash basis information describes the change in fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital	
	Improvements	
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	-
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement		6,646,423
Current Year Offsets:		
Tax Levy for Classroom Facilities and Maintenance		(1,930,207)
Qualifying Disbursements		(60,280,993)
Totals		(55,564,777)
Set-Aside Balances Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years		(55,564,777)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 18 – Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2019 were as follows:

	Balance Outstanding 06/30/19	Additions	Deletions	Balance Outstanding 06/30/20	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds:					
2010 School Facilities					
Improvement Bonds	55,000,000	0	0	55,000,000	0
2012 School Facilities					
Improvement Refunding Bonds	10,495,000	0	1,940,000	8,555,000	2,015,000
2013 School Facilities	2< 405 000		1 005 000	25 400 000	1 0 1 5 0 0 0
Improvement Refunding Bonds	26,405,000	0	1,005,000	25,400,000	1,045,000
2015 School Facilities	120 200 000	0	2 160 000	126 120 000	2 215 000
Improvement Bonds 2015 Qualified School	129,280,000	0	3,160,000	126,120,000	3,315,000
Construction Bond	49,200,000	0	0	49,200,000	0
	15,200,000			15,200,000	
Total General Obligation Bonds	270 200 000		c 107 000	244 255 000	< 27.5 000
and Notes	270,380,000	0	6,105,000	264,275,000	6,375,000
Net Pension Liability					
SERS	183,816,667	34,227,193	0	218,043,860	0
STRS	555,892,572	7,647,584	0	563,540,156	0
Total Net Pension Liability	739,709,239	41,874,777	0	781,584,016	0
Other Post-Employement Benefits (OPEB)					
SERS	84,884,557	1,327,214	0	86,211,771	0
STRS	0	0	0	0	0
Total OPEB	84,884,557	1,327,214	0	86,211,771	0
Other Long-Term Obligations:					
Compensated Absences	38,883,785	9,485,230	5,511,112	42,857,903	5,511,112
Workers' Compensation Claims	2,942,711	2,823,327	2,483,618	3,282,420	2,483,618
Direct Borrowing -					
Lease Obligation	4,018,842	0	2,668,096	1,350,746	1,350,746
Total Other Long Term Obligations	45,845,338	12,308,557	10,662,826	47,491,069	9,345,476
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,140,819,134	\$ 55,510,548	\$ 16,767,826	\$ 1,179,561,856	\$ 15,720,476

On June 10, 2015, the School District issued \$200,000,000 of General Obligation School Improvement Bonds consisting of \$150,800,000 of Tax Exempt School Improvement Bonds, Series 2015A and \$49,200,000 of Federally Taxable Qualified School Construction Bonds, Series 2015B bearing interest at the rate of 2.00% - 5.02% per annum. The premium received on this bond issue was \$9,277,561 and after deducting the bond issuance costs, \$8,500,106 was transferred to the Debt Service Fund. Issue 4, which was approved by voters on November 4, 2014, will allow for construction of 20-22 new schools and the refurbishing of 20-23 schools. This debt will be retired from the Debt Service Fund.

On January 29, 2013, the School District issued \$45,600,000 of School Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, at a true interest cost of approximately 3%. Proceeds of this bond issue (including a portion of the original issue premium), together with \$12,000,000 of cash on hand in the District's bond retirement

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

fund, for a total of \$63,366,472.36, was deposited in an escrow fund that is being used ultimately to pay principal and interest on \$59,020,000 in aggregate principal amount of certain of the District's School Improvement Bonds, Series 2004, through June 1, 2014, the date of optional early redemption of those Series 2004 Bonds. As a result, those Series 2004 Bonds were defeased and considered no longer outstanding for purposes of the District's direct debt limitations.

On January 11, 2012, the School District issued \$20,855,000 of School Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, at a true interest cost of approximately 3%. Proceeds of this bond issue (including a portion of the original issue premium), together with \$8,000,000 of cash on hand in the District's bond retirement fund, for a total of \$29,998,078, was deposited in an escrow fund which will be used to pay principal of and interest on \$28,600,000 in aggregate principal amount of certain of the District's Various Purpose Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2002, through December 1, 2012, the date of optional early redemption of those Series 2002 Bonds. As a result, those Series 2002 Bonds were defeased and considered no longer outstanding for purposes of the District's direct debt limitations.

On December 21, 2010, the School District utilized cash on hand to defease \$14,675,000 principal amount of outstanding 2002 School Facilities Improvement Bonds. The School District placed \$15,848,185 from the debt service fund in an escrow account which was used to pay principal and interest on the defeased bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from long-term debt. The defeasance will result in a reduction in future debt service of \$25,172,925.

On September 29, 2010, the School District issued \$55,000,000 of School Improvement Bonds, bearing interest at the rate of 5.20% per annum. The series 2010 bond issue is the third long term financing bond issue related to the School District's participation in the Ohio School Facilities Assistance Program. The District made mandatory sinking fund payments to an escrow fund, which is part of the District's Bond Retirement Fund, held by The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as escrow agent, in the amount of \$3,016,357 on December 1st of each year starting in 2010, reducing the outstanding principal amount of this series of bonds by that aggregate amount pursuant to Sections 133.01 and 133.04 of the Revised Code.

Compensated absences and workers' compensation costs will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid which, for the School District, is primarily the general fund.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$233,884,394 with an unvoted debt margin of \$5,193,251 at June 30, 20.

The School District is subject to federal arbitrage regulations. As of June 30, 2020 the District has not accrued any liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

2020	Principal	Interest	Total
General Obligation F	Bonds		
2021	6,375,000	12,758,431	19,133,431
2022	6,725,000	12,453,331	19,178,331
2023	7,035,000	12,161,631	19,196,631
2024	7,375,000	11,831,294	19,206,294
2025	7,775,000	11,525,756	19,300,756
2026-2030	98,235,000	40,821,280	139,056,280
2031-2050	130,755,000	64,060,573	194,815,573
Total	\$ 264,275,000	\$ 165,612,296	\$ 429,887,296

In fiscal year 2014, the School District entered into an agreement to lease 225 buses. The cost of this lease was \$19,068,000. This agreement is, in substance, a lease purchase (capital lease) and is classified as a long-term lease obligation in the financial statements. \$17,929,613 was added to vehicles and equipment. In the event of default, as defined by the lease agreement, the amounts payable by the School District may become due. If payments are not made, the lessor may retake possession of the buses and hold the School District liable for amounts payable.

The following is a schedule of future lease payments and present value of net minimum lease payments as June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

2020	Principal	Interest	Total
Direct Borrowing - Lease Obligation			
2021	1,350,746	11,255	1,362,001
Total	\$1,350,746	\$11,255	\$1,362,001

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 19 – Interfund Transfers and Balances

A. Transfers

Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Transfers Out			
Transfers To	Gene	eral	Districts Agency Fund	d_ Totals
Major Governmental Funds: General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds:	\$	0	\$ 4,856,076	\$ 4,856,076
Self Insurance Fund	\$ 1,00	0,000	\$ 0	\$ 1,000,000
Totals	\$ 1,00	0,000	\$ 4,856,076	\$ 5,856,076

The purpose of the transfer from the General Fund to the Self Insurance Fund was to fund future liabilities that might occur in that fund.

The purpose of the transfer from the District Agency Fund to the General Fund was to refund the General Fund monies it used in fiscal year 2019 for payroll withholding taxes.

B. Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2020, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Interfund Receivable		
Interfund Payable	General		
Non-Major Governmental Funds:			
Other Local	\$	1,327,356	
Other State		66,322	
ESSER		1,237,824	
Title VI-B Special Education		1,337,515	
Vocational Education		492,000	
Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A		582,393	
Micellaneous Federal Grants		500,000	
Other Federal		3,373,197	
Totals	\$	8,916,607	

The interfund receivable and payable are due to the timing of the receipt of grant monies by the nonmajor funds. The School District expects to receive the grant monies and repay the advance within the next fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 20 - Related Organizations

A. Cleveland Public Library

The Cleveland Public Library (Library) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. A Board of Trustees appointed by the Cleveland Municipal School District Board of Education governs the Library.

The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and issues all tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Business Director of the Cleveland Public Library at 325 Superior Avenue, NE, Cleveland, Ohio 44114.

B. City of Cleveland

In November 1998, the Mayor of the City of Cleveland was given appointment authority for the School District. As approved by the State legislature, the Ohio Revised Code provided for the Mayor to appoint a Chief Executive Officer who was to be approved by the Board. The Board is comprised of nine members who were appointed by the Mayor from a pool of candidates presented to the Mayor by an independent nominating panel. The City of Cleveland's accountability for the School District does not extend beyond appointment authority and therefore the School District is considered to be a related organization rather than a component unit of the City of Cleveland. A copy of the City of Cleveland's comprehensive annual financial report can be obtained from the Finance Director of the City of Cleveland at 601 Lakeside Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44114.

Note 21 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Ohio Schools' Council Association

The Ohio Schools Council (Council) is a jointly governed organization among various school districts in northern Ohio. The jointly governed organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of seven superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year.

The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Suite #10, Independence, Ohio 44131.

B. Bond Accountability Commission

The Bond Accountability Commission (BAC) is an independent nonprofit agency that monitors the Cleveland Municipal School District's construction and renovation program and the spending of Issue 14 tax money approved by voters in May 2001.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

As a commission created by the Board, the BAC is a "public body" subject to the Ohio Sunshine Law as set forth in Section 121.22 of the Ohio Revised Code, and shall conduct its business in accordance with the provisions of the Sunshine Law, including, but not limited to, establishing a reasonable method of notifying the public of the time, place and purpose of its meetings, and preparing, filing and maintaining minutes of its meetings. Other than the Board directing the Chief Executive Officer to secure initial external funding in the amount of \$200,000, the Board does not assume any ongoing financial interest or responsibility for the BAC and, as a result, is considered a jointly governed organization. In fiscal year 2018, the District extended the contract with the BAC for three years in the amount of \$309,588. Annual reports can be obtained by contacting Laura Chalker, Administrator Bond Accountability Commission c/o Cuyahoga Community College, 2900 Community College Avenue MBA, Room 221, Cleveland, Ohio 44115.

Note 22 – Construction and Other Significant Commitments

Projects	Committed Amount		Amount Paid			Remaining on Commitment	
Segment 1	\$	218,634,102	\$	218,634,102		\$	0
Segment 2		99,998,886		99,998,886			0
Segment 3		132,209,511		132,209,511			0
Segment 4		135,924,569		135,924,569			0
Segment 5		194,273,777		194,232,040			41,737
Segment 6		32,942,565		30,637,762			2,304,803
Segment 7		204,115,531		192,205,308			11,910,223
Local Funding Initiatives		229,480,515		219,112,436			10,368,079
Total	\$	1,247,579,456	\$	1,222,954,614	-	\$	24,624,842

Segment 1 consisted of the warm, safe, dry and security updates to all buildings in addition to the construction of five buildings and renovation of three buildings. Segment 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 consisted of the construction of forty-three buildings, the renovation of five buildings and the demolishing of twenty-four buildings. Local Funding Initiatives consisted of various projects throughout the School District.

Note 23 – Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year-end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the fiscal year were as follows (The difference in the General Fund amount related to Note 5 is due to our GASB 54 interpretation):

Gove	rnm	onta	1.
CTOVE	rum	enia	ı.

General Fund	\$ 15,571,046
Permanent Improvement Fund	10,368,079
Classroom Facilities Fund	14,256,775
Other Governmental Funds	13,338,354
Total Governmental	\$ 53,534,254

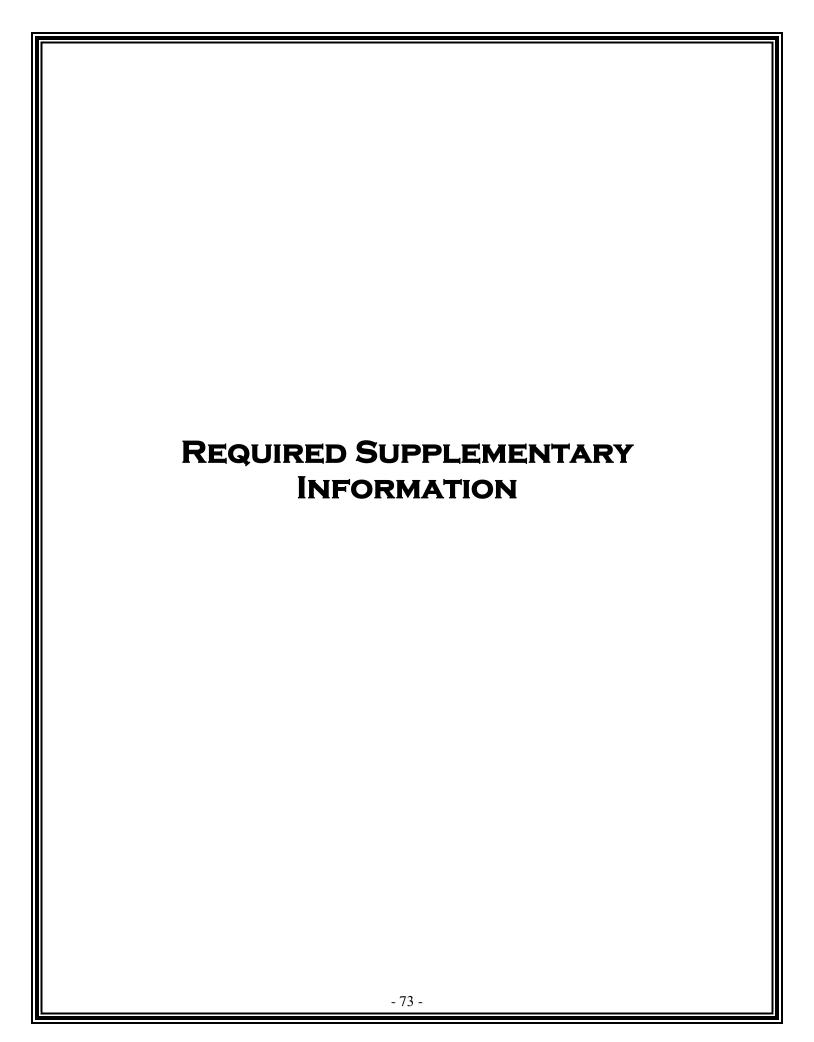
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 24 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plans in which the School District participates fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Note 25 – Subsequent Event

On November 23, 2020, the voters of the City of Cleveland passed a new 10 year 20 mill operating levy. 15 Mills were renewed as part of the original levy passed in 2012 and 5 Mills were new millage not previously passed. This levy was approved to continue to support the Cleveland Plan that was signed into law July 7, 2012. 18.5 mills will be allocated to the current expenses of the District and 1.5 mills will be allocated to the current expenses of partnering community schools. Based on current tax collection rates, the levy is expected to generate \$91.8 million for the District, of which \$3.9 will be distributed to partnering community schools. Collections will begin in calendar year 2021.



Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2010	2010	2015
	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	3.64428330%	3.20954640%	3.39209950%	3.28691765%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	218,043,860	183,816,667	202,670,452	240,517,797
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	122,404,852	100,300,222	121,042,457	96,357,436
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	178.1%	183.3%	167.4%	249.6%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Amounts are presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

2016	2015	2014
3.19451700%	3.02406900%	3.02406900%
182,282,237	153,046,411	179,831,678
94,913,384	87,603,918	82,710,748
192.1%	174.7%	217.4%
69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	2.54829514%	2.52819162%	2.43498990%	2.42079156%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	563,540,156	555,892,572	578,437,070	810,311,904
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	293,811,314	294,089,321	259,652,429	253,700,519
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	191.8%	189.0%	222.8%	319.4%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	77.40%	77.31%	75.30%	66.80%

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Amounts are presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

2016	2015	2014
2.49956532%	2.57306004%	2.57306004%
690,806,743	625,857,249	745,517,166
264,163,707	264,526,215	257,756,744
261.5%	236.6%	289.2%
72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 16,799,671	\$ 16,524,655	\$ 13,540,530	\$ 16,945,944
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(16,799,671)	(16,524,655)	(13,540,530)	(16,945,944)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	119,997,656	122,404,852	100,300,222	121,042,457
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%

					_
2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	 2011
\$ 7,475,192	\$ 12,509,584	\$ 12,141,903	\$ 11,447,168	\$ 11,818,410	\$ 11,137,020
(7,475,192)	(12,509,584)	(12,141,903)	(11,447,168)	(11,818,410)	(11,137,020)
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
53,394,229	94,913,384	87,603,918	82,710,748	87,869,221	88,600,000
14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%	12.57%

Schedule of the School District's Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	 2018	2017
Contracually Required Contribution	\$ 37,891,862	\$ 41,133,584	\$ 41,172,505	\$ 36,351,340
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(37,891,862)	(41,133,584)	(41,172,505)	(36,351,340)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	270,656,157	293,811,314	294,089,321	259,652,429
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

 2016	 2015	 2014	2013	2012	 2011
\$ 35,518,073	\$ 36,982,919	\$ 34,388,408	\$ 33,508,377	\$ 37,477,345	\$ 40,479,746
(35,518,073)	 (36,982,919)	(34,388,408)	(33,508,377)	(37,477,345)	(40,479,746)
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
253,700,519	264,163,704	264,526,215	257,756,744	288,287,270	311,382,660
14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	3.42819010%	3.05970770%	3.23236710%	3.16413311%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	86,211,771	84,884,557	86,748,240	90,189,498
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll (2)	122,404,852	100,300,222	121,042,457	53,394,229
School District's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	70.43%	84.63%	71.67%	168.91%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Amounts are presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available.

⁽²⁾ Schools Districts' covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio
Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	2.54829514%	2.52819162%	2.43498990%	2.42079156%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	(42,205,883)	(40,625,461)	95,004,321	129,464,562
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll (2)	293,811,314	294,089,321	259,652,429	253,700,519
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	-14.36%	-13.81%	36.59%	51.03%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Amounts are presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available.

⁽²⁾ School Districts' covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Contributions - OPEB
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2020	2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually Required Contribution (2)	\$ 523,658	\$ 1,268,133	\$ 1,282,343	\$ 791,147
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 (523,658)	 (1,268,133)	 (1,282,343)	(791,147)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll (1)	119,997,650	122,404,852	100,300,222	121,042,457
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	0.44%	1.04%	1.28%	0.65%

⁽¹⁾ School Districts' covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB

⁽²⁾ Includes Surcharge

 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012	2011
\$ 888,656	\$ 778,290	\$ 142,159	\$ 133,572	\$ 486,789	\$ 1,342,438
 (888,656)	 (778,290)	 (142,159)	 (133,572)	 (486,789)	 (1,342,438)
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
53,394,225	94,913,381	87,603,918	82,710,751	87,869,219	88,600,000
1.66%	0.82%	0.16%	0.16%	0.55%	1.52%

See Accompanying Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the School District's Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio - OPEB Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	 0	 0	 0	 0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll (1)	270,656,157	293,811,314	294,089,321	259,652,429
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

⁽¹⁾ School Districts' covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB

 2016	2015	 2014	2013	2012		2011
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,645,262	\$ 2,577,567	\$ 2,882,873	\$	3,113,827
0	 0	(2,645,262)	 (2,577,567)	 (2,882,873)		(3,113,827)
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0
253,700,521	264,163,704	264,526,215	257,756,744	288,287,270	í	3,113,826,660
0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%		0.10%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Net Pension Liability

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016 and prior
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases,		
including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent	4.00 percent to 22.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent, net of investment	7.75 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of zero percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented as follows:

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017 and prior
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 perecent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.25 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on
		fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022 – Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Note 2 - Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate,	net of plan investment expense,
including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74*, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)* and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules Fund Descriptions – Non major Governmental Funds

Non-major Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Local Funds:

Educational Special Trust Fund – This fund accounts for monies received from private individuals, companies and foundations for specified activities for purposes. This fund also accounts for monies being placed from the general fund for the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds into a escrow account held by a trustee in order to repay the obligation at maturity.

Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund – This fund accounts for the proceeds of a levy for the maintenance of facilities.

Partnering Community School – This fund reflects resources that belong to the Community Schools that partner with the District.

Other Local Funds – This fund accounts for all activity in other local funds including Public School Support, Other Grants, and District Managed Activity.

State Funds:

Auxiliary Services (NPSS) Fund – This fund accounts for State funds which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the School District.

Student Wellness and Success Fund – This fund accounts for State funds to help districts and schools support their students' academic achievement through mental health counseling, wrap-around services, mentoring and after-school programs.

Miscellaneous State Grants Fund – This fund is used to account for various monies received from State agencies which are not classified elsewhere including all money for students who resides in the district but are enrolled in a community school.

Other State Funds – This fund accounts for all activity in other State funds including Management Information Systems, Public School Preschool, Data Communications for School Buildings, Interactive Video Distance Learning, Vocational Education Enhancement and Alternative Schools.

Fund Descriptions – Non major Governmental Funds (continued)

Non-major Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Federal Funds:

Food Service Fund – This fund is used to record financial transactions related to food service operations.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund – This fund accounts for Federal monies used to assist schools and districts as a result of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. Funds can support any allowable activity under existing federal funds (Title I, Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Perkins, etc.), expenses directly related to the pandemic, as well as "other activities that are necessary to maintain the operation of continuity of services."

Title VI-B, Special Education Fund - This fund accounts for Federal monies used to assist schools in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

Vocational Education Fund – This fund accounts for revenues used in the development of vocational education programs in the following categories: secondary, post-secondary, adult, disadvantaged and handicapped persons, exemplary programs, cooperative education, construction of educational schools, ancillary services, research, advisory committees and work-study projects, including sex equity grants.

Title I – This fund accounts for Federal Monies used to assist the School District in meeting the special needs of economically and educationally deprived children.

Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A Fund – Funding for professional development and other programs to ensure teachers meet high quality standards. This fund also accounts for monies used to hire additional classroom teachers in elementary grades, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund – This fund accounts for various monies received through State agencies from the Federal Government or directly from the Federal Government which are not required to be in a separate fund.

Other Federal Funds – This fund accounts for all activity in other Federal funds including School Maintenance and Operational Assistance, Title II Technology, Title I Subsidiary A, Title I Subsidiary G, Nutrition Education Training Program, Bilingual Education Program, Transition for Refugee Children, and IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped.

(THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK)

Cleveland Municipal School District Combining Balance Sneet

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2020

	E	ducational Special Trust	ecial Facilities		Partnering Community Schools	
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$	7,120,616	\$	3,644,187	\$	58,407
Taxes Accounts Intergovernmental		0 291,117 100,852		2,738,787 0 0		5,560,236 0 0
Materials and Supplies Inventory		0		0		0
Total Assets	\$	7,512,585	\$	6,382,974	\$	5,618,643
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Interfund Payable Intergovernmental Payable	\$	67,562 61,899 0 28,027	\$	207,765 0 0 0	\$	0 0 0 0
Total Liabilities		157,488		207,765		0
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Unavailable Revenue		0		1,567,544 823,347		3,185,568 1,678,877
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		2,390,891		4,864,445
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned		7,355,097 0		0 3,784,318 0		0 754,198 0
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		7,355,097		3,784,318		754,198
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	7,512,585	\$	6,382,974	\$	5,618,643

	Other Local	Auxiliary vices (NPSS)	Student Wellness	Mi	scellaneous State Grants	Other State		Food Service		
\$	1,014,777	\$ 3,503,256	\$ 1,418,297	\$	1,383,028	\$	7,918	\$	4,256,638	
	0 1,327,356 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 151,065 0		0 0 20,525 0		0 0 279,494 1,617,886	
\$	2,342,133	\$ 3,503,256	\$ 1,418,297	\$	1,534,093	\$	28,443	\$	6,154,018	
\$	0 0 1,327,356 0	\$ 410,166 199,328 0 88,576	\$ 632,577 234,785 0 87,561	\$	847 12,951 0 1,283	\$	0 60,015 66,322 23,028	\$	171,598 230,913 0 189,252	
_	1,327,356	 698,070	 954,923		15,081		149,365		591,763	
	0 1,327,356 1,327,356	0 0	 0 0		0 80,297 80,297		0 4,157 4,157		0 0	
	0 0 (312,579)	0 2,805,186 0	0 463,374 0		0 1,438,715 0		0 0 (125,079)		1,617,886 3,944,369 0	
	(312,579)	2,805,186	463,374		1,438,715		(125,079)		5,562,255	
\$	2,342,133	\$ 3,503,256	\$ 1,418,297	\$	1,534,093	\$	28,443	\$	6,154,018	

(continued)

Cleveland Municipal School District

Combining Balance Sneet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued) June 30, 2020

Assets	E	SSER		Title VI-B Special Education
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	0	\$	7,022
Receivables:	Ψ		Ψ	.,===
Taxes		0		0
Accounts		0		0
Intergovernmental		1,237,824		1,372,655
Materials and Supplies Inventory		0		0
Total Assets		1,237,824		1,379,677
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable		325,063		0
Accrued Wages and Benefits		4,345		676,686
Interfund Payable		1,237,824		1,337,515
Intergovernmental Payable		550		357,947
Total Liabilities		1,567,782		2,372,148
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes		0		0
Unavailable Revenue		0		83,102
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		83,102
Fund Balance:				
Nonspendable		0		0
Restricted		0		0
Unassigned		(329,958)		(1,075,573)
•		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		(329,958)		(1,075,573)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,237,824	\$	1,379,677

Vocational Education		TitleI		Tea	Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A		scellaneous Federal Grants		Other Federal	Total Nonmajor Other Governmental Funds		
\$	245,067	\$	2,394,682	\$	1	\$	709,762	\$	839,954	\$	26,603,612	
	0		0		0		0		0		8,299,023	
	0		0		0		0		0		1,618,473	
	158,550		3,032,613		416,162		144,775		650,917		7,565,432	
	0		0		0		0		0		1,617,886	
	403,617		5,427,295		416,163		854,537	_	1,490,871		45,704,426	
	0		1,733,998		0		45,006		1,447,998		5,042,580	
	3,695		2,549,142		16,804		53,444		239,248		4,343,255	
	492,000		0		582,393		500,000		3,373,197		8,916,607	
	1,621		1,024,412		6,183		13,103		98,722		1,920,265	
	497,316		5,307,552		605,380		611,553		5,159,165		20,222,707	
	0		0		0		0		0		4,753,112	
	0		1,118,587		0		132,041		1,234,053		6,481,817	
	0		1,118,587		0		132,041		1,234,053		11,234,929	
	0		0		0		0		0		1,617,886	
	0		0		0		110,943		0		20,656,200	
	(93,699)		(998,844)		(189,217)		0		(4,902,347)		(8,027,296)	
	(93,699)		(998,844)		(189,217)		110,943		(4,902,347)		14,246,790	
\$	403,617	\$	5,427,295	\$	416,163	\$	854,537	\$	1,490,871	\$	45,704,426	

Cleveland Municipal School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:	Educational Special Trust			Classroom Facilities Laintenance	Partnering Community Schools	
Taxes	\$	0	\$	1,108,523	\$	2,023,113
Investment Income	Ф	0	Ф		Ф	
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		0
Contributions and Donations		5,714,215		0		0
Food Services		0,714,213		0		0
Miscellaneous		0		0		0
Intergovernmental		50,914		2,043,517		366,307
Total Revenues		5,765,129	-	3,152,040		2,389,420
Total Revenues		5,765,129	-	3,132,040		2,309,420
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		221,362		0		0
Special		13,512		0		0
Vocational		. 0		0		0
Other		566,011		0		0
Support Services:		,				
Pupils		178,486		0		0
Instructional Staff		3,338,348		0		0
Board of Education		0		0		0
Administration		1,274		0		0
Fiscal		3,214		0		3,905,122
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		0		4,205,319		0
Pupil Transportation		52,924		0		0
Central		77,232		0		0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		24,044		0		0
Extracurricular Activities		230,648		0		0
Total Expenditures		4,707,055		4,205,319		3,905,122
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,058,074		(1,053,279)		(1,515,702)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year		6,297,023		4,837,597		2,269,900
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	7,355,097	\$	3,784,318	\$	754,198

Other Local	Auxiliary vices (NPSS)	Student Wellenss	Mi	scellaneous State Grants	Other State		Food Service
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0
0	0	0		0		0	451
348,566	0	0		0		0	0
0	0	0		0		0	0
0	0	0		0		0	150,736
0	0	0		0		292,351	11,729
 0	 8,947,455	 8,896,763		2,072,452		1,115,612	18,448,515
 348,566	 8,947,455	 8,896,763		2,072,452		1,407,963	 18,611,431
0.705	0	7.400		000 504		500 440	0
8,735	0	7,120		320,581		582,410	0
0	0	0		0		39,839	0
0	0	0		109,591		617	0
0	0	0		1,009,105		0	0
0	18,647	6,392,454		92,373		0	0
0	0	605,423		(4,653)		496,670	0
0	0	0		0		0	0
5,493	0	1,428,392		3,968		156,968	0
0	0	0		0		0	0
0	0	0		83,092		0	0
0	0	0		0		0	0
0	0	0		0		0	0
136	9,024,409	0		37,707		0	19,293,525
 250,952	 0.042.050	 0 422 200		218		0	 0
 265,316	 9,043,056	 8,433,389		1,651,982		1,276,504	 19,293,525
83,250	(95,601)	463,374		420,470		131,459	(682,094)
 (395,829)	 2,900,787	0		1,018,245		(256,538)	 6,244,349
\$ (312,579)	\$ 2,805,186	\$ 463,374	\$	1,438,715	\$	(125,079)	\$ 5,562,255

(continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:	ESSER	Title VI-B Special Education		 /ocational Education
Taxes	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 0
Investment Income	0		0	0
Extracurricular Activities	0		0	0
Contributions and Donations	0		0	0
Food Services	0		0	0
Miscellaneous	0		0	0
Intergovernmental	1,237,824		17,333,744	 1,268,576
Total Revenues	 1,237,824		17,333,744	 1,268,576
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	0		0	0
Special	0		11,998,455	0
Vocational	0		24,438	845,269
Other	1,226,449		0	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	25,046		1,859,732	0
Instructional Staff	2,573		927,360	304,386
Board of Education	0		0	3,177
Administration	4,205		1,194,654	59,597
Fiscal	10,827		464,426	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	102,697		0	0
Pupil Transportation	0		0	14,024
Central	2,239		0	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	192,586		249,312	0
Extracurricular Activities	 1,160		0	 0
Total Expenditures	1,567,782		16,718,377	1,226,453
Net Change in Fund Balances	(329,958)		615,367	42,123
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	 0		(1,690,940)	 (135,822)
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ (329,958)	\$	(1,075,573)	\$ (93,699)

TitleI	Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A	М	Miscellaneous Federal Grants		Federal		Other Federal	Othe	Total Nonmajor & Governmental Funds
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,131,636		
0	0		0		0		451		
0	0		0		0		348,566		
0	0		0		0		5,714,215		
0	0		0		0		150,736		
0	0		0		0		304,080		
43,139,397	1,372,983		2,555,930		5,399,663		114,249,652		
43,139,397	1,372,983		2,555,930		5,399,663		123,899,336		
19,425	0		417,204		(254,389)		1,322,448		
29,161,619	0		0		609,249		41,822,674		
0	0		0		0		979,915		
2,460,274	0		645,993		4,551,697		10,459,529		
1,535,611	0		913,568		35,425		11,051,342		
2,700,478	1,049,704		564,997		2,684,011		12,669,297		
0	0		0		0		3,177		
837,875	0		0		16,431		3,708,857		
1,328,533	61,983		78,720		26,925		5,879,750		
376,696	0		0		512		4,768,316		
(27,239)	0		0		14,650		54,359		
0	1,000		30,164		0		110,635		
4,524,145	155,208		149,371		106,367		33,756,810		
0	0		0		0		482,978		
 42,917,417	1,267,895		2,800,017		7,790,878		127,070,087		
221,980	105,088		(244,087)		(2,391,215)		(3,170,751)		
 (1,220,824)	(294,305)	. <u></u>	355,030		(2,511,132)		17,417,541		
\$ (998,844)	\$ (189,217)	\$	110,943	\$	(4,902,347)	\$	14,246,790		

Combining Statements Fund Descriptions – Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are established to account for the providing of goods or services by one department to other departments of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The following is the School District's internal service fund types:

Internal Service Funds

Liability Self-Insurance Fund – This fund accounts for the self-insurance of uninsured risks of loss and associated expenses attributable to deductibles and self-insured retention limits for general liability and property damage claim settlements and judgments.

Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund – This fund accounts for the medical benefits self-insurance program for employees of the School District. Monthly fees are paid and any balance on hand is held until used.

Cleveland Municipal School District Combining Statement of Fund Net Position

Combining Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2020

	,		Totals		
				_	
\$	2,025,840	\$	15,167,331	\$	17,193,171
	1 822 175		16 029 926		17,852,101
-	1,022,170		10,020,020		11,002,101
\$	203,665	\$	(862,595)	\$	(658,930)
	\$	1,822,175	Liability Self-Insurance Se \$ 2,025,840 \$ 1,822,175	Self-Insurance Self-Insurance \$ 2,025,840 \$ 15,167,331 1,822,175 16,029,926	Liability Benefits Self-Insurance Self-Insurance \$ 2,025,840 \$ 15,167,331 \$ 1,822,175 16,029,926

Cleveland Municipal School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Liability Self-Insurance			Employee Benefits elf-Insurance	Totals
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services	\$	144,051	\$	100,315,896	\$ 100,459,947
Operating Expenses: Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses		666,164		99,356,732	100,022,896
Operating Income (Loss)		(522,113)		959,164	437,051
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Transfers In		1,000,000		0	1,000,000
Change in Net Position		477,887		959,164	1,437,051
Net Position at Beginning of Year		(274,222)		(1,821,759)	 (2,095,981)
Net Position at End of Year	\$	203,665	\$	(862,595)	\$ (658,930)

Cleveland Municipal School District Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Liability Self-Insurance		Employee Benefits Self-Insurance		Totals
Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided Cash Payments for Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses	\$	144,052 (539,923)	\$	100,315,895 (96,412,318)	\$ 100,459,947 (96,952,241)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(395,871)		3,903,577	3,507,706
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Cash Received through Transfers from Other Funds		1,000,000		0	1,000,000
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		604,129		3,903,577	4,507,706
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,421,711		11,263,754	12,685,465
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	2,025,840	\$	15,167,331	\$ 17,193,171
Reconciliation of Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(522,113)	\$	959,164	\$ 437,051
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		126,241		2,944,414	 3,070,655
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	(395,872)	\$	3,903,578	\$ 3,507,706

Combining Statements Fund Descriptions – Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The following is the School District's fiduciary fund type:

Agency Funds

District Agency Fund – This fund reflects resources which accounts for various payroll withholding items.

Student Managed Activity – This fund reflects resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools.

Cleveland Municipal School District Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

District Agency Fund Assets:		eginning Balance Iy 1, 2019	 Additions	 Deductions	Ending Balance e 30, 2020
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	0	\$ 4,856,076	\$ 4,856,076	\$ 0
Liabilities: Payroll Withholdings		0	 4,856,076	 4,856,076	 0
Student M anaged Activity Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	564,145	\$ 358,292	\$ 417,939	\$ 504,498
Liabilities: Due to Students		564,145	 358,292	 417,939	 504,498
All Agency Funds Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	564,145	\$ 5,214,368	\$ 5,274,015	\$ 504,498
Total Assets		564,145	5,214,368	5,274,015	504,498
Liabilities: Due To Students Payroll Withholdings		564,145 0	358,292 4,856,076	417,939 4,856,076	504,498 0
Total Liabilities	\$	564,145	\$ 5,214,368	\$ 5,274,015	\$ 504,498

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and
Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance/Fund Equity – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Changes in Fund Balance/Fund Equity – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
- 108 -

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Democra		Final Budget	Actual	F	ariance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Local Sources:					
Taxes	\$	20,000,000	\$ 18,837,086	\$	(1,162,914)
Investment Income		500,000	433,659		(66,341)
State Sources:					
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid		1,500,000	 2,253,534		753,534
Total Revenues		22,000,000	21,524,279		(475,721)
Expenditures: Support Services:		4 000 000	450,000		540.404
Fiscal Debt Service:		1,000,000	459,809		540,191
Principal Retirement		6,200,000	6,105,000		95,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		15,800,000	13,012,599		2,787,401
Total Expenditures		23,000,000	 19,577,408		3,422,592
	-	20,000,000	 		0,,00_
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,000,000)	1,946,871		2,946,871
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		48,462,407	 48,462,407		0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	47,462,407	\$ 50,409,278	\$	2,946,871

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Permanent Improvement Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	•	0.000.000	•	4 774 007	•	(005.740)
Taxes	\$	2,000,000	\$	1,774,287	\$	(225,713)
Investment Income		1,000,000		1,183,457		183,457
Intergovernmental		0		63,709		63,709
Total Revenues		3,000,000		3,021,453		21,453
Expenditures: Support Services:						
Fiscal		481,088		178,131		302,957
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		956,851		354,291		602,560
Capital Outlay		35,903,003		23,661,781		12,241,222
Total Expenditures		37,340,942		24,194,203		13,146,739
Net Change in Fund Balances		(34,340,942)		(21,172,750)		13,168,192
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		66,394,923		66,394,923		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		20,340,942		20,340,942		0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	52,394,923	\$	65,563,115	\$	13,168,192

Cleveland M unicipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Classroom Facilities Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Investment Income	\$ 500,000	\$ 149,930	\$ (350,070)
Intergovernmental	29,500,000	29,402,189	(97,811)
Total Revenues	30,000,000	29,552,119	(447,881)
Expenditures: Support Services: Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	109,128,667 109,128,667	59,837,811 59,837,811	49,290,856 49,290,856
Net Change in Fund Balances	(79,128,667)	(30,285,692)	48,842,975
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(53,543,471)	(53,543,471)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	76,128,667	76,128,667	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ (56,543,471)	\$ (7,700,496)	\$ 48,842,975

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Educational Special Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Contributions and Donations	\$	5,500,000	\$	5,747,306	\$	247,306	
Intergovernmental	Ψ	0	Ψ	50,914	Ψ	50,914	
Total Revenues		5,500,000		5,798,220		298,220	
Expenditures:							
Instruction:							
Regular		361,771		250,578		111,193	
Special		20,255		14,029		6,226	
Other		869,398		602,182		267,216	
Support Services:							
Pupils		338,314		234,331		103,983	
Instructional Staff		5,984,944		4,145,428		1,839,516	
Administration		8,166		5,656		2,510	
Fiscal		5,056		3,502		1,554	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		549		380		169	
Pupil Transportation		110,281		76,385		33,896	
Central		94,533		65,478		29,055	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		37,673		26,094		11,579	
Extracurricular Activities		427,315		295,977		131,338	
Total Expenditures		8,258,255		5,720,020		2,538,235	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,758,255)		78,200		2,836,455	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		4,511,010		4,511,010		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		1,472,064		1,472,064		0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	3,224,819	\$	6,061,274	\$	2,836,455	

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget Actual				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		_		_			
Taxes	\$ 1,500,000	\$	1,677,922	\$	177,922		
Intergovernmental	 2,000,000		2,043,517		43,517		
Total Revenues	 3,500,000		3,721,439		221,439		
Expenditures: Support Services: Operation and Maintenance of Plant Total Expenditures	 6,370,347 6,370,347		6,098,548 6,098,548		271,799 271,799		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,870,347)		(2,377,109)		493,238		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,677,710 1,470,347		2,677,710 1,470,347		0		
The observed	 ., 0,0		., 0,0				
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,277,710	\$	1,770,948	\$	493,238		

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Partnering Community Schools For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	•	4 000 000	•	0.404.040	•	(000 007)	
Taxes	\$	4,000,000	\$	3,161,913	\$	(838,087)	
Intergovernmental		500,000		366,307		(133,693)	
Total Revenues		4,500,000		3,528,220		(971,780)	
Expenditures: Support Services: Fiscal Total Expenditures		4,298,807 4,298,807		3,905,135 3,905,135		393,672 393,672	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		201,193		(376,915)		(578,108)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		336,502 98,807		336,502 98,807		0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	636,502	\$	58,394	\$	(578,108)	

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Other Local Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:			
Extracurricular Activities	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 348,566	\$ (851,434)
Total Revenues	1,200,000	348,566	(851,434)
Expenditures: Instruction:			
	207.012	11,706	276,207
Regular Support Services:	287,913	11,700	270,207
Administration	35,627	7,820	27,807
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	882	136	746
Extracurricular Activities	1,178,215	362,321	815,894
Total Expenditures	1,502,637	381,983	1,120,654
Net Change in Fund Balances	(302,637)	(33,417)	269,220
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(544,013)	(544,013)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	165,170	165,170	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ (681,480)	\$ (412,260)	\$ 269,220

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Auxiliary Services (NPSS) Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 8,947,455	\$ (1,052,545)	
Total Revenues	10,000,000	8,947,455	(1,052,545)	
Expenditures: Current: Support Services: Pupils Operation of Non-Instructional Services Total Expenditures	100,000 13,488,213 13,588,213	21,611 10,988,516 11,010,127	78,389 2,499,697 2,578,086	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,588,213)	(2,062,672)	1,525,541	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,588,213)	(2,062,672)	1,525,541	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,451,728	1,451,728	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,288,213	2,288,213	0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 151,728	\$ 1,677,269	\$ 1,525,541	

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Student Wellness Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Φ 0000 700	A 0.000 T 00	
Integovernmental	\$ 8,896,763	\$ 8,896,763	\$ 0
Total Revenues	8,896,763	8,896,763	0
Expenditures			
Instruction:			
Regular	8,470	7,120	1,350
Support Services:			
Pupils	7,221,308	6,070,108	1,151,200
Instructional Staff	720,242	605,423	114,819
Administration	946,743	1,145,815	(199,072)
Total Expenditures	8,896,763	7,828,466	1,068,297
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	1,068,297	1,068,297
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	0	0	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 0	\$ 1,068,297	\$ 1,068,297

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Miscellaneous State Grants Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget			
Revenues:	Ф 0.000.000	Ф 0.007.740	ф (000 000)	
Integovernmental	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 2,067,718	\$ (932,282)	
Total Revenues	3,000,000	2,067,718	(932,282)	
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular	370,755	333,181	37,574	
Vocational	130,361	230,823	(100,462)	
Other	1,933,091	1,753,035	180,056	
Support Services:				
Pupils	112,736	94,774	17,962	
Instructional Staff	81,373	79,860	1,513	
Administration	4,720	3,968	752	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	99,920	84,000	15,920	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	44,853	37,707	7,146	
Extracurricular Activities	260	268	(8)	
Total Expenditures	2,778,069	2,617,616	160,453	
Net Change in Fund Balances	221,931	(549,898)	(771,829)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	1,022,734	1,022,734	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	628,019	628,019	0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 1,872,684	\$ 1,100,855	\$ (771,829)	

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Other State Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:		200,000		202.254		(7.040)
Miscellaneous	ď	300,000	¢.	292,351	φ	(7,649)
Intergovernmental Total Revenues	\$	1,328,000	\$	1,272,285	\$	(55,715)
Total Revenues		1,628,000		1,564,636		(63,364)
Expenditures						
Instruction:						
Regular		637,887		724,892		(87,005)
Special		35,285		39,839		(4,554)
Vocational		6,000		5,013		987
Support Services:						
Instructional Staff		452,041		494,174		(42,133)
Administration		139,025		156,968		(17,943)
Total Expenditures		1,270,238		1,420,886		(150,648)
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures		357,762		143,750		(214,012)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Advances In		26,000		26,000		0
Advances Out		(813,000)		(813,000)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(787,000)		(787,000)		0
Net Change in Fund Balances		(429,238)		(643,250)		(214,012)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		578,060		578,060		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		40,015		40,015		0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	188,837	\$	(25,175)	\$	(214,012)

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Food Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Investment Income Food Services Miscellaneous Intergovernmental Total Revenues	\$ 0 200,000 0 22,800,000 23,000,000	\$ 451 150,736 12,792 19,966,054 20,130,033	\$ 451 (49,264) 12,792 (2,833,946) (2,869,967)	
Expenditures: Support Services: Operation of Non-Instructional Services Total Expenditures	27,479,270 27,479,270	25,390,605 25,390,605	2,088,665 2,088,665	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,479,270)	(5,260,572)	(781,302)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,851,015	2,851,015	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,472,617	2,472,617	0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 844,362	\$ 63,060	\$ (781,302)	

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:	 Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,275,482	\$	0	\$	(2,275,482)
Total Revenues	 2,275,482		0		(2,275,482)
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Other	3,088,089		1,092,146		1,995,943
Support Services:					
Pupils	70,818		25,046		45,772
Instructional Staff	7,275		2,573		4,702
Administration	11,019		3,897		7,122
Fiscal	30,613		10,827		19,786
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	280,691		99,270		181,421
Central	6,332		2,239		4,093
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	 5,163		1,826		3,337
Total Expenditures	 3,500,000		1,237,824		2,262,176
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,224,518)		(1,237,824)		(13,306)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Advances In	1,224,518		1,224,518		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,224,518	-	1,224,518		0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0		(13,306)		(13,306)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	0		0		0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 0	\$	(13,306)	\$	(13,306)

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Title VI-B Special Education Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 19,250,000	\$ 17,028,395	\$ (2,221,605)	
Total Revenues	19,250,000	17,028,395	(2,221,605)	
Expenditures				
Instruction:				
Special	13,291,513	12,139,704	1,151,809	
Vocational	26,848	27,518	(670)	
Other	66,993	60,979	6,014	
Support Services:				
Pupils	2,440,447	2,283,762	156,685	
Instructional Staff	1,065,344	969,706	95,638	
Administration	1,359,991	1,237,903	122,088	
Fiscal	510,230	464,426	45,804	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	390,214	415,194	(24,980)	
Total Expenditures	19,151,580	17,599,192	1,552,388	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	98,420	(570,797)	(669,217)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(1,069,791)	(1,069,791)	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	136,198	136,198	0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ (835,173)	\$ (1,504,390)	\$ (669,217)	

Cleveland M unicipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Vocational Education Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues: Intergovernmental Total Revenues	Final Budget \$ 1,758,000 1,758,000	Actual \$ 1,218,480 1,218,480	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ (539,520) (539,520)
Expenditures: Instruction: Vocational	1,354,000	1,320,546	33,454
Support Services: Instructional Staff Administration Pupil Transportation Total Expenditures	491,981 100,647 21,716 1,968,344	319,313 64,996 14,174 1,719,029	172,668 35,651 7,542 249,315
Deficiency of Revenues Under Expenditures	(210,344)	(500,549)	(290,205)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Advances In Advances Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	492,000 (126,000) 366,000	492,000 (126,000) 366,000	0 0 0
Net Change in Fund Balances	155,656	(134,549)	(290,205)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(150,250)	(150,250)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	81,957	81,957	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 87,363	\$ (202,842)	\$ (290,205)

Cleveland M unicipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Title I Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Revenues:		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance With inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$	43,500,000	\$	42,634,084	\$	(865,916)
Total Revenues	Ψ	43,500,000	<u> </u>	42,634,084	Ψ	(865,916)
Expenditures: Instruction:						
Regular		20,427		19,425		1,002
Special		30,185,745		28,714,670		1,471,075
Other		3,755,882		5,084,483		(1,328,601)
Support Services:						
Pupils		1,720,074		1,637,371		82,703
Instructional Staff		2,602,133		2,862,283		(260,150)
Administration		906,003		861,582		44,421
Fiscal		1,397,030		1,328,533		68,497
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		82,162		78,134		4,028
Pupil Transportation		157,027		149,328		7,699
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		5,056,636		4,974,016		82,620
Total Expenditures		45,883,119		45,709,825		173,294
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,383,119)		(3,075,741)		(692,622)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		2,857,177		2,857,177		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		536,898		536,898		0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	1,010,956	\$	318,334	\$	(692,622)

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Improving Teacher Quality Title II-A Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	Φ 0.400.000	(0.40.440)	
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 1,151,887	\$ (948,113)
Total Revenues	2,100,000	1,151,887	(948,113)
Expenditures: Support Services:			
Instructional Staff	1,343,931	1,114,843	229,088
Fiscal	74,897	61,983	12,914
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	217,852	190,189	27,663
Total Expenditures	1,636,680	1,367,015	269,665
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	463,320	(215,128)	(678,448)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances Out	(652,000)	(652,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(652,000)	(652,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(188,680)	(867,128)	(678,448)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	183,597	183,597	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	88,585	88,585	0
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 83,502	\$ (594,946)	\$ (678,448)

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	•	4 000 000	•	0.044.004	•	(4.050.040)	
Intergovernmental	\$	4,600,000	\$	3,341,384	\$	(1,258,616)	
Total Revenues		4,600,000		3,341,384		(1,258,616)	
Expenditures: Instruction:							
Regular		710,407		415,708		294,699	
Other		1,070,286		671,567		398,719	
Support Services:							
Pupils		1,556,649		958,174		598,475	
Instructional Staff		952,530		610,690		341,840	
Fiscal		134,550		78,720		55,830	
Central		17,947		161,500		(143,553)	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		255,308		151,205		104,103	
Total Expenditures		4,697,677		3,047,564		1,650,113	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(97,677)		293,820		391,497	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Advances In		500,000		500,000		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		500,000		500,000		0	
• , ,							
Net Change in Fund Balances		402,323		793,820		391,497	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		(517,247)		(517,247)		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		134,053		134,053		0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	19,129	\$	410,626	\$	391,497	

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Other Federal Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	9,480,000	\$	7,000,684	\$	(2,479,316)	
Total Revenues	<u> </u>	9,480,000	Ψ	7,000,684	Ψ	(2,479,316)	
Expenditures:							
Current: Instruction:							
		264		241		23	
Regular Special		916,043		647,396		268,647	
Other		3,662,979				,	
Support Services:		3,002,979		3,791,787		(128,808)	
Pupils		52,753		57,421		(4,668)	
Instructional Staff		3,973,122		3,026,024		947,098	
Administration		17,395		17,459		(64)	
Fiscal		27,172		26,925		247	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		9,149		8,892		257	
Pupil Transportation		16,051		14,650		1,401	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		151,184		109,996		41,188	
Total Expenditures		8,826,112	-	7,700,791		1,125,321	
- 45 41							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		0=0.000		(700 107)		(4.050.005)	
Over (Under) Expenditures		653,888		(700,107)		(1,353,995)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
AdvancesIn		1,682,000		2,982,000		1,300,000	
Advances Out		(2,409,000)		(2,409,000)		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(727,000)		573,000		1,300,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(73,112)		(127,107)		(53,995)	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		(77,160)		(77,160)		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		883,859		883,859		0	
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	733,587	\$	679,592	\$	(53,995)	

Cleveland Municipal School District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes
In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
Liability Self-Insurance Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Final Budget	Actual	Fir	iance With nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues: Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$	0	\$ 144,051 144,051	\$	144,051 144,051
Expenses: Current: Support Services: Administration Total Expenses	\$	1,123,042 1,123,042	\$ 628,342 628,342	\$	494,700 494,700
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,123,042)	(484,291)		638,751
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	1,000,000	 1,000,000		0
Net Change in Fund Equity		(123,042)	515,709		638,751
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year		1,298,459	1,298,459		0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		123,252	123,252		0
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$	1,298,669	\$ 1,937,420	\$	638,751

Cleveland Municipal School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 112,000,000	\$ 100,315,896	\$ (11,684,104)		
Total Revenues	112,000,000	100,315,896	(11,684,104)		
Expenses: Support Services: Central Total Expenses	112,000,000	96,412,318 96,412,318	15,587,682 15,587,682		
Net Change in Fund Equity	0	3,903,578	3,903,578		
Fund Equity at Beginning of Year	11,263,754	11,263,754	0		
Fund Equity at End of Year	\$ 11,263,754	\$ 15,167,332	\$ 3,903,578		

Statistical Section



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Cleveland Municipal School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School District overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u> <u>Page</u>

Financial Trends S2

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity S16

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School District's most significant local revenue source of Property Tax and Foundation payments.

Debt Capacity S22

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School District's current levels of outstanding debt, and the ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

S27

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

S29

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The School District implemented GASB Statement 54 for the year ended June 30, 2011; schedules presenting government wide net position information include information beginning in that year. GASB 54 changed the classification of the governmental fund balance, but did not change the government wide net position. The School District implemented GASB 68 for the year ended June 30, 2015 and implemented GASB 75 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

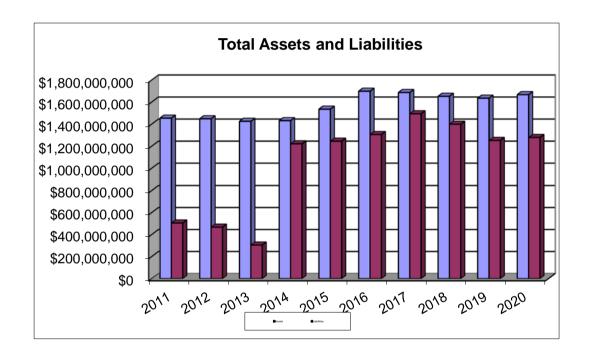
Cleveland Municipal School District

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2011			2012	 2013	2014 (a)
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	503,951,883	\$	518,814,295	\$ 558,674,014	\$ 619,248,160
Restricted						
Restricted Debt Service		48,223,777		51,217,114	42,713,939	49,735,043
Restricted Capital Programs		260,606,827		278,969,178	184,352,359	84,864,225
Restricted Special Revenue		77,722,493		58,944,626	47,468,206	47,730,652
Unrestricted		58,715,005		73,262,646	 113,553,821	 (720,669,457)
Total Net Position	\$	949,219,985	\$	981,207,859	\$ 946,762,339	\$ 80,908,623

Source: School District Financial Records a-GASB 68 was implemented in FY 15 and restated FY 14 b-GASB 75 was implemented in FY 18 and restated FY 17

2015 (a)	2016	2017 (b)		2018		2019	 2020
\$ 501,440,286	\$ 511,830,184	\$	536,270,536	\$	656,511,658	\$ 836,681,681	\$ 740,395,317
51,010,824 222,963,999 18,957,773 (754,622,557)	46,540,646 319,958,620 19,575,978 (707,027,575)		47,607,887 320,528,644 25,968,633 (995,142,892)		49,731,602 190,674,105 27,927,377 (705,938,812)	59,662,539 134,683,331 28,581,881 (805,192,740)	60,260,720 92,674,288 16,309,161 (738,226,650)
\$ 39,750,325	\$ 190,877,853	\$	(64,767,192)	\$	218,905,930	\$ 254,416,692	\$ 171,412,836



Cleveland Municipal School District

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	 2011	 2012	2013		2014
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 297,907,426	\$ 322,367,731	\$ 367,669,653	\$	381,411,371
Special	207,990,072	174,228,202	172,023,833		182,682,324
Vocational	10,336,437	11,316,290	12,599,383		11,404,778
Adult/Continuing	132,537	0	112,488		620
Other	6,384,172	4,493,188	673,778		1,970,489
Support Services:					
Pupils	37,463,820	36,216,356	34,197,654		35,833,670
Instructional Staff	59,204,651	50,834,523	55,202,905		30,250,022
Board of Education	250,996	285,033	274,588		264,265
Administration	43,536,920	41,533,976	46,168,870		43,290,224
Fiscal	15,131,810	12,498,573	12,708,747		12,274,449
Business	1,643,284	1,700,249	2,018,076		1,590,930
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	63,176,797	55,146,243	59,940,850		62,189,841
Pupil Transportation	28,923,689	27,896,118	30,662,826		56,924,644
Central	12,437,133	11,966,119	20,006,680		17,526,350
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	42,237,400	39,718,319	36,951,908		35,846,103
Extracurricular Activities	6,418,054	5,857,755	6,990,941		6,510,125
Interest and Fiscal Charges	9,869,253	9,640,956	11,669,533		93,660
Capital Outlay	 0	0	0		0
Total Primary Government Expenses	 843,044,451	 805,699,631	 869,872,713	· —	880,063,865
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for Services and Sales					
Instruction:					
Regular	2,351,003	1,800,754	4,192,551		4,170,473
Special	976,843	832,254	1,621,243		1,533,891
Vocational	62,210	61,797	111,542		99,620
Adult/Continuing	0	0	1,068		5
Other	36,692	28,614	4,590		1,307
Support Services:					
Pupils	316,993	190,315	457,244		467,558
Instructional Staff	154,682	144,317	192,966		56,314
Board of Education	1,788	1,831	2,692		2,311
Administration	417,562	237,566	547,753		597,459
Fiscal	258,747	68,264	324,446		323,162
Business	11,703	10,921	19,786		13,915
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	522,574	336,066	656,920		591,810
Pupil Transportation	175,290	170,981	270,047		319,926
Central	87,927	75,555	194,889		152,101
Operation of Non-Instruction Services	11,614	15,927	11,351		7,806
Extracurricular Activities	653,175	575,250	574,128		618,561

2020		2019		2018	 2017	2016	 2015
\$ 387,038,590	712	\$ 357,538,712	8 \$	228,117,128	\$ 376,444,351	\$ 355,008,543	\$ 362,037,069
207,870,189	468	179,135,468	9	115,095,669	181,613,355	172,360,574	173,593,367
6,136,836	585	6,464,685	8	3,097,548	8,667,189	9,056,446	8,453,227
(0			0	384,463	64,500	0
10,482,791	233	12,965,233	8	12,731,008	9,134,951	7,948,798	7,393,303
44,642,558		36,808,211		12,249,740	40,460,547	34,179,013	35,790,269
24,178,327		28,669,934		26,331,387	32,535,827	32,419,457	36,113,336
219,695		319,466		42,376	306,270	266,498	248,308
57,260,727		56,715,552		33,734,900	63,093,132	50,223,299	42,751,427
17,783,050		19,784,079		13,054,274	12,399,059	16,663,611	16,310,738
1,126,721		1,408,188		1,251,274	1,503,595	1,375,403	1,137,981
73,080,026	137	66,935,137	5	57,685,305	65,547,856	68,629,253	64,587,903
36,810,361	724	40,041,724	2	34,220,642	34,783,284	35,010,112	34,699,642
24,571,642	504	28,980,504	4	21,149,084	38,152,866	29,503,864	25,503,536
36,242,280	331	39,726,831	3	38,187,653	37,273,100	35,255,055	34,670,028
4,446,110	391	5,732,891	8	5,402,338	5,802,430	6,332,462	6,649,997
13,012,599	322	13,232,322	3	12,291,003	13,549,588	13,212,539	6,984,197
3,258,153	0		0	0	0	 0	0
948,160,655	937	894,458,937	9	614,641,329	921,651,863	867,509,427	856,924,328
4,931,484 2,194,943 70,157 (228	703 799 0	3,884,344 1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943	9 8 0	4,329,229 1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796	4,014,946 1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058)	3,283,143 1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775	3,825,172 1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0
2,194,943 70,157 (0 228	703 799 0 943	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943	9 8 0 6	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058)	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0
2,194,943 70,157 (0 228 464,370	703 799 0 943	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943	9 8 0 6	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849
2,194,943 70,157 (228 464,370 148,038	703 799 0 943 892 748	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943 94,892 80,748	9 8 0 6 4 4	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714 75,204	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694 90,197	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033 115,213	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849 472,420
2,194,943 70,157 (228 464,370 148,038 2,768	703 799 0 943 892 748 859	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943 94,892 80,748 859	9 8 0 6 4 4 4	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714 75,204 794	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694 90,197 3,009	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033 115,213 2,116	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849 472,420 2,188
2,194,943 70,157 (228 464,370 148,038 2,768 697,724	703 799 0 943 892 748 859	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943 94,892 80,748 859 599,158	9 8 0 6 4 4 4 0	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714 75,204 794 939,990	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694 90,197 3,009 897,805	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033 115,213 2,116 779,516	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849 472,420 2,188 339,112
2,194,943 70,157 (0 228 464,370 148,038 2,768 697,724 138,896	703 799 0 943 892 748 859 158	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943 94,892 80,748 859 599,158 166,060	9 8 0 6 4 4 4 0	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714 75,204 794 939,990 152,201	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694 90,197 3,009 897,805 180,927	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033 115,213 2,116 779,516 358,888	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849 472,420 2,188 339,112 351,598
2,194,943 70,157 (228 464,370 148,038 2,768 697,724 138,896 14,117	703 799 0 943 892 748 859 158 060 355	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943 94,892 80,748 859 599,158 166,060 25,355	9 8 0 6 4 4 4 4 0 1	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714 75,204 794 939,990 152,201 23,437	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694 90,197 3,009 897,805 180,927 13,893	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033 115,213 2,116 779,516 358,888 10,895	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849 472,420 2,188 339,112 351,598 10,029
2,194,943 70,157 (0 228 464,370 148,038 2,768 697,724 138,896 14,117 876,759	703 7799 0 943 892 748 859 158 060 3355 767	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943 94,892 80,748 859 599,158 166,060 25,355 1,120,767	9 8 0 6 4 4 4 0 1 7 2	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714 75,204 794 939,990 152,201 23,437 1,175,092	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694 90,197 3,009 897,805 180,927 13,893 692,682	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033 115,213 2,116 779,516 358,888 10,895 570,943	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849 472,420 2,188 339,112 351,598 10,029 587,592
2,194,943 70,157 (0 228 464,370 148,038 2,768 697,724 138,896 14,117 876,759 450,514	703 799 0 943 892 748 859 158 060 355 767 320	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943 94,892 80,748 859 599,158 166,060 25,355 1,120,767 661,320	9 8 0 6 4 4 4 0 1 7 2 4	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714 75,204 794 939,990 152,201 23,437 1,175,092 611,474	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694 90,197 3,009 897,805 180,927 13,893 692,682 335,899	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033 115,213 2,116 779,516 358,888 10,895 570,943 261,455	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849 472,420 2,188 339,112 351,598 10,029 587,592 282,985
2,194,943 70,157 (228 464,370 148,038 2,768 697,724 138,896 14,117 876,759 450,514 304,978	703 799 0 943 892 748 859 158 060 355 767 320 104	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943 94,892 80,748 859 599,158 166,060 25,355 1,120,767 661,320 425,104	9 8 0 6 4 4 4 0 1 7 2 4 9	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714 75,204 794 939,990 152,201 23,437 1,175,092 611,474 392,949	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694 90,197 3,009 897,805 180,927 13,893 692,682 335,899 375,880	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033 115,213 2,116 779,516 358,888 10,895 570,943 261,455 222,148	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849 472,420 2,188 339,112 351,598 10,029 587,592 282,985 221,306
2,194,943 70,157 (0 228 464,370 148,038 2,768 697,724 138,896 14,117 876,759 450,514 304,978 166,688	703 799 0 943 892 748 859 158 060 355 767 320 104	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943 94,892 80,748 859 599,158 166,060 25,355 1,120,767 661,320 425,104 491,974	9 8 0 6 4 4 4 4 4 0 1 1 7 7 2 4 4 9 4	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714 75,204 794 939,990 152,201 23,437 1,175,092 611,474 392,949 249,544	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694 90,197 3,009 897,805 180,927 13,893 692,682 335,899 375,880 871,387	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033 115,213 2,116 779,516 358,888 10,895 570,943 261,455 222,148 693,540	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849 472,420 2,188 339,112 351,598 10,029 587,592 282,985 221,306 184,278
2,194,943 70,157 (228 464,370 148,038 2,768 697,724 138,896 14,117 876,759 450,514 304,978	703 799 0 943 892 748 859 158 060 355 767 320 104	1,734,703 48,799 0 1,943 94,892 80,748 859 599,158 166,060 25,355 1,120,767 661,320 425,104	9 8 0 6 4 4 4 4 4 0 1 1 7 7 2 4 4 9 4	1,959,579 45,108 0 1,796 87,714 75,204 794 939,990 152,201 23,437 1,175,092 611,474 392,949	1,894,148 72,721 2,713 (3,058) 267,694 90,197 3,009 897,805 180,927 13,893 692,682 335,899 375,880	1,628,204 61,803 510 4,775 437,033 115,213 2,116 779,516 358,888 10,895 570,943 261,455 222,148	1,657,048 69,797 1,692 0 452,849 472,420 2,188 339,112 351,598 10,029 587,592 282,985 221,306

Cleveland Municipal School District
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities (continued)
Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2011		2012		2013		2014
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest								
Instruction:								
	\$	38,093,482	\$	20,734,813	\$	5,201,595	\$	29 760 754
Regular	Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	38,760,754
Special Variational		103,872,868		28,181,385		43,030,489		50,997,326
Vocational		1,446,826		1,572,223		1,379,138 510		1,692,844 53
Adult/Continuing		71,032		40.005				
Other		1,663,788		49,095		168,775		1,809,839
Support Services:		6 100 052		6 600 256		6 122 756		7 204 674
Pupils Instructional Staff		6,100,952		6,609,256		6,132,756		7,294,674
		39,853,992		26,649,396		30,471,914		26,469,136
Board of Education		1,240		1,979		1,247		22,411
Administration		4,190,878		2,101,662		3,090,526		7,917,347
Fiscal		3,198,202		764,430		717,508		1,885,624 134,917
Business		8,117		11,804		9,162		,
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		623,740		2,234,494		2,236,816		7,388,942
Pupil Transportation		3,096,448		280,450		315,733		3,482,438
Central		299,521		151,489		99,632		1,592,966
Operation of Non-Instruction Services		41,054,534		29,413,981		32,517,985		31,407,090
Extracurricular Activities		92,068		36,928		32,198		505,410
Capital Grants and Contributions								
Instruction:		2.027.692		12 022 556		2 100 511		2 155 060
Regular		2,037,682		43,033,556		2,100,511		3,155,969
Support Services:		0		0		0		0
Fiscal Operation and Michael Street		0		0		0		0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		0		0		0		0
Capital Outlay		0		0		0		0
Total Program Revenues		251,744,173		166,377,353		136,689,711		193,473,959
Net Expense	\$	(591,300,278)	\$	(639,322,278)	\$	(733,183,002)	\$	(686,589,906)
General Revenues and Other								
Changes in Net Position								
Governmental Activities:								
Property Taxes Levied For:								
General Purposes	\$	158,760,869	\$	155,316,742	\$	200,094,021	\$	235,958,843
Debt Service		28,724,375		28,235,142		12,635,634		30,404,951
Capital Outlay		2,097,559		2,083,420		1,042,267		2,498,740
Capital Projects		0		0		0		0
Investment Income		3,535,089		1,910,966		1,345,163		2,942,716
Miscellaneous		13,723,968		18,445,756		23,507,563		11,360,311
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to								
Specific Programs		465,448,410		465,318,126		459,821,084		413,100,316
Total General Revenues		672,290,270		671,310,152		698,445,732		696,265,877
Transfers Out		0	_	0		0	_	0
Change in Net Position	\$	80,989,992	\$	31,987,874	\$	(34,737,270)	\$	9,675,971

	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
					_		_		_		
_						_					
\$	28,622,647	\$	27,686,802	\$	28,914,602	\$	27,441,716	\$	25,869,930	\$	24,571,513
	45,079,772		48,647,774		45,270,733		41,196,919		39,051,712		53,534,696
	1,151,574		1,961,612		1,588,553		1,007,776		1,565,736		1,367,611
	0		4,990		125,490		0		0		0
	6,442,704		7,868,381		8,172,852		13,333,289		13,586,490		9,300,545
	6,809,394		6,572,417		7,833,549		8,703,757		6,292,205		13,245,969
	28,316,332		21,059,213		24,085,576		21,604,022		16,275,226		12,160,218
	19,814		20,685		22,074		5,390		71,348		16,239
	6,098,758		7,633,524		7,410,219		8,027,591		6,289,307		6,939,516
	1,312,335		1,768,304		1,952,889		1,308,043		4,006,846		2,578,337
	90,807		106,520		101,908		159,146		131,426		65,930
	6,694,034		7,200,079		4,329,621		7,125,013		6,034,561		4,585,630
	2,898,364		2,709,989		2,549,930		4,679,883		3,836,506		2,165,738
	2,430,507		3,592,550		2,829,392		2,844,995		2,314,282		1,547,509
	33,223,035		35,342,724		33,611,343		38,894,323		42,569,009		34,346,894
	490,802		466,759		551,198		942,887		732,393		512,384
	,		,		,		,		,		,
	13,049,804		119,391,577		0		0		0		0
			_				_				_
	0		0		10,421		0		2,587		0
	0		0		1,919,786		0		818,874		1,860,393
	0		0		1,921,083		10,225,792		0		0
	191,806,072		301,020,456		183,529,485		198,026,861		179,294,286		179,639,073
\$	(665,118,256)	\$	(566,488,971)	\$	(738,122,378)	\$	(416,614,468)	\$	(715,164,651)	\$	(768,521,582)
Ψ	(003,110,230)	Ψ	(300,400,771)	Ψ	(730,122,370)	Ψ	(+10,01+,+00)	Ψ	(713,104,031)	Ψ	(700,321,302)
\$	157,957,030	\$	246,417,195	\$	197,120,815	\$	235,113,848	\$	254,280,867	\$	220,405,212
	11,786,075		22,789,130		17,846,019		21,471,349		26,318,883		16,158,257
	1,171,067		2,947,290		1,655,130		2,359,011		2,547,230		1,170,697
	1,735,036		2,123,398		1,805,373		2,525,832		2,327,090		1,218,523
	1,771,268		3,434,960		2,846,853		1,778,432		6,074,287		3,778,012
	17,813,733		8,509,968		14,939,918		11,594,746		15,230,175		8,144,361
	421 725 740		421 204 555		411 521 516		400 617 004		446 700 060		400 707 500
	431,725,749		431,394,557		411,531,716		423,617,304		446,780,060		429,786,589
	623,959,958		717,616,498		647,745,824		698,460,522	_	753,558,592		680,661,651
	0		0		0		1,827,066		(2,883,178)		4,856,076
	_		_		_						· · · · · ·
\$	(41,158,298)	\$	151,127,527	\$	(90,376,554)	\$	283,673,120	\$	35,510,763	\$	(83,003,855)

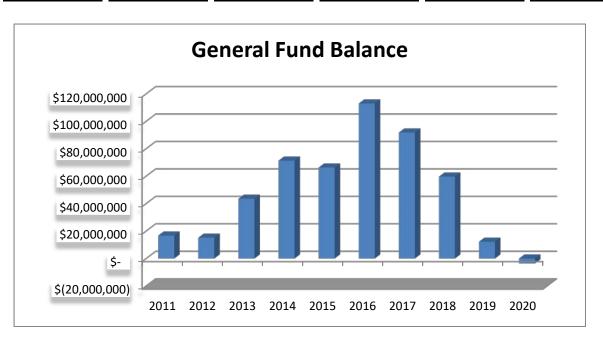
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011			2012	 2013	2014
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted	\$	3,691,170	\$	4,920,465 0	\$ 6,535,268 0	\$ 1,036,595
Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund		5,608,988 7,386,402 16,686,560	_	7,802,251 2,456,478 15,179,194	9,185,899 27,814,870 43,536,037	12,144,755 58,129,480 71,310,830
All Other Government Funds Nonspendable		861,912		526,708	803,066	789,880
Restricted Debt Service Capital Programs		24,546,026 125,465,988		26,553,552 116,773,664	29,520,664 55,767,865	31,213,000 50,200,775
Special Revenue Unassigned Total all Other Governmental Funds		54,820,445 (35,448,458) 170,245,913		75,197,128 (6,600,746) 212,450,306	78,180,740 (19,869,898) 144,402,437	 53,265,187 (15,616,054) 119,852,788
Total Governmental Funds	\$	186,932,473	\$	227,629,500	\$ 187,938,474	\$ 191,163,618

Source: School District financial records

Note: The School District implemented GASB 54 in 2011

2015	2016	2017		2018	 2019	2020	
\$ 841,940	\$ 806,615	\$ 936,035	\$	903,052	\$ 790,228	\$	997,198
0	0	0		0	0		0
10,265,807	12,150,076	4,852,598		58,747,739	36,830,649		0
55,156,983	 100,011,060	86,012,193		0	 (25,405,544)		(4,568,691)
66,264,730	112,967,751	91,800,826		59,650,791	12,215,333		(3,571,493)
394,760	372,733	258,985		1,519,496	1,528,116		1,617,886
43,972,211	37,721,276	40,209,203		44,565,011	53,315,518		52,244,843
206,917,876	187,937,113	198,032,192		174,726,646	91,284,046		75,405,404
25,236,675	19,950,086	22,914,688		22,239,391	22,394,815		20,656,200
 (14,897,662)	 (12,252,343)	(10,197,979)		(8,693,766)	 (6,505,390)		(8,027,296)
261,623,860	233,728,865	251,217,089		234,356,778	162,017,105		141,897,037
\$ 327,888,590	\$ 346,696,616	\$ 343,017,915	\$	294,007,569	\$ 174,232,438	\$	138,325,544



Governmental Funds Revenues
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Revenues				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$ 185,815,163	\$ 179,685,485	\$ 211,788,636	\$ 242,555,376
Investment Income	3,535,089	1,910,966	1,345,163	2,942,716
Tuition and Fees	4,181,794	3,999,330	6,236,352	5,878,768
Extracurricular Activities	612,023	541,229	512,011	567,220
Contributions and Donations	8,107,354	2,627,175	4,369,374	6,156,679
Sale of Personal Property	152,615	1,374,307	4,838,821	717
Food Services	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	14,816,339	17,071,449	15,259,654	13,862,593
Total Local Sources	217,220,377	207,209,941	244,350,011	271,964,069
State and Federal Sources	671,147,942	646,708,097	617,215,410	639,333,984
Total Revenues	\$ 888,368,319	\$ 853,918,038	\$ 861,565,421	\$ 911,298,053

Source: School District financial records

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 256,365,424	\$ 249,636,203	\$ 232,206,251	\$ 262,495,541	\$ 277,432,161	\$ 245,565,907
1,771,268	3,551,112	2,730,701	2,875,062	6,807,401	3,751,702
6,053,782	5,474,617	7,224,318	8,255,258	8,619,422	6,492,653
563,270	509,981	565,573	564,163	452,101	348,566
8,208,426	9,935,905	8,985,343	7,320,278	4,561,484	5,714,215
6,460,191	0	263	0	0	0
287,363	685,744	860,882	218,225	459,260	150,736
4,237,700	10,826,181	15,681,725	12,335,163	14,631,057	13,549,773
283,947,424	280,619,743	268,255,056	294,063,690	312,962,886	275,573,552
600,433,083	621,940,419	662,937,614	628,122,494	628,122,494	621,182,193
\$ 884,380,507	\$ 902,560,162	\$ 854,172,521	\$ 879,981,155	\$ 312,962,886	\$ 275,573,552

Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2011		2012		2013		2014
T								
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction:	•	005 470 700	_	000 500 700	•	000 050 005	•	000 000 004
Regular	\$	285,176,732	\$	296,589,788	\$	296,652,085	\$	328,296,064
Special		207,710,557		174,268,968		171,815,811		182,611,969
Vocational		10,325,890		11,317,046		12,554,974		12,096,694
Adult/Continuing		117,389		0		108,929		620
Other		6,470,346		4,565,662		883,337		1,974,637
Support Services:		00.004.040		00 005 000		00.404.005		04740000
Pupils		36,624,319		36,685,082		36,194,695		34,740,999
Instructional Staff		60,166,032		50,661,878		53,789,823		31,412,749
Board of Education		245,987		274,705		273,980		268,543
Administration		36,689,828		32,974,897		35,343,239		40,298,245
Fiscal		15,237,357		12,788,220		12,622,530		12,268,155
Business		1,637,398		1,689,243		2,013,062		1,571,515
Operations and Maintenance of Plant		86,750,620		55,268,800		60,109,673		62,283,307
Pupil Transportation		27,878,194		27,339,459		27,477,112		54,625,249
Central		12,527,955		12,018,833		19,762,993		17,449,971
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		18,517,941		37,955,918		37,885,012		35,451,831
Extracurricular Activities		6,385,611		5,856,800		6,979,541		6,488,287
Capital Outlay		56,852,634		25,129,584		100,952,346		75,299,430
Debt Service								
Principal Retirement		24,867,030		37,540,082		2,184,442		15,524,161
Interest and Fiscal Charges		10,112,550		10,357,440		11,652,099		6,482,113
Bond Issuance Costs		36,949		0		364,505		177,858
Total Expenditures	\$	904,331,319	\$	833,282,405	\$	889,620,188	\$	919,322,397
	÷	, ,-	_	, , , ,		, -, -	<u></u>	, ,
Capital Asset Additions Debt Service as a Percentage of		57,242,290		25,787,407		52,343,089		99,865,136
Noncapital Expenditures		4.1%		5.9%		1.7%		2.7%

Source: School District financial records

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
_					
\$ 335,082,439	\$ 324,618,371	\$ 338,992,197	\$ 339,487,720	\$ 352,929,842	\$ 325,168,805
177,015,873	172,622,234	175,476,604	191,218,576	199,760,057	211,891,853
8,602,736	9,061,911	8,289,369	7,327,860	7,293,836	6,342,285
0	64,500	384,463	0	0	0
7,543,041	7,948,798	9,124,540	12,872,149	12,965,233	10,474,580
35,762,625	34,931,451	38,840,456	44,099,186	45,755,347	44,035,270
36,799,727	32,344,941	32,052,227	30,748,271	30,471,215	23,603,995
254,804	257,321	283,108	256,007	326,564	233,180
46,708,964	51,041,593	58,651,736	63,174,115	66,389,362	57,783,579
16,625,868	16,527,158	12,095,073	15,346,518	20,585,345	17,157,417
1,174,319	1,325,568	1,395,552	1,629,759	1,403,358	1,173,518
68,459,149	70,242,266	66,993,138	74,417,192	74,560,006	73,220,004
33,667,163	30,536,879	30,774,583	37,521,557	40,171,126	35,629,344
25,793,659	29,169,898	37,076,806	28,302,605	30,791,372	23,860,941
34,800,157	35,427,070	37,339,474	38,382,727	39,730,683	35,073,609
6,821,653	6,332,299	5,757,733	5,930,679	5,756,944	4,496,921
76,490,025	26,687,322	45,068,587	98,739,344	109,974,721	47,255,815
41,460,586	20,405,143	8,488,640	5,585,000	5,880,000	6,105,000
3,129,494	13,207,413	13,572,360	13,404,512	13,232,322	13,012,599
826,655	0	0	0	0	0
\$ 957,018,937	\$ 882,752,136	\$ 920,656,646	\$1,008,443,777	\$1,057,977,333	\$ 936,518,715
71,296,300	18,379,931	43,638,438	94,897,782	101,905,253	44,068,118
5.0%	3.9%	2.5%	2.1%	2.0%	2.1%

Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances,
Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (15,963,000)	\$ 20,635,633	\$ (28,054,767)	\$ (8,024,344)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Inception of Capital Lease	0	0	0	17,943,165
Issuance from the Sale of Bonds	55,000,000	20,855,000	45,600,000	10,525,000
Payment of Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	0	(63, 366, 472)	(16,913,399)
Transfers In	14,573,314	15,596,576	13,469,667	9,320,558
Transfers Out	(15,573,314)	(16,390,182)	(13,469,667)	(10,070,558)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	54,000,000	20,061,394	(11,636,259)	11,249,488
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 38,037,000	\$ 40,697,027	\$ (39,691,026)	\$ 3,225,144

Source: School District financial records

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ (72,638,430)	\$ 19,808,026	\$ (66,484,125)	\$ (51,442,473)	\$ (116,891,953)	\$ (39,762,970)
0	0	0	0	0	0
200,000,000	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
8,679,511	7,960,673	1,655,767	3,799,964	1,972,898	4,856,076
(9,179,511)	(8,960,673)	(6,455,731)	(1,972,898)	(4,856,076)	(1,000,000)
208,777,561	(1,000,000)	(4,799,964)	2,432,127	(2,883,178)	3,856,076
\$ 136,139,131	\$ 18,808,026	\$ (71,284,089)	\$ (49,010,346)	\$ (119,775,131)	\$ (35,906,894)

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Collection Years
(in thousands of dollars)

	Real Pro	perty	Public Utili	ty	
Fiscal	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated	
Year	Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	
2011	5,455,841	15,588,117	243,660	276,886	
2012	5,449,321	15,569,488	247,613	281,378	
2013	4,602,210	13,149,171	266,558	302,907	
2014	4,601,349	13,146,711	298,603	339,322	
2015	4,629,285	13,226,529	318,829	362,306	
2016	4,315,725	12,330,643	333,849	379,374	
2017	4,297,763	12,279,323	390,044	443,232	
2018	4,883,583	13,953,094	439,426	499,348	
2019	4,722,561	13,493,031	470,690	534,875	
2020	4,725,809	13,502,311	498,952	566,991	

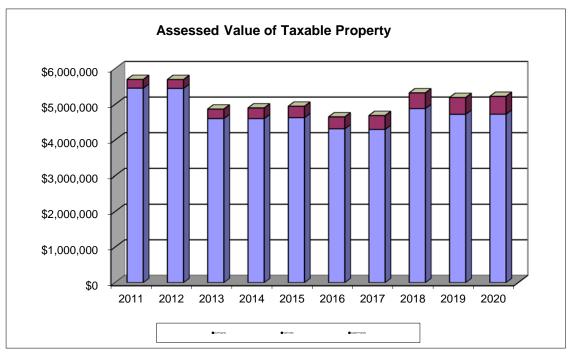
Source: Office of the County Fiscal Office, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. Personal property tax is assessed on all tangible personal property used in business in Ohio. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assessed in previous years at 25 percent for machinery and equipment and 23 percent for inventories. General business tangible personal property tax was being phased out beginning in 2006. The listing percentage was 12.5 percent for 2007, 6.25 percent for 2008 and zero for 2009.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rebates would be reduced by the 10%, 21/2% and homestead exemptions before being billed.

Tangible	Property	To	tal		Total	
Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated		Direct	
Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	Ratio	Rate	
0	0	5,699,501	15,865,003	36	64.80	
0	0	5,696,934	15,850,866	36	64.80	
0	0	4,868,768	13,452,078	36	64.80	
0	0	4,899,952	13,486,033	36	79.80	
0	0	4,948,114	13,588,834	36	79.40	
0	0	4,649,574	12,710,017	37	79.40	
0	0	4,687,807	12,722,555	37	79.30	
0	0	5,323,009	14,452,442	37	79.30	
0	0	5,193,251	14,027,906	37	79.30	
0	0	5,224,761	14,069,302	37	79.10	



Ad Valorem Property Tax Rates - All Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Collection Years

(Rate Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

			Cleveland	Cleveland Municipal School District					
Collection	City of	Cuyahoga	Public	General	Building	Bond			
Year	Cleveland	County	Library	Fund	Maintenance	Retirement			
2011	12.70	18.40	6.80	58.20	0.50	6.10			
2012	12.70	18.30	6.80	58.20	0.50	6.10			
2013	12.70	18.30	6.80	73.20	0.50	6.10			
2014	12.70	20.03	6.80	73.20	0.50	6.10			
2015	12.70	23.43	6.80	73.20	1.00	5.20			
2016	12.70	14.05	6.80	73.20	1.00	5.10			
2017	12.70	14.05	6.80	73.20	1.00	5.10			
2018	12.70	14.05	6.80	73.20	1.00	5.10			
2019	12.70	14.05	8.80	73.20	1.00	5.10			
2020	12.70	14.05	8.80	73.20	1.00	4.90			

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer

Notes:

(1) Amount represents the total for a City of Cleveland resident.

(2) Certain points of the Villages of Bratenahl, Newburgh Heights and Linndale and the City of Garfield Heights are within the School District and are subject to the School District's tax.

CMSD Total	Total (1)	Village of Bratenahl (2)	Village of Newburgh Heights (2)	Village of Linndale (2)	City of Garfield Heights (2)
64.80	102.70	16.00	23.10	2.80	24.70
64.80	102.60	16.00	23.10	2.80	24.30
79.80	117.60	16.10	23.10	2.80	27.00
79.80	119.33	16.00	31.80	2.80	27.00
79.40	122.33	16.00	31.80	2.80	27.20
79.30	112.85	15.00	31.80	2.80	27.20
79.30	112.85	15.00	31.80	2.80	29.40
79.30	112.85	15.00	31.80	2.80	28.06
79.30	114.85	15.00	31.80	2.80	29.30
79.10	114.65	15.00	31.80	2.80	28.30

Cleveland Municipal School District
Principal Property Tax Payers
2019 and 2010

		2019			2010				
Taxpayer	Approximate Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total District Assessed Valuation		Approximate Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Total District Assessed Valuation		
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co	\$ 243,105,970	1	4.65%						
East Ohio Gas Co.	132,583,090	2	2.54%						
City of Cleveland	114,163,970	3	2.19%						
American Transmission System	101,704,200	4	1.95%						
127 Public Square Fee Owner, LLC	87,321,260	5	1.67%						
Cleveland Clinic Foundation	75,458,160	6	1.44%						
Cleveland-Cuyahoga Port Authority	73,368,290	7	1.40%						
G&I IX 200 Public Square Garage, LLC	51,774,150	8	0.99%						
Cleveland Propc II, LLC	38,242,460	9	0.73%						
Flats East Office Tower, LLC	33,322,580	10	0.64%						
Cleveland Clinic Foundation				\$	241,141,560	1	4.33%		
Key Center Properties, LLC					83,619,320	2	1.50%		
City of Cleveland					76,531,460	3	1.37%		
Cleveland Financial Associates					46,967,070	4	0.84%		
Board of County Commissioners					39,698,830	5	0.71%		
City of Cleveland Executive					36,508,320	6	0.66%		
National City Bank					36,391,080	7	0.65%		
Hub North Point Properties					33,309,480	8	0.60%		
ISG Cleveland Inc					26,892,690	9	0.48%		
Optima One Cleveland					25,857,270	10	0.46%		
Total Ten Largest	951,044,130		18.20%	_	646,917,080	- =	11.61%		
Total District Assessed Valuation	\$ 5,224,761,000			\$	5,571,655,000				

Source: City of Cleveland 2019 CAFR

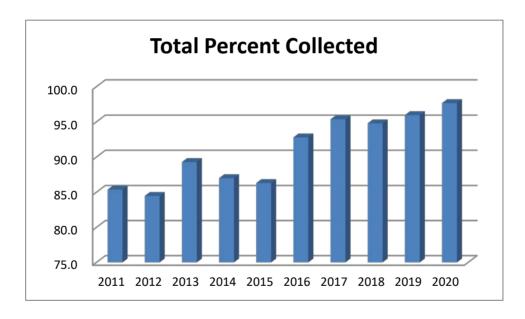
Property Tax Levies and Collections

Ad Valorem Real and Tangible Personal Property Taxes

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands of dollars)

Collection Year	Current Tax Levy Billed (1)	Current Collected	Percent Collected (1)	Collected Delinquencies	Total Collected	Total Collected As Percent Of Current Tax Levy
2011	225,219	177,622	78.9	14,652	192,274	85.4
2012	227,945	173,457	76.1	19,090	192,547	84.5
2013	286,871	236,946	82.6	19,192	256,138	89.3
2014	294,107	236,058	80.3	19,822	255,880	87.0
2015	300,289	239,052	79.6	20,107	259,159	86.3
2016	279,407	242,941	86.9	16,304	259,245	92.8
2017	284,689	254,540	89.4	16,955	271,495	95.4
2018	294,196	259,936	88.4	18,928	278,864	94.8
2019	292,817	258,534	88.3	22,421	280,955	95.9
2020	294,326	268,731	91.3	18,711	287,442	97.7



Source: Office of the Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio - Data is presented on a calendar year basis because this is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County Auditor.

Notes:

(1) Includes Homestead/Rollback taxes assessed locally, but distributed through the State and reported as Intergovernmental Revenue.

Ratio of Bonded Debt to Personal Income and Debt per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

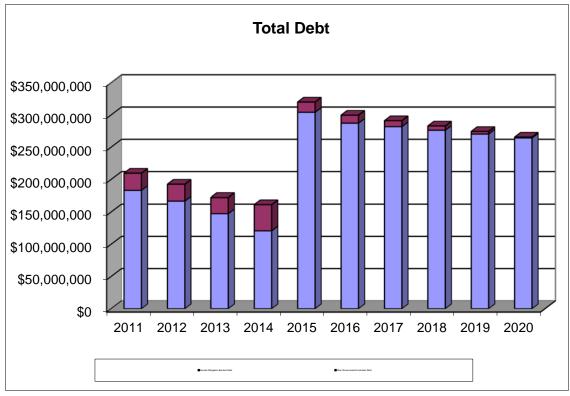
			General Obligation Bonded Debt							
			Net General	Ratio of General	General					
			Obligation	Obligation Bonded	Obligation					
Fiscal	Estimated	Estimated	Bonded	Debt to Estimated	Bonded Debt					
Year	Population (1)	Actual Values	Debt (2)	Actual Value	per Capita					
2011	431,369	15,865,004,000	183,101,981	0.01	424					
2012	396,815	15,850,866,000	166,883,643	0.01	421					
2013	390,928	13,452,078,000	147,445,305	0.01	377					
2014	390,113	13,486,033,000	120,820,000	0.01	310					
2015	389,521	13,588,834,000	304,080,000	0.02	781					
2016	388,072	12,710,017,000	287,240,000	0.02	740					
2017	385,809	13,284,495,286	281,845,000	0.02	731					
2018	385,525	13,393,733,400	276,260,000	0.02	717					
2019	383,793	13,677,166,829	270,380,000	0.02	704					
2020	381,009	14,927,888,571	264,275,000	0.02	694					

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of the Census
- (2) Although the general obligation bond retirement fund is restricted for debt service, it is not specifically restricted to the payment of principal. Therefore, these resources are not shown as a deduction from general obligation bonded debt.

Other Governmental Activities Debt

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	Notes	Capital Lease Obligation	Total Debt	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
21,250,000	5,388,648	0	209,740,629	3.24	486
21,250,000	4,518,566	0	192,652,209	2.98	485
21,250,000	3,602,652	0	172,297,957	2.62	441
21,250,000	2,638,491	16,714,894	161,423,385	2.44	414
0	1,623,542	14,259,257	319,962,799	4.83	821
0	555,129	11,762,527	299,557,656	4.43	772
0	0	9,224,016	291,069,016	4.30	754
0	0	6,643,024	282,903,024	4.08	734
0	0	4,018,842	274,398,842	3.56	715
0	0	1,350,746	265,625,746	3.28	697



Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2020

Assessed Value	\$ 5,193,251,070
Debt Limit (9% of assessed value)	467,392,596
Debt Applicable to Limit	233,508,202
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 233,884,394

	2011		 2012		2013		2014	
Debt Limit	\$	512,955,090	\$ 512,724,060	\$	438,189,120	\$	446,125,379	
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit		156,124,865	 138,566,996		115,251,131		107,878,824	
Legal Debt Margin	\$	356,830,225	\$ 374,157,064	\$	322,937,989	\$	338,246,555	
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit		30.44%	27.03%		26.30%		24.18%	

Source: Office of the County Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Note: Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for voted debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt. Voted debt margins are determined without reference to applicable monies in the School District's Debt Service Fund.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 450,630,496	\$ 418,461,602	\$ 421,902,602	\$ 430,830,755	\$ 479,070,778	\$ 467,392,596
287,903,530	268,001,993	259,589,396	251,108,048	242,385,347	233,508,202
\$ 162,726,966	\$ 150,459,609	\$ 162,313,206	\$ 179,722,707	\$ 236,685,431	\$ 233,884,394
42.0004	64.040	61 70 00	50.20 0/	50.500	10.0504
63.89%	64.04%	61.53%	58.28%	50.59%	49.96%

Direct and Overlapping Debt Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2020

Name of Governmental Unit	Municipality Assessed Value	Assessed Value	General Obligation Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Cleveland Municipal School District (1)	Amount Applicable to Cleveland Municipal School District
Direct Debt: Cleveland Municipal School District	\$ 5,193,251,070	\$ 5,193,251,070	\$ 231,922,059	100.00%	\$ 231,922,059
Overlapping Debt: City of Cleveland (2)	\$ 5,028,897,630	\$ 5,132,348,420	\$ 292,810,000	97.98	286,895,238
Cuyahoga County (2)	\$ 5,193,251,070	\$ 27,623,744,450	\$ 245,120,000	18.80	46,082,446
Village of Bratenahl (2)	\$ 98,640,400	\$ 98,640,400	\$ 2,400,000	100.00	2,400,000
Village of Linndale (2)	\$ 2,327,330	\$ 2,327,330	\$ -	100.00	0
Newburgh Heights Village (2)	\$ 20,187,260	\$ 20,187,260	\$ 845,000	100.00	845,000
City of Garfield Heights (2)	\$ 19,541,970	\$ 337,281,220	\$ 13,668,300	5.79	791,937
City of Brookpark (2)	\$ 23,656,480	\$ 452,232,490	\$ 9,865,000	5.23	516,042
Cuyahoga Community College Total Overlapping Debt	\$ 5,193,251,070 15,579,753,210	\$ 27,623,744,450 61,290,506,020	\$ 207,010,000 771,718,300	18.80	38,917,783 376,448,447
Total	\$ 20,773,004,280	\$ 66,483,757,090	\$ 1,003,640,359		\$ 608,370,506

Source: Office of the Fiscal Officer, Cuyahoga County, Ohio

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the boundaries of the School District by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision.

⁽²⁾ City of Cleveland, Cuyahoga County, Village of Bratenahl, City of Garfield Heights, Village of Lindale, City of Brookpark, Newburgh Heights Village and the Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Authority operate on a calendar year.

Cleveland Municipal School District Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	City Population	Personal Income	er Capita onal Income	State Unemployment Rate
2011	396,815	6,468,878,130	\$ 16,302	9.3%
2012	396,815	6,468,878,130	16,302	7.4
2013	390,928	6,572,281,536	16,812	7.5
2014	390,113	6,628,800,096	16,992	5.5
2015	389,521	6,618,740,832	16,992	5.0
2016	388,072	6,766,423,392	17,436	5.0
2017	385,809	6,765,932,433	17,537	5.1
2018	385,525	6,940,606,575	18,003	4.5
2019	383,793	7,708,482,405	20,085	4.0
2020	381,009	8,086,154,007	21,223	10.9

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census and U.S. Department of Labor Statistics.

Cleveland Municipal School District
Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		201	9	2010			
	Number of		Percentage of	Number of		Percentage of	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Total Employment	Employees	Rank	Total Employment	
Cleveland Clinic	35,934	1	23.80%				
University Hospitals	17,125	2	11.34				
U.S. Office of Personnel Management	13,038	3	8.63				
Cuyahoga County	7,368	4	4.88				
The MetroHealth System	6,978	5	4.62				
City of Cleveland	6,947	6	4.60				
Cleveland Metropolitan School District	6,259	7	4.15				
KeyCorp	4,740	8	3.14				
Case Western Reserve University	4,470	9	2.96				
Sherwin -Williams Co.	4,427	10	2.93				
The Cleveland Clinic Foundation				34,000	1	22.85%	
University Hospitals				13,224	2	8.89	
Cuyahoga County				8,036	3	5.40	
United States Postal Services				7,641	4	5.14	
City of Cleveland				7,580	5	5.09	
Cleveland Municipal School District				7,385	6	4.96	
Key Corp				5,553	7	3.73	
The MetroHealth System				5,408	8	3.63	
Case Western Reserve University				4,449	9	2.99	
Shewin-Williams Co.				3,058	10	2.06	
	107,286		71.05%	96,334		64.74%	
Total Employment within city			151,000			148,800	

Source: City of Cleveland 2019 CAFR

Cleveland Municipal School District
Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Years

											Percentage
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Change 2011-2020
Educational Staff											
Regular Education	2,392	1,940	1,648	1,742	1,780	1,744	2,060	1,982	1,985	1,985	-17.02 %
Special Education	925	775	787	718	848	813	868	920	898	898	-2.92
Vocational Education	83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Educational Services	217	14	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Full Time (permanent) Substitute	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Other Professional - Educational	46	27	27	35	29	45	21	15	13	13	-71.74
Total Educational	3,663	2,756	2,471	2,495	2,657	2,602	2,949	2,917	2,896	2,896	-20.94
Student Services											
Curriculum Specialist	65	116	124	106	108	66	74	71	37	37	-43.08
Paraprofessional	0	148	101	153	152	153	163	173	212	212	0.00
Counseling	72	57	58	52	51	50	48	50	50	50	-30.56
Librarian/Media	69	47	32	34	29	26	19	21	24	24	-65.22
Remedial Specialist	55	224	227	247	121	261	0	0	0	0	-100.00
Psychologist	69	75	75	70	69	68	68	68	78	78	13.04
Registered Nurse	60	42	33	39	38	42	55	51	52	52	-13.33
Social Work	7	8	33 7	6	6	7	33 7	4	4	4	0.00
Physical Therapist	9	8	8	8	8	7	8	9	9	9	0.00
Speech/Language Therapist	74	72	71	75	75	71	76	80	83	83	12.16
Occ/ Mobility Therapist	26	25	23	75 25	24	25	32	34	58	58	123.08
Other Professional Services	26 96	147	145	135	78	81	52 67	47	46	46	-52.08
Total Student Services	602	969	904	950	759	857	617	608	653	653	-32.08 8.47
Total Student Scr vices	002	707	707	750	137	037	017	000	033	033	0.47
Support Staff											
Bookkeeping	34	20	21	16	30	19	32	21	24	24	-29.41
Clerical Assignment	275	220	213	203	201	202	213	195	210	210	-23.64
Teaching Aide	517	496	500	524	532	537	543	781	710	710	37.33
Other Office/Clerical	109	24	20	18	20	27	33	16	19	19	-82.57
Attendance Officer	19	17	16	16	16	12	10	8	12	12	-36.84
Maintenance	35	31	34	33	32	37	40	33	40	40	14.29
Custodial	305	292	279	308	320	323	333	298	334	334	9.51
Food Service /Dietitian	4	4	4	5	4	3	8	6	6	6	50.00
Guard/Watchman	305	212	228	225	230	226	193	182	201	201	-34.10
Mechanic/ Foreman	50	50	47	42	47	50	47	40	46	46	-8.00
Vehicle Operating/Dispatch	46	46	29	31	27	29	113	262	146	146	217.39
Computer Operating/Programming		25	26	25	25	25	22	20	15	15	-11.76
Total Support	1,716	1,437	1,417	1,446	1,484	1,490	1,587	1,862	1,763	1,763	2.74
Administrative Staff											
Administrative Assistant	6	5	5	7	8	8	10	12	14	14	133.33
Deputy/Associate Superintendent	21	20	20	28	25	40	26	21	25	25	19.05
Director	6	4	4	8	10	5	33	30	31	31	0.00
Principal	121	115	104	111	113	113	113	108	114	114	-5.79
Assistant Principal	74	74	71	74	72	81	97	101	84	84	13.51
Supervisor/Manager	51	47	42	84	66	92	128	201	211	211	313.73
Coordinator	28	34	28	47	43	44	81	58	63	63	125.00
Education Adminstrative Specialis		9	9	8	6	10	6	8	7	7	0.00
Other Official/Administrator	48	45	44	44	49	59	66	110	93	93	93.75
Total administrative	364	353	327	411	392	452	560	649	642	642	76.37
Total	6,345	5,515	5,119	5,302	5,292	5,401	5,713	6,036	5,954	5,954	-6.16 %
;											

Source: District records

Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures (1)	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change
2011	43,363	676,334,027	15,597	2.47%
2012	40,758	600,391,312	14,731	(5.55)
2013	38,717	604,516,648	15,614	5.99
2014	37,967	620,202,126	16,335	4.62
2015	39,083	768,488,105	19,663	20.37
2016	39,125	686,521,896	17,547	(10.76)
2017	38,952	721,093,583	18,512	5.50
2018	38,637	762,889,478	19,745	6.66
2019	37,701	801,921,927	21,271	7.73
2020	37,158	745,069,321	20,051	(5.73)

Source: Ohio Department of Education

Notes:

- (1) Operating expenditures are total expenditures for all governmental funds less debt service, capital outlays, and community school payments.
- (2) Total Program Expenses for all governmental funds less less Interest and Fiscal Charges and community school payments.
- (3) Meal percentage includes lunch only.

Expenses (2)	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Students Receiving Free and Reduced - Paid Meals (3)
697,047,069	16,075	(3.83)%	3,317	13.1	82.01%
636,194,688	15,609	(2.90)	2,715	15.0	81.87
688,253,032	17,777	13.89	2,853	13.6	100.00
696,276,661	18,339	3.16	2,495	15.2	100.00
706,826,034	18,085	(1.38)	2,657	14.7	100.00
718,366,526	18,361	1.52	2,602	15.0	100.00
775,668,799	19,913	8.46	2,826	13.8	100.00
474,524,881	12,282	(38.33)	2,920	13.2	100.00
754,258,252	20,006	62.90	2,896	13.0	100.00
810,072,076	21,801	8.97	2,896	12.8	100.00

Teacher Base Salaries Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Minimum Salary	Maximum Salary	Statewide Average Salary
2011	36,836	76,736	56,715
2012	36,740	77,929	56,715
2013	37,412	79,353	56,307
2014	42,215	87,631	55,916
2015	42,215	81,760	57,636
2016	42,637	82,578	57,154
2017	43,490	84,230	58,849
2018	44,686	86,546	62,352
2019	45,915	88,926	63,916
2020	46,374	91,612	65,754

Source: Ohio Department of Education

American Federation of Teachers, AFL-CIO



CLEVELAND MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 4/20/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370